

美亞控股有限公司 MAYER HOLDINGS LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

ANNUAL REPORT 年報

Stock Code 股份代號:1116

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Corporate Information 公司資料

Directors

Executive directors

Mr. Hsiao Ming-chih Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing Mr. Lo Haw Mr. Cheng Dar-terng Mr. Chiang Jen-chin Dr. Lin Meng-chang (resigned on 11/2/2009) Mr. Lu Wen-yi

Non-executive director

Mr. Huang Chun-fa

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Lin Sheng-bin Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang Mr. Alvin Chiu

Company Secretary and Qualified Accountant

Mr. Chan Lai Yin, Tommy, AICPA, CPA

Registered Office

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands British West Indies

Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Room 501, 5th Floor Aon China Building 29 Queen's Road Central Hong Kong Tel: (852) 3523 1116 email: adm@mayer.com.hk

董事

執行董事

蕭敏志先生 賴粵興先生 羅漢先生 鄭達騰先生 蔣仁欽先生 林孟璋博士(於二零零九年二月十一日辭任) 呂文義先生

非執行董事

黃春發先生

獨立非執行董事

林聖斌先生 黃瑞祥先生 趙熾佳先生

公司秘書及合資格會計師

陳禮賢先生,AICPA, CPA

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands British West Indies

香港總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港中環 皇后大道中29號 怡安華人行 5樓501室 電話:(852)35231116 電郵地址:adm@mayer.com.hk

Share Listing and Stock Code

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited Stock Code: 1116

Corporate Website

www.mayer.com.hk

Auditors

CCIF CPA Limited

Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Butterfield Bank (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 705 Butterfield House 68 Fort Street Cayman Islands British West Indies

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Corporate Information

公司資料

股份上市及股份編號

香港聯合交易所有限公司 股份編號:1116

<mark>公司網址</mark> www.mayer.com.hk

核數師 陳葉馮會計師事務所有限公司

股份過戶登記總處

Butterfield Bank (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 705 Butterfield House 68 Fort Street Cayman Islands British West Indies

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓

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Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

Consolidated Income Statement

綜合收益表

		Yea	r ended 31 De	ecember	
	截至十二月三十一日止年度				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
	二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零九年
	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000
	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
持續經營業務:					
	1 048 532	944 622	1 253 230	667 193	435,585
	.,	5117022	.,200,200		
除税前溢利	4,921	16,072	8,383	26,307	3,344
所得税	(878)	(2,426)	(3,106)	(15,759)	(2,073)
持續經營業務					
之年內溢利	4,043	13,646	5,277	10,548	1,271
コめに光致・					
	(1 770)	(2, 2, 0, 2)	11 (24		
	(1,770)	(2,203)	11,634	_	-
年內溢利	2,273	11,443	16,911	10,548	1,271
· 確佔					
	208	12 0/12	13 802	7 777	(510)
					1,781
ン女以不惟血		(555)	5,109	5,520	1,701
	2,273	11,443	16,911	10,548	1,271
	所得税 持續經營業務 之年內溢利 已終止業務: 已終止止業務: 日本 (虧損) 年内溢利 應佔: 本公司權益 股東	二零零五年 RMB'000 千元人民幣 持續經營業務: 1,048,532 除税前溢利 4,921 所得税 (878) 持續經營業務 4,043 古持續經營業務: 4,043 CB終止業務之 4,043 CB終止業務之 4,043 CB終止業務之 4,043 CB終止業務之 4,043 CB線上業務之 308 文成利 2,273 應佔: 308 政東 308 少數股東權益 1,965	載空20052006二零零五年二零零三年二零零五年二零零三年二零零五年二零零三年二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二二	載至十二月三十一 200520062007 二零零五年 二零零六年 RMB'000 十元人民幣2007 二零零五年 二零零六年 RMB'000 十元人民幣持續經營業務: 營業額1,048,532944,6221,253,230除税前溢利 6(878)4,92116,072 (2,426)8,383 (3,106)持續經營業務 之年內溢利 (虧損)4,04313,6465,277已終止業務之 年內溢利/ (虧損)(1,770)(2,203)11,634年內溢利/ 收東 少數股東權益30812,04213,802 (3,109)	2005200620072008二零零五年 RMB'000二零零六年 RMB'000二零零八年 RMB'000二零零八年 RMB'000并鎮經營業務 「八人民幣1,048,532944,6221,253,230667,193除税前溢利 (約得税4,92116,0728,38326,307 (15,759)持續經營業務 之年內溢利 (商損)4,04313,6465,27710,548 日於止業務 之 年內溢利 (商損)(1,770)(2,203)11,634-年內溢利 敗東 少數股東權益30812,04213,8027,222 3,1097,222 3,309

Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 综合財務狀況表

		At 31 December 於十二月三十一日				
		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
		二零零五年	二零零六年	二零零七年	二零零八年	二零零九年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
N	北达乱次文		224 000			252.204
Non-current assets	非流動資產	217,475	221,900	317,668	358,691	353,381
Current assets	流動資產	655,948	690,068	695,539	305,252	344,346
Current liabilities	流動負債	(543,844)	(521,344)	(640,248)	(192,675)	(208,684)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(48,486)	(28,832)	_	(112,647)	(130,831)
		281,093	361,792	372,959	358,621	358,212
Issued capital	已發行股本	42,480	50,480	59,460	59,460	59,460
Reserves	儲備	168,744	203,866	245,143	237,376	236,050
Proposed final dividend	擬派末期股息	4,000	9,600	11,520	-	
Minority interest	少數股東權益	65,869	97,846	56,836	61,785	62,702
		281,093	361,792	372,959	358,621	358,212

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear fellow shareholders,

I am pleased to announce the audited results of Mayer Holdings Limited ("Mayer" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2009 (the "Year").

Highlights for the year ended 31 December 2009:

- Group Revenues were RMB435,585,000
- Profit from operations was RMB8,257,000
- Loss attributable to shareholders was RMB510,000
- Loss per share was RMB(0.09) cents

Review of Results

For the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group reported consolidated turnover of RMB435,585,000, representing a decrease of 34.7% over last year. Gross profit margin was 11.5% compared to last year's 9.6%. Net loss attributable to shareholders was RMB510,000, compared with last year's net profit of RMB7,222,000. Loss per share for the year was RMB0.09 cents versus last year's earnings per share of RMB1.25 cents respectively.

Dividend

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend for the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008: RMBNIL).

Business Review

The national economy of the PRC is continually impacted by the economic slowdown. The decrease in market demand and overall prices of steel products has been dropped in the first half of 2009, causing extreme difficulties to the steel business segment. From January to June, management took measures under the steel business segment and immediately reduced costs, enhanced efficiency and adjusted its marketing strategy for the purpose of easing the current operation pressure.

Since the second half of 2009, the industrial output saw signs of recovery and has begun to revive. The Group's steel business segment is on a stable recovery track, and successfully improved its performance recorded earnings for the year 2009.

各位股東:

本人欣然宣佈美亞控股有限公司(「美亞」或 「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截 至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度(「本 年度」)之經審核業績。

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度之 業績亮點包括:

- 本集團之收益達435,585,000元人民幣
- 經營溢利達8,257,000元人民幣
- 股東應佔虧損為510,000元人民幣
- 每股虧損為(0.09)分人民幣

業績回顧

本集團於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度報錄綜合營業額達435,585,000元人民 幣,較去年減少34.7%。毛利率為11.5%, 而去年則為9.6%。股東應佔淨虧損為 510,000元人民幣,去年為純利7,222,000元 人民幣。本年度之每股虧損為0.09分人民 幣,去年則為每股盈利1.25分人民幣。

股息

董事不建議就截至二零零九年十二月三十一 日止年度派發任何股息(二零零八年:零元 人民幣)。

業務回顧

中國全國經濟繼續受經濟放緩影響。鋼材產 品之市場需求與整體價格在二零零九年上 半年下跌,使鋼材業務分部困難重重。一月 至六月份,管理層針對鋼材業務分部採取 措施,並即時實行減低成本、提升效率及調 整市場推廣策略,務求減輕眼前經營壓力。

二零零九年下半年起,工業產出初見復甦 兆頭並開始復興。本集團之鋼材業務分部 已走上穩步復甦軌道,成功改善表現並於 二零零九年錄得盈利。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The Group still focused on developing the emerging markets. In the second half of 2009, based on the actual situation, the Company increased the supply of its products and strengthened its management, so as to tackle the changes in operating environment. In anticipation of a tough economic environment, the Chinese government took pre-emptive measures and aimed to kept steady market growth, the Mainland is still represent a huge market with plentiful opportunities. We also seek opportunities on a globally prospective and ensure our product portfolio will suit market demands.

The Group's steel business segment has recorded a segment profit of RMB11,331,000 for the year. During the year, the Group sold approximately 73,745 tonnes of steel products, representing 38.3% decreased from approximately 119,496 tonnes for the last year. The average selling price of the Group's steel products during the year decrease by approximately 26% compared with that of the last year.

The Group's property investment business segment has contributed RMB8,330,000 segment revenue for the year. The Group believed that this major acquisition is in line with the Group's current business diversification strategy to invest in favorable investments and to broaden the income base of the Group.

Outlook

Looking ahead in 2010, the imbalance between demand and supply in the steel and metal sector will continue and the prices of steel and metal products will still remain at a moderately fast level. In a short run, the global economy was weaken by the concerns of weak global demand. With the PRC's and Vietnam's economy maintain a rapid growth rate, still there will be a strong domestic demand for our products.

Along with the global economy is likely to be affected by the fallout from the U.S. subprime predicament and the weaken U.S. dollar against other currencies. We expect that the unstable in operating costs, oil prices and interest rate will continue, and the increasingly intense market competition will present more challenges to the Group's operations. 新興市場仍然屬於本集團專注之經濟市場, 二零零九年下半年,公司結合實際情況,提 升品種供貨量,強化管理,以應對經營環境 變化對公司之影響。由於預期將面對艱難的 經濟環境,中國政府採取預防措施,力求保 持市場穩定發展,因此內地仍然是充滿無 限商機的龐大市場。本集團亦放眼全球,發 掘商機,促使產品結構適應市場需求。

本集團之鋼材業務分部於本年度錄得分部 溢利11,331,000元人民幣。於本年度,本集 團之鋼材產品銷量達約73,745噸,較去年同 期約119,496噸減少約38.3%。於本年度, 本集團鋼材產品之平均售價與去年相比減 少約26%。

本集團之物業投資業務分部於本年度貢獻 8,330,000元人民幣的分部收益。本集團相 信此項重要的收購符合本集團目前的業務 多元化策略,即投資於看俏的項目並拓闊 本集團的收入基礎。

展望

展望二零一零年,鋼材及金屬界別之供需 失衡情況將會持續,而鋼材及金屬產品之 價格仍會繼續走高。短期展望而言,因全球 需求疲弱,全球經濟將仍然不振。隨著中國 及越南經濟保持高速增長,集團產品將會 繼續面對強勁內需。

隨著全球經濟受美國次按困局及美元兑其 他貨幣弱勢的影響,集團預期經營成本、油 價及利率不穩的情況仍會持續,市場競爭日 趨激烈亦會對本集團的營運帶來更多挑戰。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

As the general expectation, Taiwan's economic growth will benefit from the next few years following its governmental and economic reforms, plentiful opportunities will appear while Taiwan continued to make progress in improving its ties with China. The Group is determined to capitalise these opportunities arising from the growth of the Taiwan, together with the growth in the PRC and other countries. The Group will continue to seek new investment opportunities in stakes in potential growth and balanced return.

The Group's management is confident that the Group will fully capitalise its extensive experience in cost management and achieve greater cost effectiveness, strengthen high value-added products' innovation and achieve customer satisfaction excellence. The Group is welcome to every investment opportunities which are beneficial to our long term development, with an aim to generate the best return from investments and generate the best returns to our investors.

Appreciation

The Company would like to express its sincere gratitude to the shareholders, banks, business partners, and people from various social communities, as well as all staff of the Group for their long-time support.

By Order of the Board

Hsiao Ming-chih Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 April 2010

一如普遍預期,隨著台灣的政治與經濟變 革,當地的經濟增長將於未來數年受惠,並 帶來豐盛商機,而台灣與內地的聯繫可望 繼續改善。本集團致力把握台灣增長以及 中國及其他國家的增長所衍生的商機。本 集團將繼續發掘股權投資機會,把握潛在 增長及均衡回報。

本集團之管理層相信本集團將善用其於成 本管理之豐富經驗,達致更高之成本效益、 提升高增值產品之創意及提高客戶滿意度。 本集團將把握任何有利於集團長遠發展之 投資機遇,為投資及投資者創造最佳回報。

致謝

本公司謹對各股東、往來銀行、業務伙伴、 社會各界人士以及本集團全體員工之長期 支持致以衷心感謝。

承董事會命

主席 **蕭敏志**

香港,二零一零年四月二十三日

Review of Results

For the year ended 31 December 2009, the Group reported consolidated turnover of RMB435,585,000, representing decrease of 34.7% over last year. Gross profit margin was 11.5% compared to last year's 9.6%. Net loss attributable to shareholders was RMB510,000, compared with last year's net profit of RMB7,222,000. Loss per share for the year was RMB0.09 cents versus last year's earnings per share of RMB1.25 cents respectively.

Production and Sales

The revenue from indirect export sales of steel products in the PRC and Vietnam during the year was approximately RMB318,090,000, representing a decrease of approximately 38.6% compared with approximately RMB517,792,000 for the last year. The market for indirect export sales in the PRC continued to be the core market for the Group's steel segment.

The revenue from domestic sales of steel products in the PRC and Vietnam during the year was approximately RMB96,730,000, representing a decrease of approximately 19.7% compared with approximately RMB120,406,000 for the last year.

The revenue from direct export sales of steel products outside the PRC and Vietnam during the year was approximately RMB3,572,000, representing a decrease of approximately 74.5% while it was approximately RMB14,022,000 for the last year.

Rental income and consultancy fee income from aircrafts leasing during the year was approximately RMB8,033,000 and RMB356,000 respectively compared with approximately RMB8,171,000 and RMB437,000 respectively for the last year and which represented a stable stream of income for the Group.

Rental income from property investment was approximately RMB8,330,000 for the year.

業績回顧

本集團於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合營業額達435,585,000元人民 幣,較去年減少34.7%。毛利率為11.5%, 而去年則為9.6%。股東應佔虧損淨額為 510,000元人民幣,去年為純利7,222,000元 人民幣。本年度之每股虧損為0.09分人民 幣,去年則為每股盈利1.25分人民幣。

生產及銷售

本年度中國及越南間接出口銷售鋼材產品 之收入約為318,090,000元人民幣,比去年 約517,792,000元人民幣減少約38.6%。國 內之間接出口銷售市場仍然是本集團鋼材 分部之核心市場。

本年度國內及越南鋼材產品之內銷收 入約為96,730,000元人民幣,比去年約 120,406,000元人民幣減少約19.7%。

本年度中國及越南以外直接出口銷售鋼材 產品之收入約為3,572,000元人民幣,比去 年約為14,022,000元人民幣減少約74.5%。

本年度飛機租賃之租金收入及顧問費收入 分別約為8,033,000元人民幣及356,000元人 民幣,去年則分別約為8,171,000元人民幣 及437,000元人民幣,並已成為本集團一項 穩定收入來源。

本年度物業投資之租金收入約為8,330,000 元人民幣。

The investment property of the Group carried at fair value was revalued as at 31 December 2009 on an open market value basis calculated by reference to recent market transactions in comparable properties and to net rental income allowing for reversionary income potential. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm of surveyors, 泛亞不動產估價師事務所, being a member of the Republic of China Association of Real Estate Appraisers who have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant location and category of property being valued.

Gross Profit

The Group recorded a gross profit of approximately RMB50,169,000 for the year, with a gross profit margin of approximately 11.5%, compared with the gross profit of approximately RMB63,855,000 and a gross profit margin of approximately 9.6% for the last year.

This was mainly attributable to the average growth rate of the purchasing costs of raw materials, which was lower than that of the selling prices of our products for the year of 2009.

Operating Expenses

The total operating expenses of the Group for the year were approximately RMB48,797,000, of which approximately RMB7,738,000 in distribution costs, RMB37,773,000 in administrative expenses and RMB3,286,000 in other operating expenses, accounting for approximately 1.8%, 8.7%, and 0.8% of turnover respectively while the amounts for the last year were approximately RMB9,155,000, RMB44,408,000, and RMB18,273,000 respectively, accounting for approximately 1.4%, 6.7%, and 2.7% respectively.

Finance Costs

During the year, the Group incurred RMB4,913,000 in finance costs, compared with approximately RMB19,388,000 for the last year. The Group relied on bank borrowings to finance its trading activities and property's mortgage, the decrease in finance costs paid during the year was mainly due to the decrease in interest rates.

本集團按公平值列帳之投資物業已於二零 零九年十二月三十一日按公開市值基準重 估,有關公開市值乃參考可比較物業之近 期市場交易及計入復歸業權之租金收入淨 額。有關估值由獨立測量師行泛亞不動產 估價師事務所進行,其為中華民國不動產 估價師公會之會員,具備合適之專業資格 及估值物業所在相關地區及類別之相近物 業之近期估值經驗。

毛利

本集團於本年度錄得毛利約為50,169,000元 人民幣,毛利率約11.5%,去年毛利則約為 63,855,000元人民幣,毛利率約9.6%。

當中的主要原因是公司於二零零九年之原 材料採購成本的平均升幅低於產品售價的 漲幅。

營業費用

本集團本年度之營業費用總額約為 48,797,000元人民幣,其中分銷成本 約7,738,000元人民幣,行政開支為 37,773,000元人民幣,其他經營開支為 3,286,000元人民幣,佔營業額之比重分別 約為:1.8%、8.7%及0.8%。去年金額分別 約為9,155,000元人民幣44,408,000元人民 幣及18,273,000元人民幣,比重分別約為: 1.4%、6.7%及2.7%。

融資成本

本集團於本年度錄得之融資成本為 4,913,000元人民幣,去年則約為 19,388,000元人民幣。本集團依賴銀行借貸 撥資經營貿易活動及物業按揭,而本年度 內支付之融資成本減少乃主要因為利率下 降所致。

Financial Resources and Treasury Policies

The Group continues to adhere to prudent treasury policies. The Group continued to insure against major receivables in order to lower the risks of credit sales and to ensure that funds would be recovered on a timely basis, hence fulfilling the requirements for debt repayments and working capital commitments.

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had bank deposits and cash balances (including pledged bank deposits) of approximately RMB105,847,000, of which bank deposits of approximately RMB5,404,000 were pledged to secure financing facilities granted to the Group.

The Group had net current assets of approximately RMB135,662,000 as at 31 December 2009 as compared with RMB112,577,000 as at 31 December 2008. The current ratio (current assets divided by current liabilities) changed to approximately 1.65 as at 31 December 2009 from 1.58 as at 31 December 2008.

The Group had a total of approximately RMB512,866,000 financing facilities from banks were available as at 31 December 2009, of which approximately RMB262,886,000, mainly denominated in US dollars, HK dollars, Vietnamese Dong and new Taiwan dollars with floating interest rates, had been drawn down to finance the Group's working capital purposes, capital expenditures and for other acquisition opportunities.

The gearing ratio (net debt divided by total capital) as at 31 December 2009 was approximately 37% while it was 35% as at 31 December 2008. Current portion of borrowings accounted for approximately 22% and 21% of the total assets of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008, respectively.

財務資源及理財政策

本集團一直秉承審慎之理財政策。本集團 繼續對主要應收帳款進行投保,以降低賒 銷之風險,也確保資金之及時回收,從而保 證對償還負債及承擔營運資金之需要。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團 之銀行存款及現金結餘(包括已抵押銀行 存款)約為105,847,000元人民幣,其中約 5,404,000元人民幣之銀行存款已用作本集 團獲授融資信貸的抵押品。

本集團於二零零九年十二月三十一日之流動 資產淨值約為135,662,000元人民幣,而二 零零八年十二月三十一日為112,577,000元 人民幣。於二零零九年十二月三十一日之流 動比率(流動資產除以流動負債)約為1.65, 而二零零八年十二月三十一日為1.58。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團獲 銀行提供之可用融資信貸共約512,866,000 元人民幣,主要以美元、港元、越南盾及新 台幣為單位並按浮動利率計算,當中已提 取約262,886,000元人民幣以撥付本集團之 營運資金、資本開支及其他收購用途。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日之資本負債 率(淨債務除以總資本)約為37%,而於二 零零八年十二月三十一日之資本負債率則 為35%。借貸之即期部份分別佔本集團於 二零零九年十二月三十一日及二零零八年 十二月三十一日之總資產約22%及21%。

Cash Flow

For the year, the Group generated net cash inflow of RMB3,792,000 from its operating activities, as compared to net cash inflow of approximately RMB269,520,000 for the last year. The decrease in net cash inflow from operating activities was primarily due to the increase in the trade and other receivables during the year.

Net cash outflow of approximately RMB7,942,000 was from investing activities for the year, mainly resulted from the Group's capital expenditures. Net cash inflow of approximately RMB28,157,000 was from financing activities, mainly resulted from the Group's raising of bank borrowings.

Banks deposits and cash balances (including pledged bank deposits of approximately RMB5,404,000) as at 31 December 2009 amounted to approximately RMB105,847,000, mainly denominated in Renminbi, US dollars, HK dollars, Vietnamese Dong and new Taiwan dollars.

Foreign Exchange Exposures

As most of the Group's monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, US dollars, HK dollars, Vietnamese Dong and new Taiwan dollars and those currencies remained relatively stable during the year, the Group was not exposed to any significant exchange risk (see note 26 to the financial statements). In general, it is the Group's policy for each operating entity to borrow in local currencies, where necessary, to minimize currency risk.

Charge on Group Assets

As at 31 December 2009, investment property of the Group with carrying amount of approximately RMB220,867,000 of which pledged amount was limited to RMB157,745,000 and bank deposits of approximately RMB5,404,000 were pledged to banks for securing banking and other financing facilities granted to the Group. These financing facilities had been utilised to the extent of approximately RMB135,760,000 at the end of the reporting period.

現金流量

於本年度,本集團經營業務帶來現金流入 淨額3,792,000元人民幣,而去年則錄得淨 現金流入約269,520,000元人民幣。經營業 務流入之淨現金減少主要是因為於本年度 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款項增加所致。

於本年度,投資活動之淨現金流出約為 7,942,000元人民幣,主要是由本集團之資 本開支所產生。融資活動之淨現金流入約 為28,157,000元人民幣,主要是因為本集團 新造銀行借貸所致。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日之銀行存款 及現金結存(包括約5,404,000元人民幣之已 抵押銀行存款)約為105,847,000元人民幣, 主要以人民幣、美元、港元、越南盾及新台 幣為單位。

外滙風險

本集團大部份貨幣資產及負債均以人民幣、 美元、港元、越南盾及新台幣計算,而該等 貨幣於本年度相對穩定,故本集團並無重 大匯兑風險(見財務報告附註26)。一般而 言,本集團之政策是安排各營運實體於需 要時借入以當地貨幣計值的款項,以減低 匯率風險。

集團資產抵押

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團帳面 值約220,867,000元人民幣(其中已抵押款額 限在157,745,000元人民幣)之投資物業及銀 行存款約5,404,000元人民幣,已用作本集 團銀行借款及其他融資信貸之抵押。於報告 期末,此等融資信貸已動用約135,760,000 元人民幣。

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 December 2009, the Company has given corporate guarantees in favour of certain banks to secure banking facilities of RMB92,180,000 (2008: RMB244,356,000) granted to the subsidiaries. Out of these banking facilities, RMB47,798,000 was utilised by Guangzhou Mayer as at 31 December 2009 (2008: RMB172,874,000).

The maximum liability of the Company under the guarantees issued represents the amount drawn down by the subsidiary of RMB47,798,000 (2008: RMB172,874,000). No recognition was made because the fair value of the guarantees was insignificant and that the directors did not consider it probable that a claim would be made against the Company under the guarantees.

Apart from the above, the Company and the Group have no other material contingent liabilities at both of the end of the reporting periods.

Employment, Training and Development

As at 31 December 2009, the Group had total of 350 employees. Total staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2009 were approximately RMB18,874,000, including retirement benefits cost of approximately RMB2,371,000. Remuneration packages of the Group are maintained at a competitive level to attract, retain and motive employees and are reviewed on a periodic basis.

The Group always maintains good relation with its employees and is committed to employee training and development on a regular basis to maintain the quality of our products.

In addition, the Company has a share option scheme for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants. No option has been granted under the scheme since its adoption.

或然負債

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本公司就附 屬公司獲授銀行信貸而向若干銀行提供公 司擔保92,180,000元人民幣(二零零八年: 244,356,000元人民幣)。在該等銀行信貸 中,廣州美亞截至二零零九年十二月三十一 日已動用其中47,798,000元人民幣(二零零 八年:172,874,000元人民幣)。

本公司就其出具之擔保而承擔之最高責任, 乃指該附屬公司所提取之金額47,798,000 元人民幣(二零零八年:172,874,000元人民 幣)。由於擔保之公平值並非重大,而董事 認為本公司因為該擔保而被提出申索之機 會不高,因此並無將其確認。

除上述者外,本公司及本集團於兩年報告 期末日並無其他重大或然負債。

僱用、培訓及發展

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集團 共有350名僱員。於截至二零零九年十二 月三十一日止年度之總員工成本約為 18,874,000元人民幣,包括退休福利成本約 2,371,000元人民幣。本集團之薪酬待遇維 持在有競爭力之水平以吸引、挽留及激勵 僱員,並會定期作出檢討。

本集團一向與僱員維持良好關係,並定期向 僱員提供培訓及發展,藉此維持產品質素。

此外,本公司設有購股權計劃,向合資格參 與者提供激勵及獎勵。自採納以來,概無根 據該計劃授出購股權。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷

Executive Directors

Mr. Hsiao Ming-chih, aged 50, is redesignated as an executive director and the chairman of the Company on 19 December 2008. Mr. Hsiao holds a Bachelor degree in Commerce from the Accounting Faculty of Tung Hai University. Mr. Hsiao is currently the general manager of Taiwan Mayer, the Chairman of Fullchamp Technologies Co., Ltd. ("Fullchamp") and a director of Tze Shin International Company Limited.

Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing, aged 52, is an executive director and is responsible for the overall corporate strategy and planning of the Group. He holds a Bachelor degree in Corporate Management from Tamkang University. He is currently the general manager of Durban Development Co., Limited.

Mr. Lo Haw, aged 47, is an executive director of the Company responsible for the product development of the Group. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree in 1992 from Bloomsbury University of Pennsylvania. Mr. Lo has over 18 years of experience in the steel pipe and sheet industry. Prior to his appointment as director of Guangzhou Mayer Corp., Limited ("Guangzhou Mayer") on 23 November 1995, Mr. Lo had worked as vice-chairman of Yungfa Steel Corp., Limited. He is currently a director of a number of companies, namely, Taiwan Mayer and Fukang Investments Holdings Company Limited. Mr. Lo was awarded by the Guangzhou Municipal Government as "Honorary Citizen".

Dr. Lin Meng-chang, aged 40, graduated with a Ph.D. degree in corporate management from the Shanghai University of Finance & Economics in 2003 and a MBA degree from the George Washington University in 1996. Prior to his appointment as director of the Company, Dr. Lin has over 12 years of experience in securities and investment banking industry. He is also a director of Waterland Securities Co., Ltd. and had worked as the general manager of Waterland Securities Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.

執行董事

蕭敏志先生,50歲,於二零零八年十二月 十九日調任為本公司執行董事兼董事會主 席。蕭先生畢業於東海大學會計系,獲得商 業學士學位。現時兼任台灣美亞總經理、富 成金屬科技股份有限公司(「富成」)董事長 及志信國際股份有限公司董事。

賴粵興先生,52歲,本公司執行董事及全面 負責本集團之企業策略及規劃。賴先生畢 業於淡江大學企業管理系。賴先生現時亦 擔任德安開發股份有限公司總經理。

羅漢先生,47歲,本公司執行董事,負責本 集團產品開發工作。羅先生於一九九二年 取得賓州Bloomsbury University工商管理碩 士學位,擁有超過18年鋼管及鋼板行業經 驗。於一九九五年十一月二十三日獲委任 廣州美亞股份有限公司(「廣州美亞」)董事 之前,羅先生曾任永發鋼鐵工業股份有限 公司副主席。羅先生現任台灣美亞及阜康 投資股份有限公司等公司之董事,曾獲廣 州市政府頒發「廣州市榮譽市民」獎。

林孟璋博士,40歲,於二零零三年取得上海 財經大學企業管理博士學位及於一九九六 年取得George Washington University工商管 理碩士學位。於獲委任為本公司董事之前, 林博士具有超過12年證券及投資銀行經驗。 林博士現時為國票綜合證券(股)公司之董 事及曾於國票證券投資顧問(股)公司任職 總經理。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷

Mr. Lu Wen-yi, aged 59, graduated and received from the National Chung Hsing University a Bachelor degree in Laws in 1973. Prior to his appointment as director of the Company, Mr. Lu has over 24 years of experience in real estate development and over 8 years of experience in biotechnology industry. He is currently a CEO of High Sierra Biotech LLC. and the general manager of 蘇州安佑科技有限公司.

Mr. Cheng Dar-terng, aged 58, is an executive director of the Company. Mr. Cheng obtained a Master degree in Business Management from University of Dallas in the United States. He was appointed as a director of Guangzhou Mayer on 23 November 1995. He is currently a director of Taiwan Mayer.

Mr. Chiang Jen-chin, aged 43, is an executive director of the Company responsible for financial activities of the Group. He has over 19 years of experience in the steel pipe and sheet industry. Mr. Chiang is currently the manager to the general manager office of Taiwan Mayer.

Non-executive Director

Mr. Huang Chun-fa, aged 52, is a non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Huang has held senior positions in various listed companies in Taiwan and is currently the chairman of Durban Development Company Limited, the chairman of Tze Shin International Company Limited and the chairman of Taiwan Mayer.

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lin Sheng-bin, aged 45, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Lin holds a Master degree in Finance from National Chung-Cheng University. He has worked as the section staff member, commissioner, auditor and the supervisor of the Regulatory Commission for Securities and Futures, under the Finance Ministry of Taiwan and the supervisor of First Taiwan Securities Inc. He is currently the executive vice president of Sinopac Securities Corp. and directors of Giga Trend International Venture Investment Corp. and Gigawin International Venture Investment Corp. **呂文義先生**,59歲,於一九七三年畢業並取 得台灣國立中興大學法律學士學位。於獲委 任為本公司董事之前,呂先生具有超過24年 房地產發展經驗及超過8年生物科技經驗。 彼現時為High Sierra Biotech LLC.之首席執行 官及於蘇州安佑科技有限公司任職總經理。

鄭達騰先生,58歲,本公司執行董事。鄭先 生畢業於美國達拉斯大學,持有工商管理 碩士學位,於一九九五年十一月二十三日 獲委任為廣州美亞董事。鄭先生現時亦擔 任台灣美亞董事。

蔣仁欽先生,43歲,本公司執行董事,負責 本集團財務工作,具有超過19年鋼管及鋼 板行業經驗,現時兼任台灣美亞總經理室 之經理。

非執行董事

黃春發先生,52歲,本公司非執行董事。黃 先生曾在台灣多間上市公司出任高級職位, 現任德安開發股份有限公司董事長、志信國 際股份有限公司董事長及台灣美亞董事長。

獨立非執行董事

林聖斌先生,45歲,本公司獨立非執行董 事。林先生畢業於國立中正大學,持有金融 碩士學位。林先生曾任職台灣財政部證券 暨期貨管理委員會第一組(公開發行公司管 理)科員、專員、稽核及第七組(期貨組)科 長及菁英綜合證券股份有限公司監察人,現 任永豐金證券股份有限公司之副總經理, 以及聯嘉國際創業投資股份有限公司及贏 嘉國際創業股份有限公司之董事。

Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷

Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang, aged 49, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Huang obtained a Master degree in Accountancy from National Chengchi University. He has over 16 years of experience in the accounting field. He had worked as the assistant manager in the audit services department of KPMG in Taiwan.

Mr. Alvin Chiu, aged 49, is an independent non-executive director of the Company. Mr. Chiu graduated from the University of Southern California in 1983 majoring in Economics. He has extensive commercial and retail banking experience in the U.S. He had worked as the vice president and branch manager of First Central Bank in Los Angeles, California for eight years. Mr. Chiu is now the managing director of Pacific Links Group Limited and Pacific Connections Group Limited. He has experience in China trades, importation and wholesale industries. He is also involved in the contract manufacturing, electronics and original equipment manufacturing ("OEM") assembly business in Greater China. 黃瑞祥先生,49歲,本公司獨立非執行董 事。黃先生畢業於國立政治大學,持有會計 學碩士學位,具有超過16年會計經驗,曾在 台灣畢馬威核數服務部出任助理經理。

趙熾佳先生,49歲,本公司獨立非執行 董事。趙先生在一九八三年畢業於南加 州大學,主修經濟,擁有豐富美國商業及 零售銀行經驗。趙先生曾擔任加州洛杉 磯First Central Bank副總裁兼分行經理八 年,現為Pacific Links Group Limited及Pacific Connections Group Limited之董事總經理。 趙先生擁有豐富中國貿易以及進口與批發 行業經驗,亦參與大中華地區之合約生產、 電子及原設備製造(「OEM」)集成業務。

Biographical Details of Senior Management and Company Secretary 高級管理人員及公司秘書履歷

Senior Management

Mr. Shen Heng-chiang, aged 55 is the general manager of Guangzhou Mayer responsible for the Group's sales and marketing activities. Mr. Shen graduated from the faculty of industrial management in Tam Shui Institute of Business Administration College in 1976. Mr. Shen has over 26 years of experience in the steel industry. Prior to his appointment as the general manager of Guangzhou Mayer on 23 November 1995, Mr. Shen had worked as general manager of Yungfa Steel Corp., Limited. He is currently a committee member of the Taiwan Investment Enterprise Association in Guangzhou and a senior management staff of Taiwan Mayer.

Mr. Shen Chin-an, aged 48, is the deputy general manager of Guangzhou Mayer responsible for sales activities. He holds a Bachelor degree in Japanese language from SooChow University. Mr. Shen joined the Group on 12 January 1999. Having ample experience in steel industry, Mr. Shen had worked for Ta Fu Steel Industrial Co., Limited and Shang Fu Steel Industrial Co., Limited.

Mr. Huang Yu-chi, aged 41, is the deputy general manager of Guangzhou Mayer responsible for financial management in Guangzhou Mayer. He is also the secretary to board of directors of Guangzhou Mayer. He is now a student seating for doctoral degree in Jinan University and holds a bachelor degree in Industrial Engineering from Tung Hai University. Prior to joining the Group on 5 September 1996, he had worked as a senior officer of Taiwan Mayer.

Ms. Su Li-jung, aged 50, is the administration manager of Guangzhou Mayer responsible for procurement activities. Ms. Su graduated from the Faculty of Dance and Music of Chinese Culture University majoring in dancing. Prior to joining the Group on 4 March 2003, she had worked as the assistant manager of Nahuaou Co., Limited and manager of Hong Kong International Insurance Agent.

高級管理人員

沈亨將先生,55歲,本公司廣州美亞總經 理,負責本集團之銷售及市場推廣工作。沈 先生於一九七六年畢業於淡水工商管理專 科學校工業管理學系,具有超過26年鋼鐵 業經驗。於一九九五年十一月二十三日獲 委任廣州美亞總經理之前,沈先生曾於永 發鋼鐵工業股份有限公司任職總經理,現 時亦擔任廣州市台資企業協會理事及台灣 美亞高級管理人員。

沈金安先生,48歲,廣州美亞副總經理,負 責營銷工作。沈先生畢業於東吳大學,獲得 日語學士學位,於一九九九年一月十二日 加入本集團,曾任職於大富鋼鐵工業股份 有限公司及上富鋼鐵工業股份有限公司, 擁有豐富鋼鐵業經驗。

黃昱琪先生,41歲,廣州美亞副總經理,負 責廣州美亞之財務管理,亦為廣州美亞之 董事會秘書。黃先生現時為暨南大學博士 研究生,畢業於東海大學,持有工業工程學 士學位。於一九九六年九月五日加入本集 團之前,曾任台灣美亞之高辦。

蘇麗蓉女士,50歲,廣州美亞管理部經理, 負責廣州美亞之採購工作。蘇女士畢業於 中國文化大學舞蹈及音樂院,主修舞蹈。於 二零零三年三月四日加入本集團之前,蘇 女士曾任納華歐股份有限公司副經理及香 港國際保險公司經理。

Biographical Details of Senior Management and Company Secretary 高級管理人員及公司秘書履歷

Company Secretary

Mr. Chan Lai Yin Tommy, aged 38, is also the financial controller and qualified accountant of the Group and a member of the senior management of the Company. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Chan has over 17 years of experience in audit and accounting field. Prior to joining the Company, he held the posts of financial controller and company secretary of a listed company in Hong Kong.

公司秘書

陳禮賢先生,38歲,亦為本集團財務總監兼 合資格會計師,為本公司之高級管理人員。 陳先生為香港會計師公會及美國會計師公 會之會員。陳先生擁有超過17年核數及會 計經驗。彼於加入本公司前,彼曾於一家香 港上市公司出任財務總監兼公司秘書。

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of Mayer Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2009.

Principal Activities and Geographical Analysis of Operations

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by business and geographical segments is set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

Results

The Group's profit for the year ended 31 December 2009 and the state of affairs of the Company and the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements on pages 43 to 47.

Summary Financial Information

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years is set out on pages 4 to 5.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the Company's share capital during the year are set out in note 25 to the financial statements.

董事謹此提呈美亞控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)截至二零零 九年十二月三十一日止年度之年報及經審 核財務報告。

主要業務及營運地區分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其附屬公司之業務載於財務報告附註15。

本集團年內按業務及地區分部分析之表現 載於財務報告附註13。

業績

本集團截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利以及本公司及本集團於該日之 財務狀況載於財務報告第43頁至第47頁。

財務資料摘要

本集團過去五年之業績以及資產及負債摘 要載於第4至5頁。

物業、機器及設備

本集團之物業、機器及設備於年內之變動 詳情載於財務報告附註14。

股本

本公司股本於年內之變動詳情載於財務報告附註25。

Reserves

Details of movements of the reserves of the Company and the Group during the year are set out in note 25 to the financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2009 amounted to RMB169,243,000 (2008: RMB155,750,000).

Pre-emptive Rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association, or the laws of the Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company.

Major Customers and Suppliers

The largest and the five largest customers accounted for 10% and 28% of the Group's total turnover for the year, respectively. The largest and the five largest suppliers accounted for 79% and 85% of the Group's purchases for the year, respectively.

None of the directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (which to the knowledge of the directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had any interest in these major customers and suppliers.

Share Option Scheme

The share option scheme was adopted on 24 May 2004 (the "Share Option Scheme") for the primary purpose of providing incentive and to recognize the contribution of the eligible participants to the growth of the Group and will expire on 24 May 2014. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may grant options to eligible full time employees, including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors, and consultants or advisers of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

儲備

本公司及本集團之儲備於年內變動之詳情 分別載於財務報告附註25及綜合權益變動 表。

本公司於二零零九年十二月三十一日之可 供分派儲備為169,243,000元人民幣(二零零 八年:155,750,000元人民幣)。

優先購買權

本公司之組織章程細則或開曼群島法例均 無載列優先購買權之條文,以規定本公司須 按比例向本公司現有股東提呈發售新股份。

主要客戶及供應商

最大及五大客戶於本年度分別佔本集團總 營業額之10%及28%。最大及五大供應商 則分別佔本集團本年度總採購額之79%及 85%。

概無本公司董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何 股東(據董事所知擁有本公司股本逾5%者) 於該等主要客戶及供應商中擁有任何權益。

購股權計劃

本公司於二零零四年五月二十四日採納購 股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),旨在向合資格 參與者給予獎勵,以表揚彼等為本集團之增 長作出之貢獻。購股權計劃將於二零一四年 五月二十四日屆滿。根據購股權計劃,董事 會可向合資格之全職僱員(包括本公司及/ 或其任何附屬公司之任何執行董事、非執行 董事及獨立非執行董事以及顧問或諮詢人) 授出購股權。

Share Option Scheme (Continued)

Up to 31 December 2009, no options have been granted since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other option schemes is not permitted to exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company's shareholders.

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of grant to the 10 years of the date of grant. No minimum period for which an option must be held is required. The exercise price, which is determined by the Board, is the highest of: (i) the closing price per share on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price per share for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

Purchase, Sale and Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities

During the year, there was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed shares.

購股權計劃(續)

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日,自購股 權計劃獲採納以來並無授出任何購股權。 在未經本公司股東事先批准下,根據購股 權計劃及任何其他購股權計劃可能授出之 購股權所涉及之股份總數不得超過本公司 不時已發行股本之30%。在未經本公司股 東事先批准下,於任何年度向任何個人可 能授出之購股權所涉及之股份數目不得超 過本公司已發行股本之1%。

購股權可由其授出日期至該日起計10年內 隨時行使。概無規定必須持有購股權之最 短期間。董事會所釐定之行使價必須為以 下各項之最高者:(i)股份於授出日期之每股 收市價:(ii)股份於緊接授出日期前五個營業 日之平均每股收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

年內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司之上市股份。

Directors

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive directors

Mr. Hsiao Ming-chih Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing Mr. Lo Haw Mr. Cheng Dar-terng Mr. Chiang Jen-chin Dr. Lin Meng-chang (resigned on 11/2/2009) Mr. Lu Wen-yi

Non-executive director

Mr. Huang Chun-fa

Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang Mr. Lin Sheng-bin Mr. Alvin Chiu

In accordance with article 112 of the Company's Articles of Association, each of Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang, Mr. Lin Sheng-bin and Mr. Alvin Chiu will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and being eligible, will offer himself for re-election.

Biographical details of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 14 to 16.

董事

於年內及截至本報告日期,本公司之董事 如下:

執行董事

蕭敏志先生 賴粵興先生 羅漢先生 鄭達騰先生 蔣仁欽先生 林孟璋博士(於二零零九年二月十一日辭任) 呂文義先生

非執行董事

黃春發先生

獨立非執行董事

黃瑞祥先生 林聖斌先生 趙熾佳先生

根據本公司組織章程細則第112條,黃瑞祥 先生、林聖斌先生及趙熾佳先生各自將於 應屆股東週年大會上輪值告退,惟彼等均 符合資格連任。

本公司董事之履歷載於第14至16頁。

Directors' Service Contracts

Each of the executive directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of one year commencing from their respective dates of appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until and unless terminated by either party by giving to the other party not less than three months' prior written notice.

Each of the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for an initial term of one year commencing from their respective dates of appointment and shall continue thereafter from year to year until and unless terminated by either party by giving to the other party not less than three months' prior written notice.

Save as disclosed above, no directors proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service agreement with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive directors an annual confirmation of his independence in 2009 pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") and as at the date of this report, the Company still considers the independent non-executive directors to be independent.

Management Contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company and the Group was entered into or existed during the year.

Directors' Interests in Contracts

Saved as disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements, no director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the year.

董事之服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立一項初步由彼 等各自之委任日期計為期一年之服務協議, 其後將按年續約,直至及除非任何一方向 另一方發出不少於三個月之事前書面通知 而予以終止為止。

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事已與本公 司訂立一項初步由彼等各自之委任日期起 計為期一年之服務協議,直至及除非任何 一方向另一方發出不少於三個月之事前書 面通知而予以終止為止。

除上文所披露者外,概無於應屆股東週年 大會獲提名連任之董事與本公司訂立不可 由本公司於一年內無償(法定賠償除外)終 止之服務協議。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據聯交 所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條,就 彼等於二零零九年之獨立性而發出之年度 確認書,而於本報告刊發日期,本公司仍然 認為獨立非執行董事具有獨立地位。

管理合約

概無於年內訂立或存續涉及本公司及本集 團所有或任何重要部分之業務之管理及行 政之合約。

董事於合約之權益

除財務報告附註27所披露者外,概無董事 於年內直接或間接於本公司或其任何附屬 公司訂立對本集團業務而言屬重大之任何 合約中擁有重大權益。

Interests and Short Positions of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company

As at 31 December 2009, the interests and short positions of the directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken, or deemed to have taken under such provisions), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register required to be kept therein, or which were required pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies in the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

Long positions in the share capital of Mayer Steel Pipe Corporation ("Taiwan Mayer")

本公司董事及主要行政人員之權 益及淡倉

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本公司各董 事及主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯 法團(定義見香港法例第571章證券及期貨 條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、 相關股份及債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯 交所(包括根據有關條文彼等被當作或被視 為擁有之權益及淡倉),或根據證券及期貨 條例第352條須載入該條所述之登記冊,或 根據上市規則內上市公司董事進行證券交 易的標準守則之規定須知會本公司及聯交 所之權益及淡倉如下:

於美亞鋼管廠股份有限公司(「台灣美亞」) 股本之好倉

	Nu	Number of ordinary shares in Taiwan Mayer 台灣美亞普通股數目				
Name of director	Personal	Family	Corporate	Other	Total	持股概約
董事姓名	個人	家族	公司	其他	合計	百分比
Mr. Lo Haw	279,438	1,208	13,544,452	_	13,825,098	6.73%
羅漢先生						
Mr. Cheng Dar-terng	-	396,000	2,941,655	-	3,337,655	1.62%
鄭達騰先生						
Mr. Chiang Jen-chin	6,601	-	_	-	6,601	0.00%
蔣仁欽先生						

Interests and Short Positions of the Directors and Chief Executives of the Company (Continued)

本公司董事及主要行政人員之權 益及淡倉(續)

Long positions in the share capital of Guangzhou Mayer Corp., Ltd. ("Guangzhou Mayer") 於廣州美亞股份有限公司(「廣州美亞」)股 本之好倉

	Number o	Approximate % of total shareholding			
Name of director 董事姓名	Personal 個人	Family 家族	Corporate 公司	Other 其他	Approximate 總持股量概約 百分比
Mr. Lo Haw 羅漢先生	-	_	12,800,000	_	6.40%

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2009, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company nor their respective associates, had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken, or deemed to have taken under such provisions), or which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register required to be kept therein, or which were required pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies in the Listing Rules to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, and none of the directors or chief executives, or their respective spouses or children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights at any time during the year.

除上文所披露者外,於二零零九年十二月 三十一日,並無本公司董事或主要行政人 員,或彼等各自之聯繫人士於本公司或其 任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV 部)之股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有根據 證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會 本公司及聯交所(包括根據有關條文彼等被 當作或被視為擁有之權益及淡倉),或根據 證券及期貨條例第352條須載入該條所述之 登記冊,或根據上市規則內上市公司董事 進行證券交易的標準守則之規定須知會本 公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉。各董事或主 要行政人員或彼等各自之配偶或未滿十八 歲子女概無擁有任何可認購本公司證券之 權利,亦無於本年度內任何時間行使任何 該等權利。

Substantial Shareholders

So far as the directors of the Company are aware, the person/entity (not being a director or a chief executive of the Company) who has interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part IV of the SFO, were as follows:

Long positions in the share capital of the Company

主要股東

就本公司董事所知,下列人士/實體(並非 本公司董事或主要行政人員)擁有根據證券 及期貨條例第Ⅳ部第2及3分部之規定,須向 本公司披露於本公司股份及相關股份之權 益或淡倉如下:

於本公司股本之好倉

			Approximate percentage
			of Company's
	Capacity and		issued share capital
Name	Nature of interest	Number of shares	佔本公司已發行
股東名稱	身份及權益性質	持有股份數目	股本概約百分比
Taiwan Mayer <i>(Note 1)</i>	Corporate	200,000,000	34.72%
台灣美亞 <i>(附註1)</i>	公司		
Mayer Corporation Development	Corporate	200,000,000	34.72%
International Limited ("BVI Mayer")	公司		
Mayer Corporation Development			
International Limited ([BVI Mayer])			

Note 1: BVI Mayer is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Taiwan Mayer. Taiwan Mayer is deemed to be interested in the 200,000,000 shares held by BVI Mayer under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2009, the directors of the Company are not aware of any other person/entity (not being a director or a chief executive of the Company) who has interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company, which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part IV of the SFO, or who is directly or indirectly interested in 10% or more of the shares of the Company or equity interest in any member of the Group representing 10% or more of the equity interest in such company.

附註1: BVI Mayer為台灣美亞之全資附屬公司。根據 證券及期貨條例,台灣美亞被視為擁有BVI Mayer所持有之200,000,000股股份之權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零零九年十二月 三十一日,本公司董事並不知悉有任何其 他人士/實體(並非本公司董事或主要行政 人員)擁有根據證券及期貨條例第IV部第2及 3分部之規定,須向本公司披露於本公司股 份及相關股份之權益或淡倉,或直接或間 接擁有本公司股份10%或以上之權益或本 集團任何成員公司之股本權益(相當於該公 司10%或以上之股本權益)。

Directors' Right to Acquire Shares

At no time during the year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any directors, supervisors or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company, or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

Connected Transactions

Certain related party transactions as disclosed in note 27 to the financial statements also constituted connected transactions under the Listing Rules, required to be disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The following transactions between certain connected parties (as defined in the Listing Rules) and the Company have been entered into and/or are ongoing for which relevant announcements, if necessary, had been made by the Company in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

(1) ROC Advance Limited ("ROC"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into an aircraft lease agreement with Daily Air Corporation ("Daily Air"), a related company in which Mr. Huang Chun-fa, a non-executive director of the Company, has beneficial interest, regarding the leasing of four aircrafts and the provision of consultancy services by ROC to Daily Air for a term of three years commencing from 1 May 2006 to 30 April 2008 in consideration of rental income and consultancy fee income. On 6 May 2008, the lease agreement was further extended to 7 June 2011 with rental income and consultancy fee income remain unchanged. At the end of the reporting period, RMB8,557,000 (At 31 December 2008: RMB7,025,000) is due from this related company.

董事購入股份之權利

於本年度任何時間,任何董事、監事或彼等 各自之配偶或未成年之子女概無獲授可藉 購入本公司之股份或債權證而獲得利益之 權利,而彼等亦概無行使任何該等權利;本 公司或其任何附屬公司亦概無訂立任何安 排致使董事可於任何其他法人團體獲得該 等權利。

關連交易

財務報告附註27披露之若干有關連人士交 易亦構成上市規則下之關連交易,須根據 上市規則第14A章予以披露。以下為若干有 關連人士(定義見上市規則)與本公司訂立 及/或持續進行之交易,本公司就此已根據 上市規則之規定發表有關公佈(如屬必要)。

(1)本公司之全資附屬公司鵬進有限公司 (「鵬進」)與有關連公司德安航空股份 有限公司(「德安航空」)(本公司非執行 董事黃春發先生於其中擁有實益權益) 訂立飛機租賃協議,內容有關四架飛機 之租賃及由鵬進向德安航空提供顧問 服務,自二零零六年五月一日至二零 零八年四月三十日止為期三年,代價 為租金收入及顧問費收入。於二零零 八年五月六日,該租賃協議已進一步 延至二零一一年六月七日,租金收入 及顧問費收入維持不變。於結算日,應 收該有關連公司款項為8,557,000元人 民幣(於二零零八年十二月三十一日: 7,025,000元人民幣)。

Connected Transactions (Continued)

(2) On 13 April 2007, Guangzhou Mayer Corporation Limited ("Guangzhou Mayer"), a 81.4% indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Raw Material Purchase Agreement with Mayer Steel Pipe Corporation ("Taiwan Mayer"), the ultimate holding company, for the acquisition of raw materials from Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2010. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of raw material purchase for the three years ending 31 March 2010 will be in the amounts of approximately USD3,900,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB30,100,000), USD4,300,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB33,200,000) and USD4,700,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB36,300,000), respectively.

Further on 22 May 2009, Guangzhou Mayer entered into a revised Raw Material Purchase Agreement with Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 July 2009 to 31 December 2011. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of raw material purchase for the six months ending 31 December 2009 will be in the amount of USD1,560,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB10,723,000) and the two years ending 31 December 2011 will be in the amounts of approximately USD2,340,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB16,080,000) and USD2,340,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB16,080,000), respectively.

On the same date, Guangzhou Mayer entered into a Finished Goods Sale Agreement with Taiwan Mayer for the sales of finished goods to Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 July 2009 to 31 December 2011. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of finished goods sales for the six months ending 31 December 2009 will be in the amount of USD1,837,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB12,626,000) and the two years ending 31 December 2011 will be in the amounts of approximately USD3,675,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB25,261,000) and USD5,512,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB37,878,000), respectively.

關連交易(續)

(2) 於二零零七年四月十三日,本公司間接 持有81.4%權益之附屬公司廣州美亞股 份有限公司(「廣州美亞」)與最終控股 公司美亞鋼管廠股份有限公司(「台灣 美亞」)訂立原材料採購協議,以向台 灣美亞採購原材料,由二零零七年四月 一日起至二零一零年三月三十一日止。 本公司董事預期截至二零一零年三月 三十一日止三年,原材料採購之年度上 限分別將約為3,900,000美元(相當於 約30,100,000元人民幣)、4,300,000美元(相當於約33,200,000元人民幣)及 4,700,000美元(相當於約36,300,000 元人民幣)。

> 其後,於二零零九年五月二十二日,廣 州美亞與台灣美亞就二零零九年七月 一日至二零一一年十二月三十一日期 間訂立經修訂之原材料採購協議。本公 司董事預期,截至二零零九年十二月 三十一日止六個月期間之原材料採購的 最高金額將約為1,560,000美元(相當 於約10,723,000元人民幣),而於截至 二零一一年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度將分別約為2,340,000美元(相當於 約16,080,000元人民幣)及2,340,000 美元(相當於約16,080,000元人民幣)。

> 同日,廣州美亞與台灣美亞訂立製成 品銷售協議,內容有關於二零零九年 七月一日至二零一一年十二月三十一 日期間向台灣美亞銷售製成品。本公 司董事預期,截至二零零九年十二月 三十一日止六個月期間之製成品銷售 的最高金額將約為1,837,000美元(相 當於約12,626,000元人民幣),而於截 至二零一一年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度將分別約為3,675,000美元(相當於 約25,261,000元人民幣)及5,512,000 美元(相當於約37,878,000元人民幣)。

Connected Transactions (Continued)

During the year, Guangzhou Mayer has purchased raw materials from Taiwan Mayer of approximately RMB5,474,000 (2008: RMBNil) at terms similar to those charged to independent third parties suppliers.

During the year, Guangzhou Mayer has sold finished goods to Taiwan Mayer of approximately RMB1,578,000 (2008: RMBNil) at terms similar to those charged to independent third parties customers.

Senior Management and Company Secretary

Biographical details of the senior management and company secretary of the Group are set out on pages 17 to 18.

Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by CCIF CPA Limited ("CCIF"). CCIF will retire as auditor at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and will not offer themselves for reappointment following the merger of business with PCP CPA Limited resulting in Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited operating as the merged firm. Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited is a new member firm in Hong Kong for Crowe Horwath International.

As a result of these changes, a resolution for the appointment of Crowe Horwath (HK) CPA Limited as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

Hsiao Ming-chih Chairman

Hong Kong, 23 April 2010

關連交易(續)

年內,廣州美亞已向台灣美亞採購約 5,474,000人民幣(二零零八年:零元人 民幣)之原材料,有關條款與獨立第三 方供應商提供的相若。

年內,廣州美亞已向台灣美亞銷售約 1,578,000元人民幣(二零零八年:零元 人民幣)之製成品,有關條款與獨立第 三方客戶提供的相若。

高級管理層及公司秘書

本集團高級管理層及公司秘書之履歷載於 第17至18頁。

核數師

財務報告已經由陳葉馮會計師事務所有限 公司(「陳葉馮會計師事務所」)審核。陳葉 馮會計師事務所將於即將舉行之周年大會 上任滿告退,但因其與華德匡成會計師事 務所限公司已合併為國富浩華(香港)會計 師事務所有限公司,陳葉馮會計師事務所 於即將舉行之周年大會上不會提出膺選連 任。國富浩華(香港)會計師事務所有限公 司是國富浩華國際於香港的一間新成員。

因上述情況,於即將舉行之周年大會上將 提呈決議案委聘國富浩華(香港)會計師事 務所有限公司為本公司之新核數師。

承董事會命

主席 **蕭敏志**

香港,二零一零年四月二十三日

The Company recognizes the importance of good corporate governance to the Company's healthy growth and has devoted considerable efforts to identify and formalize the best corporate governance practices appropriate to the needs of its business.

The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles ("Principles") and the code provisions ("Code Provisions") as set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") ("Listing Rules"). The Company has complied with most of the Code Provisions save for the Code Provisions on internal controls which are to be implemented for accounting periods commencing on or after 1 July 2005 pursuant to the CG Code and certain deviations from the Code Provisions in respect of Code Provisions A.4.1 and A.4.2, details of which are explained below. The Company periodically reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that these continue to meet the requirements of the CG Code.

The Company wishes to highlight the importance of its board of directors ("Board") in ensuring effective leadership and control of the Company and transparency and accountability of all operations.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised as follows:

Board of Directors

As at 31 December 2009, the Board consisted of six executive directors and four non-executive directors (of whom three are independent).

The independent non-executive directors are all experienced individuals from a range of industries and geographies. Their mix of professional skills and experience is an important element in the proper functioning of the Board and in ensuring a high standard of objective debate and overall input to the decision-making process. The Board has received from each independent non-executive director a written confirmation of their independence and has satisfied itself of such independence up to the approval date of this report in accordance with the Listing Rules. 本公司深知良好企業管治對本公司穩建發 展之重要性,並已盡最大努力找出及最終 確定適合其業務需要之最佳企業管治常規。

本公司之企業管治常規乃以香港聯合交易所 有公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)附錄十四所載企業管治常規守則(「企 業管治守則」)載列之原則(「原則」)及守則 條文(「守則條文」)為基礎。除根據企業管 治守則須於二零零五年七月一日或之後開 始之會計期間實施之內部監控守則條文及有 關守則條文A.4.1及A.4.2存在若干偏離(詳 情見下文)外,本公司已遵守大部分守則條 文。本公司定期審閲其企業管治常規,以確 保該等常規持續符合企業管治常規之規定。

本公司希望突出董事會(「董事會」)在確保 本公司獲有效領導及控制以及各項業務營 運具透明度及問責性之重要性。

本公司主要企業管治原則及常規概括如下:

董事會

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,董事會由 六位執行董事及四位非執行董事(其中三位 為獨立人士)組成。

獨立非執行董事均為來自不同行業及地域 且擁有豐富經驗之人士。集合彼等之專業 技能及經驗是達致董事會妥善運作及確保 高水平客觀討論和決策過程中整體投入之 重要元素。董事會已接獲各獨立非執行董 事發出之獨立身份確認書,並信納根據上 市規則,截至本年報批准日期止,彼等均為 獨立人士。

Board of Directors (Continued)

The biographical details of the directors are provided on pages 14 to 16 of this report.

The Code Provision A.2.1 stipulated that the roles of chairman of the Board (the "Chairman") and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and chief executive officer should be clearly established and set out in writing.

Mr Hsiao Ming-chih has been both the Chairman and chief executive officer of the Company. Given the Company's current stage of development, the Board considers that vesting the roles of Chairman and chief executive officer in the same person facilitates the execution of the Company's business strategies and maximizes effectiveness of its operations. The Board shall nevertheless review the structure from time to time and shall consider the appropriate adjustment should suitable circumstance arise.

The Board at Work

The Board is accountable to shareholders for the activities and performance of the group. It meets in person on a half-yearly basis and on other occasions when a Board-level decision on a particular matter is required. The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering corporate strategy, annual and interim results, directors' appointment, succession planning, risk management, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and other significant operational and financial matters.

The majority of Board meetings are scheduled to last one full day, with directors receiving details of agenda items for decision and minutes of committee meetings in advance of each Board meeting.

Although the capacity of any board to involve itself in the details of a large international business is limited, the Company aims to provide its independent non-executive directors with extensive exposure and access to its operations and management. Over the past two years, the number and duration of Board meetings have increased and the Board agenda is structured to address the broad spectrum of key governance issues on a regular and systematic basis.

董事會(續)

董事之個人資料載於本年報第14至16頁。

守則條文A.2.1規定董事會主席(「主席」)與 行政總裁之角色應有區分,並不應由一人 同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之間之職責分 工應清楚界定並以書面列載。

蕭敏志先生兼任本公司董事會主席及行政 總裁。鑑於本集團當前所處之發展階段,董 事會認為,由同一人士擔任主席及行政總 裁兩個角色,有利於執行本公司業務策略 及取得最大經營效益。然而,董事會仍須不 時檢討此架構,並應考慮於情況容許時作 出適當調整。

董事會之運作

董事會須就本集團業務及表現向股東負責。 董事會成員親自出席每半年舉行之董事會 會議,亦出席須由董事會作出特定事項決 策之會議。董事會有權決定或考慮有關企 業策略、年度及季度業績、董事委任、接任 規劃、風險管理、重大收購、出售及資本性 交易以及其他重要營運及財務之事宜。

大部分董事會會議均長達一整天,而董事 於每次董事會會議前會收到會議之決策議 程及董事委員會之會議記錄。

儘管任何大型國際公司之董事會只可有限 地掌握其業務詳情,惟本公司仍致力使其獨 立非執行董事廣泛理解及接觸其運作及管 理。於過去兩年,董事會會議之次數及議會 時間均有所增加,而董事會議程之制訂,旨 在定期有系統地向董事會提出主要管治事 宜。

The Board at Work (Continued)

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

Each director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

Major corporate matters that are specifically delegated by the Board to management include the preparation of annual and interim accounts for Board approval before public reporting, execution of business strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and compliance with relevant statutory requirements and rules and regulations.

The Group's chief financial officer also attends all board meetings to advise on corporate governance, risk management, statutory compliance, mergers and acquisitions, and accounting and financial matters.

None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

During the year ended 31 December 2009, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors with at least one independent non-executive director processing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

董事會之運作(續)

全部董事均可完整及時地取得全部有關資 料,並可獲公司秘書提供意見及服務,以確 保董事會程序及全部適用規則及法例獲得 遵守。

每位董事通常亦可於適當情況下尋求獨立 專業意見,經向董事會提出要求後,費用由 本公司承擔。

董事會特別委託管理層執行之主要企業事 宜包括編製年度及中期帳目,以供董事會 於對外公佈前批核、執行董事會所採納之 業務策略及措施、推行妥善內部監控系統 及風險管理程序以及遵守有關法定規定、 規則與規例。

本集團財務總監亦出席所有董事會會議, 就企業管治、風險管理、法定守規、合併與 收購以及會計與財務事宜提出意見。

董事會成員之間概無關連。

於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度 內任何時間,董事會均符合上市規則有關 委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,其中至少 一名獨立非執行董事須具備合適專業資格 或會計或相關財務管理專長之規定。

本公司已接獲由各獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則規定就其獨立性作出之書面年度確 認。本公司認為,根據上市規則所載之獨立 指引,全部獨立非執行董事均具獨立性。

The Board at Work (Continued)

The non-executive directors together have substantial experience in fields of auditing, business, accounting, corporate internal control and regulatory affairs. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all non-executive directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

The Company has not yet adopted Code Provision A.4.1 which provides that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. All the non-executive directors of the Company are not appointed for a specific term although in practice they are subject to retirement on rotation and re-election at the Company's annual general meetings pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association.

Each newly appointed director receives comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/ her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

董事會之運作(續)

非執行董事於審計、商業、會計、企業內部 監控及監管事務方面擁有豐富經驗。透過 積極參與董事會會議,率先管理有潛在利 益沖突事務及於董事會轄下委員會服務, 全體非執行董事對本公司之有效指導作出 多種貢獻。

本公司並未採納守則條文A.4.1,該條文規 定非執行董事之委任應有指定任期,並須 接受重新選舉。本公司全體非執行董事之 委任均無指定任期,惟實際上彼等均須根 據本公司之章程細則於本公司股東週年大 會上輪值退任及膺選連任。

每名新委任董事均於首次獲委任時獲得一份全面兼特為其而設之正式就任須知,以 確保其清楚了解本公司之業務及營運,且 充分明目瞭其於上市規則及有關規管規定 下之責任。

Committees

委員會

The monitoring and assessment of certain governance matters are allocated to three committees which operate under defined terms of reference. The composition of the committees during 2008/09 and up to the date of this report is set out in the table below. 若干管治事宜之監控及評估工作已分配予 三個委員會,該等委員會乃根據既定職權 範圍運作。於二零零八/零九年度及截至 本年報日期止,委員會之組成載列於下表。

Directors	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee
董事	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會
Executive Director 執行董事			
Hsiao Ming-chih (Chairman) 蕭敏志(主席)		Member 成員	Member 成員
Lai Yueh-hsing 賴粵興		Chairman 主席	Chairman 主席
Lo Haw 羅漢			
Cheng Dar-terng 鄭達騰			
Chiang Jen-chin 蔣仁欽			
Lin Meng-chang 林孟璋 (resigned on 11/2/2009)(於二零零九4	手二月十一日辭任)		
Lu Wen-yi 呂文義			
Non-Executive Director 非執行董事			
Huang Chun-fa 黃春發			

Independent Non-Executive Directors 獨立非執行董事 Member 成員 Member 成員 Member 成員 Lin Sheng-bin 林聖斌 Member 成員 Member 成員 Member 成員 Huang Jui-hsiang 黃瑞祥 Chairman 主席 Member 成員 Member 成員 Alvin Chiu 趙熾佳 Member 成員 Member 成員 Member 成員

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee is comprised of three independent non-executive directors who together have substantial experience in the fields of accounting, business, corporate governance and regulatory affairs.

The committee is responsible for monitoring the reporting, accounting, financial and control aspects of the executive management's activities. It has full access to the Group's chief financial officer to hear directly any concerns of the internal audit department that may have arisen during the course of the department's work.

The committee also monitors the appointment and function of the Group's external auditor.

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 彼等於會計、商業、企業管治及監管事務方 面擁有豐富經驗。

委員會負責監控行政管理層之申報、會計、 財務及監控事宜。委員會可全面接觸本集 團財務總監,直接聽取內部審核部門於進 行審核工作時遇到之任何問題。

委員會亦監控本集團外聘核數師之委聘及 職能。

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee was established on 22 August 2005 and is comprised of three independent non-executive directors and two executive directors (as the Committee Chairman).

The committee determines the compensation structure and rewards for the chief executive officer and other executive directors and monitors the policies being applied in remunerating other senior executives in the Group. In addition, it has responsibility for reviewing and making appropriate recommendations to the Board on management development and succession plans for executive directors and senior management levels.

The fundamental policy underlying the Company's remuneration and incentive schemes is to link total compensation for senior management with the achievement of annual and long-term performance goals. By providing total compensation at competitive industry levels for delivering on-target performance, the Company seeks to attract, motivate and retain key executives essential to its long-term success. Senior management incentive schemes include any equity component that is designed to align the long-term interest of management with those of shareholders.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee was established on 22 August 2005 and is comprised of three independent non-executive directors and two executive directors (as the Committee Chairman).

The committee is responsible for the identification and evaluation of candidates for appointment or reappointment as a director, as well as the development and maintenance of the Group's overall corporate governance policies and practices.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會於二零零五年八月二十二日成 立,由三位獨立非執行董事及二位執行董 事(為委員會主席)組成。

委員會負責釐定行政總裁及其他執行董事 之薪酬結構及獎勵計劃,並監控適用於本集 團其他高級行政人員之薪酬政策。此外,委 員會亦負責檢討管理層發展及執行董事與 高級管理人員之接任規劃,並就此向董事 會提出合適建議。

本公司薪酬及獎勵計劃之基本政策乃全面 獎勵高級管理人員在達到年度及長期表現 目標所作出之努力。透過向表現達致目標 之僱員提供於業內具競爭力之獎勵,本公 司致力招攬、激勵及留聘主要行政人員以 達到公司之長遠成就。高級管理人員獎勵 計劃包括任何股本組成部分,務求令管理 層與股東之長遠利益一致。

提名委員會

提名委員會於二零零五年八月二十二日成 立,由三位獨立非執行董事及二位執行董 事(為委員會主席)組成。

委員會負責物色及評估合適人選,以委任 或續聘為董事,並負責發展及維持本集團 整體企業管治方針與慣例。
Board and Committee Attendance

The Board held 5 regular meetings in 2009 and the average attendance rate was 46%. Details of the attendance of individual directors at Board meetings and committee meetings during the 2008/09 financial year are set out in the table below.

董事會及委員會之出席率

Number of meetings attended/held

董事會於二零零九年曾舉行5次定期會議, 平均出席率為46%。於二零零八/零九財 政年度,個別董事於董事會會議及委員會 會議之出席詳情載於下表:

	出席/舉行會議次數							
			Remuneration	Nomination				
Directors	Full Board	Audit Committee	Committee	Committee				
董事	董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會				
Executive Directors 執行董事								
Hsiao Ming-chih 蕭敏志	4/5		1/1	1/1				
Lai Yueh-hsing 賴粵興	5/5		0/1	0/1				
Lo Haw 羅漢	0/5							
Cheng Dar-terng 鄭達騰	2/5							
Chiang Jen-chin 蔣仁欽	5/5							
Lin Meng-chang 林孟璋	0/5							
Lu Wen-yi 呂文義	4/5							
Non-Executive Director 非執行董事								
Huang Chun-fa 黃春發	0/5							
Independent Non-Executive								
. Directors 獨立非執行董事								
Lin Sheng-bin 林聖斌	0/5	0/2	0/1	0/1				
Huang Jui-hsiang 黃瑞祥	1/5	2/2	1/1	1/1				
Alvin Chiu 趙熾佳	4/5	2/2	1/1	1/1				
Average attendance rate	46%	67%	60%	60%				
平均出席率								

Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all directors at least 14 days before the meetings while reasonable notice is generally given for other Board meetings. For committee meetings, notices are served in accordance with the required notice period stated in the relevant terms of reference.

Agenda and Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or to the relevant committee members at least 2 days before each Remuneration Committee Meeting or at least 4 days before each Audit Committee meeting to keep the directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the company secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

Internal Control and Risk Management

The Board is responsible for ensuring that an adequate system of internal controls is maintained within the Group, and for reviewing its effectiveness through the Audit Committee.

The internal control system, which includes a defined management structure with specified limits of authority, is designed to (a) help the achievement of business objectives, and safeguard the Group's assets; (b) ensure proper maintenance of accounting records; and (c) ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations.

會議常規及守則

董事會定期會議之通知須於會議召開前至 少十四天發出,而其他董事會會議通常只需 發出合理天數之通知。就委員會會議而言, 則需按照有關職權範圍規定之通知期限發 出通知。

議程及相關董事會文件連同所有適用、完 備及可靠之資料,應於董事會會議召開前 至少三天,或於每次薪酬委員會會議召開 前至少兩天,或於每次審核委員會會議召 開前至少四天,向全體董事或向相關委員 會成員發出,以便董事獲悉本公司最進發 展及財務狀況及使董事作出知情決定。董 事會及每位董事亦可於有需要時單獨及獨 立接觸高級管理層。

公司秘書保存全部董事會會議及委員會會 議之會議記錄。每次會議後之會議記錄初稿 通常於一段合理時間內在董事之間傳閱, 以便提出意見,而會議記錄之最終定稿應 可供董事查閱。

根據現有董事會常規,任何涉及重要股東 及董事利益沖突之重大交易,將由董事會 正式召集之董事會會議考慮及處理。本公 司之組織章程細則亦載有相應條文,要求 該等董事放棄投票,或在其中擁有重大利 益之該等董事或任何其聯繫人士不得於批 准該等交易之會議上計入會議法定人數。

內部監控及風險管理

董事會負責確保本集團維持一套妥善之內 部監控系統及透過審核委員會檢討其成效。

內部監控系統包括已明確界定之管理架構, 並列明權限,旨在(a)協助達致業務目標及保 障本集團之資產;(b)確保適當存置會計記 錄;及(c)確保遵守有關法例及規例。

Internal Control and Risk Management (Continued)

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage, but not to eliminate, risks of failure in achieving the Group's objectives.

The processes to identify and manage key risks to the achievement of the Group's strategic objectives are an integral part of the internal control environment. Such processes include strategic planning, the appointment of senior management, the regular monitoring of performance, control over capital expenditure and investments and the setting of high standards and targets for safety, health and environmental performance.

The management maintains and monitors the system of controls on an ongoing basis.

The Group's internal audit department, under the supervision of the chief financial officer, independently reviews these controls and evaluates their adequacy, effectiveness and compliance, and reports such findings directly to the Audit Committee on a regular basis. The Board, through the Audit Committee assesses the effectiveness of the Group's internal control system which covers all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions on an annual basis.

During 2008/2009, based on the evaluations made by the management, the chief financial officer and external auditors, the Audit Committee was satisfied that nothing has come to its attention to cause the Audit Committee to believe that the system of internal control is inadequate; and there is an ongoing process to identify, evaluation and manage significant risks faced by the Group.

External Auditor

The Company's independent external auditor is CCIF CPA Limited. The Audit Committee is responsible for considering the appointment of the external auditor and also reviews any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor for the Group. In particular, the Committee will consider, in advance of them being contracted for and performed, whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material conflict of interest.

內部監控及風險管理(續)

內部監控系統旨在提供合理但非絕對之保 證,保證不會出現重大錯誤陳述或損失,以 及駕馭但並非排除未能實現本集團目標之 風險。

確認及管理涉及實現本集團策略目標之主 要風險之過程乃內部監控不可或缺之部分。 該等過程包括策略計劃、委任高級管理層、 定期監控表現、控制資本開支及投資以及 訂定高水平之安全、健康及環保表現標準 及目標。

管理層按持續基準維持及監管監控系統。

由財務總監督導之本集團內部審核部門會 獨立審核該等監控,評估其是否充足、有效 及是否符合規定,並定期直接向審核委員 會匯報該等發現。董事會通過審核委員會 按年評估本集團內部控制系統之效能,內 部控制系統包括所有重大操控措施,如財 務、營運及合規控制,以及風險管理功能。

於二零零八/零九年度,本屆管理層、財務 總監及外聘核數核師作出之評估,審核委 員會信納,其並不知悉任何事件導致審核 委員會相信內部監控系統有所不足;及本 集團已持續確定、評估及管理重大風險。

外聘核數師

本公司獨立外聘核數師為陳葉馮會計師事 務所有限公司。審核委員會負責考慮委聘 外聘核數師,並檢討任何由外聘核數師為 本集團進行之非核數職能。尤其是委員會 於與外聘核數師訂約及彼等履行工作前, 將考慮該等非核數職能會否引致任何潛在 重大利益衝突。

Communications with Shareholders

The Company uses a number of formal communications channels to account to shareholders for the performance of the Company. These include the annual report and accounts, the interim report, periodic company announcements made through the Stock Exchange, as well as through the annual general meeting. The Company aims to provide its shareholders and potential investors with high standards of disclosure and financial transparency. In order to provide effective disclosure to investors and potential investors and to ensure they all receive equal access to the same information at the same time, information considered to be of a price sensitive nature is released by way of formal public announcements as required by the Listing Rules. The Company also welcomes comments and questions from shareholders at its annual general meeting.

Directors' Securities Transactions

The Group has adopted procedures governing directors' securities transactions in compliance with the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.

Employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished pricesensitive information of the Group are also subject to compliance with guidelines on no less exacting terms than the Model Code.

Having made specific enquiry of all directors, the Directors have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code regarding directors' securities transactions.

Directors' and Auditors' Responsibilities for Accounts

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, pricesensitive announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 41 to 42.

與股東之溝通

本公司利用多個正式溝通渠道向股東匯報 公司表現,包括年報及帳目、中期報告、於 聯交所及透過股東週年大會發出之定期公 司公佈。本公司旨在向其股東及有意投資 者提供高披露水平及財政透明度。為向投 資者及有意投資者作出有效披露,並確保 彼等均同時取得相同資料,該等被視作可 影響股份價格之資料乃根據上市規則規定 正式公佈。本公司亦樂意於其股東週年大 會上接受股東之意見及提問。

董事證券交易

本集團已遵守上市規則附錄十所載之標準 守則,採納監管董事進行證券交易之程序。

可能擁有尚未公佈股價敏感資料之僱員亦 須遵守一套不比標準守則寬鬆之指引。

已向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事均已 遵守標準守則內有關董事進行證券交易之 標準守則所載規定標準。

董事及核數師對帳目之責任

董事會須負責提呈平衡、清晰及明白地評 審公司表現之年度及中期報告、涉及股價 敏感事項之通告及根據上市規則及其他規 例規定須予披露之其他財務資料。

董事會確認彼等負責編製截至二零零九年 十二月三十一日止年度之本公司財務報告。

本公司外聘核數師對財務報告之申報責任 所作出之聲明載於第41至42頁之「獨立核數 師報告」。

Shareholder rights and investor relations

The rights of shareholders and the procedures for demanding a poll on resolutions at shareholders' meetings are contained in the Company's Articles of Association. Details of such rights and procedures are included in all circulars to shareholders and will be explained during the proceedings of meetings. Whenever voting by way of a poll is required, the detailed procedures for conducting a poll will be explained.

Poll results will be published in newspapers on the business day following the shareholders' meeting and posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

Separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual directors.

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. Designated senior management maintain regular dialogue with institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

股東權利及投資者關係

股東權利及要求在股東大會上以投票方式 表決決議案之程序載於本公司組織章程細 則。該等權利及程序之詳情,在寄予股東之 全部通函中均有載列,並會於會議過程中 予以説明。當要求以投票方式表決時,進行 投票表決之詳細程序將予以説明。

投票表決結果將於股東大會召開後之營業 日在報章公佈,並在本公司及聯交所網站 發佈。

每一重大事項(包括選舉董事)均於股東大 會提呈獨立決議案。

本公司不斷加強與投資者溝通及建立關係。 指定高級管理層定期與機構投資者及分析 員進行對話,使其知悉本公司之最新發展。 投資者之提問均獲得有效及時處理。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



33 Hysan Avenue Causeway Bay Hong Kong

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF MAYER HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Incorporated in Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Mayer Holdings Limited (the "Company") set out on pages 43 to 160, which comprise the consolidated and Company statements of financial position as at 31 December 2009, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of the report.



陳葉馮會計師事務所有限公司 香港銅鑼灣希慎道33號 利園廣場34樓

致美亞控股有限公司 *(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)* 列位股東

本核數師已審核美亞控股有限公司(「貴公 司」)刊於第43至160頁之綜合財務報告,此 等財務報告包括於二零零九年十二月三十一 日之綜合及 貴公司之財務狀況表、截至該 日止年度之綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及 重要會計政策概要及其他附註。

董事對財務報告之責任

貴公司董事須遵照香港會計師公會頒佈之香 港財務報告準則以及香港公司條例之披露 規定,負責編製並真實公平地呈列該等財務 報告。此責任包括設計、實行及維持與編製 並真實公平地呈列財務報告有關之內部監 控,以確保其並無重大錯誤陳述(不論其由 欺詐或錯誤引起);選擇及應用適當會計政 策;並在不同情況下作出合理之會計估算。

核數師之責任

吾等之責任為根據吾等之審核結果,對該等 財務報告作出意見。本報告僅向 閣下(作 為團體)作出,除此之外,報告並無其他用 途。吾等概不就報告之內容向任何其他人 士承擔或負上任何責任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

OPINION

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

CCIF CPA Limited *Certified Public Accountants* Hong Kong, 23 April 2010

Sze Chor Chun, Yvonne Practising Certificate Number P05049 吾等按照香港會計師公會頒佈之香港核數 準則進行審核工作。該等準則要求吾等在 策劃和進行審核工作時須符合道德規範, 使吾等能就該等財務報告是否存有重要錯 誤陳述作合理之確定。

審核範圍包括進行程序以取得與財務報告 所載數額及披露事項有關之審核憑證。選用 之程序須視乎核數師之判斷,包括評估財 務報告之重大錯誤陳述(不論其由欺詐或錯 誤引起)之風險。在作出該等風險評估時, 核數師將考慮與公司編製並真實公平地呈 列財務報告有關之內部監控,以為不同情 況設計適當審核程序,但並非旨在就公司 內部監控是否有效表達意見。審核範圍亦 包括評估所用會計政策之恰當性,董事所 作會計估算之合理性,並就財務報告之整 體呈列方式作出評估。

吾等相信,就得出審核意見而言,吾等所獲 審核憑證屬充分而恰當。

意見

吾等認為,綜合財務報告均符合香港財務報 告準則且能真實公平地反映 貴公司及 貴 集團於二零零九年十二月三十一日之財務 狀況以及 貴集團截至該日止年度之溢利 和現金流量狀況,並已按照香港公司條例 之披露規定適當編製。

陳葉馮會計師事務所有限公司 *執業會計師* 香港,二零一零年四月二十三日

史楚珍 執業牌照號碼P05049

Consolidated Income Statement

綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Turnover	營業額	4	435,585	667,193
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(385,416)	(603,338)
Gross profit	毛利		50,169	63,855
Other revenue	其他收益	5	6,830	14,183
Other net income	其他收入淨額	5	55	2,838
Valuation gain on	投資物業之			
investment property	估值收益	14(a)	-	36,655
Distribution costs	分銷成本		(7,738)	(9,155)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(37,773)	(44,408)
Other operating expenses	其他經營開支		(3,286)	(18,273)
Profit from operations	經營溢利		8,257	45,695
Finance costs	融資成本	6(a)	(4,913)	(19,388)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	6	3,344	26,307
Income tax	所得税	7(a)	(2,073)	(15,759)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		1,271	10,548
Attributable to:	應佔:			1
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	10	(510)	7,222
Minority interest	少數股東權益		1,781	3,326
Profit for the year	年內溢利		1,271	10,548
(Loss)/earnings per share	每股(虧損)/盈利			5
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	12	(RMB人民幣0.09 cents分)	RMB人民幣1.25 cents分

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

Details of dividends payable to owners of the Company attributable to profit for the year are set out in note 11.

第51至160頁之附註為財務報告之一部分。

年內應佔應向本公司擁有人派付之股息詳 情載列於附註11。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 综合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
- 1710 St		附註	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Profit for the year	年內溢利		1,271	10,548
Other comprehensive	年內其他全面			
income/(loss) for the year:	收益/(虧損):			
Exchange differences on translation of	換算財務報告為呈列貨幣			
financial statements to presentation	產生之匯兑差額			
currency			527	(11,706)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	年內全面收益/(虧損)			
for the year	總額		1,798	(1,158)
Attributable to:	應佔:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人		881	(2,841)
Minority interest	少數股東權益		917	1,683
			1,798	(1,158)

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

第51至160頁之附註為財務報告之一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

综合財務狀況表 At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Fixed assets	固定資產	14(a)		[]
– Other property, plant and equipment	一物業、機器及設備	1-t(u)	103,773	113,759
 Investment property 	一投資物業		220,867	215,589
			324,640	329,348
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	14(f)	9,641	7,972
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產	16	19,100	21,371
			353,381	358,691
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	17	62,870	89,975
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收帳款及其他			6
	應收款項	18	175,355	126,199
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	14(f)	266	222
Tax recoverable	可收回税項	23(a)	8	3,905
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	19	5,404	5,578
Deposits with banks	銀行存款			
(maturity over 3 months)	(到期日在三個月後)		1,707	980
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	20	98,736	78,393
			344,346	305,252
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	22	155,646	139,458
Trade and other payables	貿易應付帳款及其他			
	應付款項	21	53,038	53,217
			208,684	192,675
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		135,662	112,577
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		489,043	471,268
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
	并 流動貝頂 銀行借貸	22	123,772	104,683
Bank borrowings Deferred tax liabilities				
Defetted (ax liabilities	<u>她</u> 烂饥'枳貝頂	23(b)	7,059 130,831	7,964 112,647
				1///
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		358,212	358,621

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
- 1772		附註	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company				
Share capital	股本		59,460	59,460
Reserves	儲備		236,050	237,376
			295,510	206 826
			295,510	296,836
Minority interest	少數股東權益		62,702	61,785
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		358,212	358,621

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 April	
2010	

董事會於二零一零年四月二十三日批准及 授權刊發。

Hsiao Ming-chih Director

Lai Yueh-hsing Director

蕭敏志	賴粵興
董事	董事

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

第51至160頁之附註為財務報告之一部分。

Statement of Financial Position

財務狀況表

At 31 December 2009 於二零零九年十二月三十一日

心	-令	令ノ	ել	FΠ	Ē,	月.	 T	

			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB' 000
		附註	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	14(b)	1,009	2
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	15	198,909	201,206
			199,918	201,208
Current assets	流動資產			
Other receivables	其他應收款項	18	187	240
Amounts due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項	15	5,355	7,141
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	19	5,404	4,120
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	20	4,002	4,996
			14,948	16,497
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	22	6,866	6,866
Other payables	其他應付款項	21	14,518	30,850
			21,384	37,716
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨值		(6,436)	(21,219)
	加到只良伊但		(0,430)	(21,213)
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		193,482	179,989
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the parent		25(a)		
Share capital	股本		59,460	59,460
Reserves	儲備		134,022	120,529
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		193,482	179,989

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 23 April 2010

董事會於二零一零年四月二十三日批准及 授權刊發。

Hsiao Ming-chih	Lai Yueh-hsing	蕭敏志	賴粵興
Director	Director	董事	董事

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

第51至160頁之附註為財務報告之一部分。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 综合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

				,		to owners of 公司擁有人M	f the Compa r 焦佔	ıy				
		Share capital	Share premium	Special reserve	Statutory surplus reserve	Statutory public welfare fund		Retained profits	Proposed final dividend 攤派	Total	Minority interests 少數股東	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價		法定公積金		匯兑儲備	保留溢利	末期股息	總計	權益	總權益
		RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣
At 1 January 2008 Capital contribution received by a non-wholly owned subsidiary from	於二零零八年一月一日 一間非全資附屬公司 獲少數股東注資	59,460	82,345	67,570	19,525	4,950	(7,312)	78,065	11,520	316,123	56,836	372,959
minority shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,266	3,266
Appropriations	分配	-	-	-	1,225	-	-	(1,225)	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive loss	年內全面虧損總額						(40.000)	7 2 2 2 2		(2.0.44)	4 600	(4.450)
for the year Dividend paid (note 11(b))	已付股息(附註11(b))	-	-	-	-	-	(10,063)	7,222	- (11,520)	(2,841) (11,520)	1,683	(1,158) (11,520)
Dividend declared to minority shareholder	向少數股東宣派之股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,926)		(11,320)	-	(11,320)
Dividend paid to	已付少數股東之股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,520)	4,520	-	-	-
minority shareholder		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,926)	(4,926)	-	(4,926)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	59,460	82,345	67,570	20,750	4,950	(17,375)	79,136	-	296,836	61,785	358,621
							(
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日 分配	59,460	82,345	67,570	20,750	4,950	(17,375)	79,136	-	296,836	61,785	358,621
Appropriations Total comprehensive income	万配 年內全面收益總額	-	-	-	(72)	-	1,391	(510)	-	- 881	-	1 700
for the year Dividend declared to	向少數股東宣派之股息	-	-	-	-	-	1,391	(510)		001	917	1,798
minority shareholder Dividend paid to minority shareholder	已付少數股東之股息	-	-	-	-	-	_	(2,207)	(2,207	- (2,207)	-	- (2,207)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	59,460	82,345	67,570	20,678	4,950	(15,984)	76,491	-	295,510	62,702	358,212

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

第51至160頁之附註為組成財務報告之一部 分。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		lote 寸註	2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB′000 千元人民幣
	1777 WK HL Th			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		2.244	26 207
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利 調整:		3,344	26,307
Adjustments for: Interest income	利息收入		(590)	(4,513)
Dividend income from	上市證券之股息收入		(590)	(4,313)
listed securities	工印码分之放态收入		_	(56)
Finance costs	融資成本		4,913	19,388
Depreciation	折舊		13,814	12,684
Amortisation of prepaid lease	預付租賃款項之攤銷		15,014	12,004
payments	顶门位真秋炽之斑蚏		266	222
Impairment loss on trade and	貿易應收帳款及其他		200	222
other receivables	應收款項之減值虧損		1,116	667
Reversal of impairment loss on	撥回貿易應收帳款及		1,110	007
trade and other receivables	其他應收款項之			
	減值虧損		(55)	
Write down of inventories	撇減存貨		421	34,821
Reversal of write down of	撥回存貨撇減		721	54,021
inventories	波口行真孤婉		(30,321))—
Impairment loss on	可供出售金融資產之		(30,321)	
available-for-sale financial assets	減值虧損		2,288	13,956
Net loss/(gain) on disposal of	出售固定資產之虧損/		2,200	15,550
fixed assets	(收益)淨額		918	(72)
Valuation gain on investment	投資物業之估值收益		510	(72)
property	反員物未た旧臣农皿		_	(36,655)
Net loss on derivative financial	衍生金融工具之虧損			(50,055)
instrument	凈額		_	386
Foreign exchange loss/(gain)	匯兑虧損/(收益)		311	(2,766)
	匹尤相) [[7] 【状血】		511	(2,700)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE	營運資金變動前之經營(虧損)	/溢利		
CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL		,	(3,575)	64,369
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少		57,005	44,418
(Increase)/decrease in trade and	貿易應收帳款及其他應收			
other receivables	款項(增加)/減少		(50,217)	269,828
Decrease in trading securities	交易證券減少		_	15,633
Decrease in trade and other payables	貿易應付帳款及其他應付			
	款項減少		(179)	(111,130)
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		2.024	202 110
CASH GENERALED FROM OPERATIONS	經營所得之現金		3,034	283,118
Income tax recovered	口收乐得彩		1 0 1 0	
Income tax recovered	已 收 所 得 税		1,918	(12 500)
Income tax paid	已付所得税		(1,160)	(13,598)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM	經營活動所得之現金淨額			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>派召伯邦川</u> 丙 产次 亚伊跟		3,792	269,520
STERATING ACTIVITED			5,152	209,520

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 RMB′000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB′000 千元人民幣
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產所得款項		6	144
Payment for the purchase of fixed assets	購入固定資產之付款		(7,985)	(12,559)
Payment for the purchase of	購入投資物業之付款		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(//
investment property			_	(164,979)
Payment for the purchase of	購入可供出售金融資產			
available-for-sale financial assets	之付款		_	(35,074)
Increase in deposits with banks	銀行存款(到期日			
(maturity over 3 months)	在三個月後)增加		(727)	(980)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款減少		174	40,959
Interest received	已收利息		590	4,513
Dividend received from listed securities	上市證券所得股息		-	56
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING	投資活動所用之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES	<u> </u>		(7,942)	(167,920)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Proceeds from new bank borrowings	發行股份所得款項		398,418	1,192,199
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸		(363,141)	(1,259,460)
Dividend paid to owners of the Company			_	(11,520)
Dividend paid to minority shareholder	已付少數股東之股息		(2,207)	(4,926)
Interest paid	已付利息		(4,913)	(19,388)
Capital contributions received by	一間非全資附屬公司獲			
a non-wholly owned subsidiary from	少數股東注資			
minority shareholders			-	3,266
NET CASH GENERATED FROM/	融資活動所得/(所用)之			
(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	現金淨額		28,157	(99,829)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值項目增加			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	淨額		24,007	1,771
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於一月一日之現金及			
AT I JANUARY	現金等值項目	20	78,393	67,461
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE	外幣匯率變動之影響			
RATES CHANGES			(3,664)	9,161
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT	於十二月三十一日之	20	00.700	70 000
31 DECEMBER	現金及現金等值項目	20	98,736	78,393

The notes on pages 51 to 160 form part of these financial statements.

第51至160頁之附註為財務報告之一部分。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Mayer Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its registered office is PO Box 309GT, Ugland House, South Church Street, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands, British West Indies. The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in manufacturing and trading of steel pipes, steel sheets and other products made of steel, property investment and leasing of aircrafts.

The Company has its primary listing on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments and interpretations which are or have become effective. It has also issued certain new and revised HKFRSs which are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 3 provides information on initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

1. 一般資料

美亞控股有限公司(「本公司」)為在 開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司,其 註冊辦事處之地址為PO Box 309GT, UglandHouse, South Church Street, GeorgeTown, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands,British West Indies。本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業務 為製造及買賣鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼造 產品、物業投資及飛機租賃。

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板為本公司之主要上市地點。

2. 主要會計政策

(a) 遵例聲明

本財務報告乃按照香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所 有適用香港財務報告準則(「香港 財務報告準則」)(此統稱包括所有 適用之個別香港財務報告準則、 香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」) 及詮譯)、香港普遍採納之會計應 則及香港公司條例之披露規定而 編製。本財務報告亦符合聯交所 證券上市規則之適用披露條文。 本集團採納之主要會計政策概要 載列如下。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干現已 生效或已經生效之修訂及詮釋, 其亦已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂之 香港財務報告準則,該等準則於 本集團及本公司目前之會計期間 首次生效或可以提早採納。附註3 提供首次應用該等與本集團目前 及以往會計期間有關,並於本財 務報告反映之變動的資料。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency that best reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the entity (the "functional currency"). The functional currencies of the Company and its major subsidiaries are Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi ("RMB") respectively. The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Renminbi ("RMB'000"), unless otherwise stated.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except that the investment property is stated at its fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below (see note 2(e)).

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報告的編製基準

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日 止年度的綜合財務報告包括本公 司及其附屬公司。

本集團各公司之財務報告項目以 最能反映與該公司相關的事項及 環境之經濟特徵的貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)計量。本公司及其主要附屬 公司之功能貨幣分別為港元及人 民幣(「人民幣」)。综合財務報告 以千元人民幣(「千元人民幣」)列 示,惟另有説明者除外。

編製財務報告所用的計量基準為 歷史成本法,惟投資物業按公平 值列帳除外,詳情於下列會計政 策中説明(見附註2(e))。

管理層在編製符合香港財務報告 準則的財務報告時需要作出判 斷、估計和假設。這些判斷、估 計和假設會計政策的應用 和資產與負債和收入與支出的應用 報數額。管理層的估計和假設の 報數營運經驗和各種被判斷為合 理的因素,在沒有其他直接來源 下,作為判斷資產和負債的帳面 值的基礎。因此,實際結果可能 有別於該等估計。

管理層會不斷審閲該等估計和相 關假設。如修訂的會計估計只影 響當期,修訂會於當期確認;如 修訂同時影響本期及未來期間, 修訂會於修訂及未來期間確認。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (Continued)

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year are discussed in note 35.

(c) Subsidiaries and minority interest

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. In assessing control, potential voting rights that presently are exercisable are taken into account.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Minority interests represent the portion of the net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests that are not owned by the Company, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. Minority interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. Minority interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between minority interests and the owners of the Company.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報告的編製基準(續)

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則 時所作出對財務報告有重大影響 之判斷,以及有極大風險導致下 年度須作出重大調整之估算,於 附註35討論。

(c) 附屬公司及少數股東權益

附屬公司乃由本集團控制之實 體。當本集團有權力監管一間實 體之財務及經營政策,藉此自其 業務中獲得利益時,則存在控制 權。於評估控制權時,將考慮現 時可行使之潛在投票權。

於附屬公司的投資乃由控制權開 始當日起合併計算至綜合財務 報告內,及直至控制權終止日為 止。集團內公司間結餘、交易及 因進行集團內公司間於編製綜合 其務報告時完全抵銷。因進行集 變現虧損均予抵銷,方式與未變 現收益相同,惟僅以並無減值憑 證者為限。

少數股東權益指並非由本公司直 接或透過附屬公司間接擁有之權 益所佔附屬公司資產淨值之部 份。就此而言,本集團並未與與 管權益持有人協定任何額外條 款負備所界定的合約號況表內之 權益分開列示。少數股東權益 所佔本集團從益表內作為年度溢利 所佔本集面收益表內作為年度溢利 或虧損總額及全面總收益列作年 內少數股東權益與本公司擁有人 之間之分配。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Subsidiaries and minority interest (Continued)

Where losses applicable to the minority exceed the minority's interest in the equity of a subsidiary, the excess, and any further losses applicable to the minority, are charged against the Group's interest except to the extent that the minority has a binding obligation to, and is able to, make additional investment to cover the losses. If the subsidiary subsequently reports profits, the Group's interest is allocated all such profits until the minority's share of losses previously absorbed by the Group has been recovered.

Loans from holders of minority interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with note 2(I) depending on the nature of the liability.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(h)(ii)).

(d) Other investments in equity securities

The Group's and the Company's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, are as follows:

Investments in equity securities are initially stated at cost, which is their transaction price unless fair value can be more reliably estimated using valuation techniques whose variables include only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(c) 附屬公司及少數股東權益(續)

倘少數股東權益應佔虧損超過其 所佔附屬公司股東權益,超額部 分和任何歸屬於少數股東之進一 步虧損便會沖減本集團之權益; 惟當少數股東須承擔具有約束力 之義務並有能力進行額外投資以 彌補虧損則除外。附屬公司之所 有其後溢利均會分配至本集團之 權益,直至本集團收回以往承擔 之少數股東應佔虧損為止。

少數股東權益持有人提供之貸款,以及該等持有人須承擔之其 他合約責任,乃視乎負債之性質 根據附註2(I)於綜合財務狀況表列 為金融負債。

於本公司的財務狀況表內,於附 屬公司的投資乃按成本減去減值 虧損(見附註2(h)(ii))列帳.

(d) 其他股本證券投資

本集團及本公司之股本證券投資 (除附屬公司投資外)準則如下:

股本證券投資初步按成本值(即其 交易價格)列帳;但如可根據一項 變數只包括可觀察市場數據之估 值方法更可靠地估計出公平值則 除外。成本包括應佔交易成本; 惟下文所述者除外。此等投資其 後因應所屬分類入帳如下;

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Other investments in equity securities (Continued)

Investments in securities held for trading are classified as current assets. Any attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss does not include any dividends or interest earned on these investments as these are recognised in accordance with the policies set out in note 2(q)(iii) and (iv) respectively.

Investments in equity securities that do not have a listed market price in an active market and whose fair value cannot be reliably measured are recognised in the statement of financial position at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(h) (i)).

Other investments in securities are classified as available-forsale equity securities and are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured, with any resultant gain or loss being recognised directly in equity. Dividend income from these investments is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(q)(iii) and, where these investments are interest-bearing, interest calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in profit or loss in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(q)(iv). When these investments are derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised directly in equity is recognised in profit or loss.

For an investment in equity instruments that do not have a quoted market price in an active market, or derivatives linked to such equity instruments, it is measured at cost less impairment (because its fair value cannot be measured reliably).

Investments are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group and/or the Company commits to purchase/sell the investments or when they expire.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(d) 其他股本證券投資(續)

持作貿易用途之證券投資被歸類 為流動資產,任何應佔交易成本 於產生時在損益表中確認。於報 告期末,會重新計算公平值,所 得之盈虧於損益表中確認。在損 益表中確認之盈虧淨額並不包括 從此等投資賺取所得之任何股息 或利息,因為有關股息或利息會 按附註2(q)(iii)及(iv)所載政策確認。

倘股本證券投資於活躍市場並無 上市市場報價及其公平值無法準 確計量,則該等投資在財務狀況 表中以成本值減去減值虧損確認 入帳(見附註2(h)(i))。

其他證券投資被歸類為可供出售 股本證券,初步按公平值加交易 成本確認。於報告期末,會重重 算公平值,所得之盈虧會直 新 之股息收入會按附註2(q)(iii)所載 及策,則會根據附註2(q)(iv)所載政 策,把按實際利息法計算之利息 在投資,先前直接於權益中確認 之又號。

對於並無在交投活躍市場中有市 場報價之股本工具投資,又或與 該等股本工具掛鈎之衍生工具, 按成本扣除減值計量(因為其公平 值無法可靠計量)。

投資會於本集團及/或本公司承 諾買入/賣出當日或其屆滿之日 確認/終止確認。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Investment property

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note 2(g)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated in the statement of financial position at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably determined at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note 2(q)(ii).

When the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease, and the same accounting policies are applied to that interest as are applied to other investment properties leased under finance leases. Lease payments are accounted for as described in note 2(g).

(f) Other property, plant and equipment

Other property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(h)(ii)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(e) 投資物業

投資物業是根據租賃權益而擁有 或持有用作賺取租金收入及/或 資本增值之土地及/或樓宇(見附 註2(g)),包括目前尚未決定未來 用途之土地及正在建設或作為投 資物業發展為未來用途之物業。

除非投資物業於報告期末仍處 於興建或發展階段,且當時未能 可靠釐定其公允價值,否則投資 物業按公允價值於財務狀況表入 賬。公平值變動所產生或投資物 業退廢或出售所產生之任何盈虧 於損益表中確認。投資物業之租 金收入按附註2(q)(ii)所載者入帳。

如本集團根據經營租約持有一項 物業權益以賺取租金收入及/或 資本增值,有關權益按個別物業 基線歸類為投資物業,並據此入 帳。被歸類為投資物業的任何物 業權益入帳時猶如其在融資租約 下持有一樣,而應用於在融資租約 下租賃之其他投資物業者相同。 租金按附註2(g)所載者入帳。

(f) 其他物業、機器及設備

其他物業、機器及設備按成本減 累計折舊及累計減值虧損(見附註 2(h)(ii))入帳。

自行興建之物業、機器及設備之 成本,包括材料成本、直接勞工 成本,及如適用,初步估計拆卸 及搬遷項目以及恢復項目所在地 原貌的成本,以及適當比例的其 他生產成本和借貸成本。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Other property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net proceeds on disposal and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- freehold land is not depreciated;

Building and factory premises Leasehold improvements Furniture, fixtures and office equipment Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Aircrafts

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residue value, if any, are reviewed annually.

Construction in progress represents property, plant and equipment under construction and pending installation and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (see note 2(h)(ii)), if any. Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, the costs of plant and machinery and interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction or installation and testing, if any. No provision for depreciation is made on construction in progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and are available for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to other property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(f) 其他物業、機器及設備(續)

出售或棄用物業、機器及設備項 目之盈虧乃指出售所得款項淨額 與有關項目帳面值之差額,並於 出售或棄用日期在損益表內確認。

就其估計可使用年期以直線法 撇銷物業、機器及設備項目之成 本,減去其估計剩餘價值(如有) 而計算之折舊如下:

-永久業權土地不予折舊;

樓宇及廠房5%租賃物業裝修10% - 33¼%傢俬、裝置及辦公室設備5% - 33⅓%機器及設備7% - 25%汽車10% - 25%飛機20% - 50%

當物業、機器及設備項目之不同 部分有不同使用年期時,項目之 成本在不同部分之間按合理基準 分配,每個部分分開計算折舊。 資產之可使用年期及其剩餘價值 (如有)須每年檢討。

在建工程指興建中和未安裝的物 業、機器及設備,按成本減累計 減值虧損(見附註(h)(ii))(如有) 列帳。成本包括樓宇建築成本、 機器及設備成本以及在興建或安 裝及測試期間為該等資產融資借 貸所產生的利息費用(如有)。在 建工程截至相關資產建設完成且 可作擬定用途前不會計提折舊撥 備。有關資產投入使用時,該等 成本會撥歸其他物業、機器及設 備,並按上文所載的政策折舊。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group

Assets held by the Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, with the following exceptions:

- property held under operating leases that would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property is classified as an investment property on a property-by-property basis and, if classified as investment property, is accounted for as if held under a finance lease (see note 2(e)); and
- land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous leasee.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃資產

- 如本集團能確定某項安排賦予有 關人士權利,可透過付款或支付 一系列款項而於協定期間內使用 特定資產,有關安排(包括一項交 易或一系列交易)即屬或包含租 賃。本集團之結論乃基於有關安 排之實質內容評估而作出,並不 論有關安排是否具備租賃之法律 形式。
- (i) 本集團租用之資產之分類 就本集團根據租賃持有之資 產而言,如有關租賃把絕大 部份擁有權之風險及利益轉 移至本集團,則有關資產被 分類為根據融資租約持有之 資產。不會轉移絕大部份擁 有權之風險及利益予本集團 之租賃乃分類為經營租約, 惟以下情況除外:
 - 若根據經營租約持有但
 符合投資物業定義之
 物業,乃按個別物業之
 基準分類為投資物業,
 及倘已被分類為投資
 物業,則根據融資租約
 持有方式入帳(見附註
 2(e));及
 - 根據經營租約持有之自
 用土地, 6不可與之人, 6
 大可與主人之樓, 會式入帳, 9
 計量, 5式, 5
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財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Leased assets (Continued)

(ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are written off as an expense of the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term except where the property is classified as an investment property.

(h) Impairment of assets

(i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables

Investments in equity securities (other than investments in subsidiaries: see note 2(h)(ii)) and other current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost or are classified as available-forsale equity securities are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(g) 租賃資產(續)

- (ii) 經營租約支出
 - 如屬本集團根據經營租約使 用資產之情況,則根據租賃 作出之付款會在租賃期所涵 蓋之會計期間內,以等額方 式計入損益表中;惟如有其 他基準能更清楚地反映租賃 資產所產生之收益模式則除 外。已收取之租賃獎勵在損 益表中確認為總租賃付款淨 額的一部份。或有租金於其 產生之會計期間乃作開支撇 銷。

根據經營租約持有之土地之 收購成本乃於租賃期內以直 線法攤銷,惟物業已被列作 投資物業者除外。

(h) 資產減值

(i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款 項減值

> 以成本或攤銷成本列帳之股 本證券投資(除投資於附屬 公司,見附註2(h)(ii))及其他 流動及非流動應收款項或分 類為可供出售股本證券在每 一報告期末作檢討,以決定 一報告觀憑證包括本集團留 意到有關以下一項或多項虧 損事件之可觀察數據:

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

- (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (Continued)
 - significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
 - a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
 - it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
 - significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; and
 - a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of an investment in an equity instrument below its cost.

If any such evidence exists, any impairment loss is determined and recognised as follows:

 For unlisted equity securities carried at cost, impairment loss is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial asset and the estimated future cash flows, discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset where the effect of discounting is material. Impairment losses for equity securities are not reversed.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (h) 資產減值(續)
 - (i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款項減值(續)
 - 債務人出現重大財政困 難;
 - 違反合約,如拖欠或延 遲支付利息或本金;
 - 債務人可能破產或進行
 其他財務重組;
 - 科技、市場、經濟或法 律環境之重大轉變對債
 務人產生負面影響;及
 - 股本投資工具價格出現
 重大或長期下跌至在成
 本以下。

若任何該證據存在,任何減 值虧損應決定及確認如下:

就非上市按成本列報之股本證券,減值虧損乃根據金融資產之帳面值及以相近金融資產按現時市場之回報率折現預期未來現金流量(當折現之影響為重大時)之差異計算。股本證券之減值虧損不可轉回。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

- (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (Continued)
 - For trade and other receivables and other financial assets carried at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. The assessment is made collectively where financial assets carried at amortised cost share similar risk characteristics, such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款 項減值(續)

> 就貿易應收帳款及其他 應收款項及以攤銷成本 列報之其他金融資產, 減值虧損乃根據資產 之帳面值及金融資產原 訂實際利率(即該等資 產於首次確認時計算之 實際利率)折現預期未 來現金流量之差異計算 (當折現之影響為重大 時)。當金融資產以攤 銷成本列報並含有相近 之風險特色,如相近之 逾期未付情況及沒有個 別評估需作減值時,以 上評核需共同評計。 金 融資產之未來現金流量 需一同作出減值評估並 基於以往之資產虧損記 錄以其相近組別之信貸 風險特色而作出。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

- (i) Impairment of investments in equity securities and other receivables (Continued)
 - For available-for-sale equity securities which are stated at fair value, when a decline in the fair value has been recognised directly in equity and there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity shall be removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss even though the financial asset has not been derecognised. The amount of the cumulative loss that is recognised in profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost (net of any principal repayment and amortisation) and current fair value, less any impairment loss on that asset previously recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss in respect of available-for-sale equity securities are not reversed through profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in the fair value of such assets is recognised directly in equity.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

- (h) 資產減值(續)
 - (i) 股本證券投資及其他應收款 項減值(續)
 - 就按公平值列帳之可供 出售股本證券,當公平 值下跌已直接於權益確 認並有客觀憑證顯示資 產減值,則於權益直接 確認之已確認累積虧損 從權益中扣除,並於損 益表內確認(縱然金融 資產並未取消確認)。 於損益表內確認之累積 虧損數額乃購買成本 (扣除任何本金償還及 攤銷)及現時公平值, 減去該資產先前於損益 表內確認之減值虧損後 之差異。

有關可供出售股本證券 於損益表內確認之減值 虧損不會經損益表撥 回。該等資產之公平值 之任何往後增加於權益 中直接確認。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment (other than properties carried at revalued amounts); and
- investments in subsidiaries.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cashgenerating unit).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(ii) 其他資產減值

在每一報告期末,內部及外 界資料均作檢討以鑑定以下 之資產有否顯示需要減值或 以往確認之減值虧損是否已 不復存在或經已減少:

物業、機器及設備(不
 包括按重估金額列帳之
 物業);及

- 附屬公司之投資。

如有任何此等跡象,則須估 計該資產之可收回金額。

- 計算可收回數額

資產之可收回數額乃指 公平值減出售成本與其 使用價值兩者中之較 高者。在評估使用價值 時,估計日後現金流量 乃根據除税前貼現率貼 現至現值,而該貼現率 須能反映市場現行對款 項的時間價值及資產獨 有風險之評估。倘某項 資產之現金流量大致上 不能獨立於其他資產之 現 金 流 量 · 則 就 可 獨 立 產生現金流量之最小資 產組別(即現金產生單 位)釐定可收回數額。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Impairment of other assets (Continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss whenever the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying amount of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs to sell, or value in use, if determinable.

Reversals of impairment losses

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see note 2(h)(i) and (ii)).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

- (ii) 其他資產減值(續)
 - 一 確認減值虧損

倘資產或其所屬之現金 產生單位之帳面值超過 其可收回數額,則於損 益表確認減值虧損。就 現金產生單位確認之減 值虧損而言,其首先用 作減少單位(或單位類 別)內資產之帳面值將不得減 少至低於其個別公平值 減出售成本或使用價值 (如能計算)。

- 減值虧損撥回

倘用作釐定可收回數額 之估計出現有利變動, 則須撥回減值虧損。

減值虧損撥回只限於該 資產並未計算過往年度 所確認之減值虧損時之 帳面值。減值虧損撥回 之數於確認有關撥回之 年度計入損益表內。

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值

根據聯交所證券上市規則, 本集團須按照《香港會計準 則》第34號一「中期財務報 告」之規定就有關財政年度 首六個月編製中期財務報 告。於中期期末,本集團採 用其於財政年度結束時將會 採用之同一減值測試、確認 及撥回標準(見附註2(h)(i)及 (ii))。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment (Continued)

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of available-for-sale equity securities carried at cost are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

(i) Inventories

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the weighted average cost formula and comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(h) 資產減值(續)

(iii) 中期財務報告及減值(續)

於中期期間商譽及可供出售 股本證券確認之減值虧損不 會於其後的期間撥回。假設 有關中期期間的減值評估 於財政年度結束時進行,即 使沒有確認虧損,或虧損較 少,均採用以上相同處理方 法。

(i) 存貨

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者之 較低者入帳。

成本乃根據加權平均成本方程式 計算,包括所有採購成本、轉換 成本和將存貨運至現址及使其達 至現時狀況所產生之其他成本。

可變現淨值按在日常業務過程中 之估計售價,減去估計完成成本 及估計進行出售所需之其他成本 計算。

於出售存貨後,其帳面值計入相 關收益確認之期間之費用。存貨 撇減至可變現淨值之任何撇減金 額和存貨之所有虧損金額,計入 撇減或虧損發生之期間之費用。 撥回就存貨撇減之任何金額乃於 撥回產生之期間確認為已確認存 貨之減值及列作一項開支。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts, except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 2(h)(i)).

(k) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

(I) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with note 2(p)(i), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(m) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(j) 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款項

貿易應收帳款及其他應收款項按 公平值初步確認,其後則以按經 攤銷成本扣除呆壞帳減值撥備列 帳,惟應收款項為向有關連人士 作出無固定還款期之免息貸款 或折現之影響並不重大者除外。 在該等情況,應收款項按成本減 呆壞帳之減值撥備列值(見附註 2(h)(i))。

(k) 計息借貸

計息借貸按公平值減應佔交易費 用初步確認。於初步確認後,計 息借貸按攤銷成本列帳,初步確 認之金額與贖回價值之任何差異 會在貸款期間內以實際利率法連 同任何應付利息及費用在損益表 確認。

(I) 貿易應付帳款及其他應付款項

貿易應付帳款及其他應付款項按 公平值初步確認。除財務擔保負 債按附註2(p)(i)計量外,貿易應付 帳款及其他應付款項其後以按經 攤銷成本列帳,除非貼現之影響 不重大,於此情況,則以成本列 帳。

(m) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行及 手頭現金、存放於銀行及其他金 融機構的活期存款,及可隨時漁 動性的投資(彼等於價值變動方面 的風險不大),於收購後三個月內 到期。就編製綜合現金流量表而 言,現金及現金等值項目亦包括 須於接獲通知時償還,並構成本 集團現金管理一部分的銀行透支。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

(ii) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the share options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options expected to vest is reviewed. Any adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year under review, unless the original employee expenses gualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退 休計劃供款

> 薪金、年度花紅、年度有薪 假期、界定供款退休計劃供 款及非金錢福利之成本於僱 員提供服務之年度提取。倘 因付款或結算遞延而造成重 大影響,有關數額則按現值 列帳。

(ii) 股份付款開支

於歸屬期內,需審閱預期行 使之購股權數目。任何對過 往年度已確認累計公平值所 作調整於回顧年度之損益表 内扣除/計入,除非原有僱 員開支合資格確認為資產, 則對資本儲備作出相應調 整。於歸屬日期,已確認為 開支之金額會作調整,以反 映實際歸屬購股權數目(資 本儲備亦會作出相應調整), 惟僅因未能達到有關本公司 股份市價之行使條件而沒收 其購股權之情況則作別論。 權益金額於資本儲備確認, 直至購股權獲行使(即轉撥 至股份溢價帳時)或購股權 到期(即直接轉撥至保留溢 利時)為止。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised when, and only when, the Group demonstrably commits itself to terminate employment or to provide benefits as a result of voluntary redundancy by having a detailed formal plan which is without realistic possibility of withdrawal.

(o) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(n) 僱員福利

(iii) 終止聘用福利

終止聘用福利僅於本集團在 具備正式而詳細且不可能撤 回方案之情況,決意終止聘 用或因採取自願離職措施而 提供福利時,方予確認。

(o) 所得税

年內之所得税包括即期税項及遞 延税項資產及負債之變動。即期 税項及遞延税項資產及負債之變 動乃於損益表內確認,除非有關 項目與直接在權益確認之項目有 關,於此情況有關税項分別於其 他全面收益或直接於權益中確認。

即期税項為預期須就年內應課税 收入支付之税項,乃採用於報告 期末已頒佈或實質頒佈之税率計 算,並就過往年度應付之税項作 出調整。

遞延税項資產和負債分別由可扣 税和應課税暫時差異產生。暫時 差異是指資產和負債在財務報告 上的帳面值與這些資產和負債的 税基的差異。遞延税項資產亦可 以由未使用的税損及未動用税項 抵免產生。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Income tax (Continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided that those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 所得税(續)

除若干例外情況外,所有遞延税 項負債及所有遞延税項資產均於 日後產生應課税溢利並將可動用 資產予以抵銷時確認。可引證確 認源自可扣税暫時差額之遞延税 項資產之日後應課税溢利,包括 該等源自撥回現有應課税暫時差 額,惟差額須與同一税務機關及 同一應税實體有關,並預期於撥 回可扣税暫時差額之同一期間或 源自遞延税項資產之税項虧損可 撥回或結轉之期間撥回。在決定 現有的應課税暫時差異是否足以 支持確認由未使用税損及税項抵 免所產生的遞延税項資產時,亦 會採用同一準則,即差異是否與 同一税務機關及同一應税實體有 關,並是否預期在能夠使用税損 或税項抵免的一段或多段期間內 轉回。

不確認為遞延税項資產和負債的 暫時差異是產生自以下有限的例 外情況:不可扣税的商譽,不影 響會計或應税溢利的資產或負債 的初次確認(如屬業務合併的一部 分則除外),以及與投資附屬公司 (如屬應税差異,只限於本集團可 以控制轉回的時間,而且在可預 見的將來不大可能轉回的差異; 或如屬可扣税差異,則只限於很 可能在將來轉回的差異)有關的暫 時差異。

所確認的遞延税項數額是按照資 產和負債帳面值的預期變現或清 償方式,根據在報告期末已生效 或實際上已生效的税率計量。遞 延税項資產和負債均不貼現計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Income tax (Continued)

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(o) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產之帳面值會於各報 告期末檢討,並於不再可能取得 足夠應課税溢利以動用有關税務 得益時調低。任何減幅會於可能 取得足夠應課税溢利時撥回。

派發股息產生之額外所得税於確 認支付相關股息之負債時確認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以 及有關變動均獨立呈列,不予抵 銷。倘於本公司或本集團具法定 強制執行權力可將即期税項資產 與即期税項負債抵銷,並且符合 以下額外條件的情況,則即期税 項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,而 遞延税項資產則與遞延税項負債 抵銷:

- 就即期税項資產和負債而
 言,本公司或本集團計劃按
 淨額基準結算,或同時變現
 該資產和清償該負債;或
- 就遞延税項資產和負債而
 言,如彼等與同一税務機關
 就以下其中一項徵收的所得
 税有關:
 - 同一應税實體;或
 - 不同的應税實體。這些 實體計劃
 實體計劃
 症日後每個債
 需要清償或大額
 頭資產可以收回的期間
 內,按淨額基準變現即
 期税項資產和清償
 取得負債,或同時
 該資產和清償
 該負債。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Where the Group issues a financial guarantee, the fair value of the guarantee (being the transaction price, unless the fair value can otherwise be reliably estimated) is initially recognised as deferred income within trade and other payables. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss on initial recognition of any deferred income.

The amount of the guarantee initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. In addition, provisions are recognised in accordance with note 2(p)(ii) if and when (i) it becomes probable that the holder of the guarantee will call upon the Group under the guarantee, and (ii) the amount of that claim on the Group is expected to exceed the amount currently carried in trade and other payables in respect of that guarantee i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 發出財務擔保、撥備及或然負債

(i) 所發出的財務擔保

財務擔保合約規定發行人 (即擔保人)支付指定款項, 以補償擔保之受益人(「持有 人」)因個別債務人未能根據 債務工具的條款償還到期債 務而產生之損失。

倘本集團發出財務擔保,擔 保之公平值(即交易價,除 非公平值能夠另行可靠計量) 初步確認為貿易應付帳款及 其他酸分素項之遞延收入。 倘就發出擔保而已收或來收 代價,則該代價資產已取或應收 代價,則於初步確認任何遞 與開於初步確認任何遞 即期開支。

最初確認為遞延收入的擔保 金額按擔保期於損益表內攤 銷為所發出的財務擔保的收 入 可能根據是項擔保將向本 集團提出家價,及(ii)向本集 團提出的申索金額預期超過 於項內就擔保即時入帳的金 額(即最初確認的金額減累 計攤銷後所得的金額),則根 據附註2(p)(ii)確認撥備。
For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(p) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities (Continued)

(ii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(q) Revenue recognition

Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered at the customers' premises which is taken to be the point in time when the customer has accepted the goods and the related risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(p) 發出財務擔保、撥備及或然負債

(ii) 其他撥備及或然負債

當本集團或本公司須就已發 生的事件承擔法律或推定責 任,而為履行責任,有可能 導致含有經濟利益的資源外 流,在可以作出可靠的估計 時,本集團或本公司便會就 該時間或數額不定的其他負 債計提撥備。如果貨幣時間 值重大,則按預計履行責任 所需支出的現值計提撥備。

當含有經濟利益的資源外流 的機會較低,或無法對有關 數額作出可靠的估計,便會 將該責任披露為或然負債, 但經濟利益外流的機會極低 則除外。當本集團的責任 祖乎某宗或多宗未來有 低 須 乎基之能確定是否存在, 亦會披露為或然負債,但經 濟利益外流的機會極低時則 除外。

(q) 收益確認

如果經濟利益可能會流入本集 團,且收入及成本(倘適用)能可 靠地計量時,收入便會根據下列 基準在損益表內確認:

(i) 銷售貨品

收益在貨品送達客戶處所 (即客戶接納貨品及其所有權 之相關風險及回報之時)確 認。收益不包括增值税或其 他銷售税,並已扣除任何營 業折扣。

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For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Revenue recognition (Continued)

(ii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

(iii) Dividends

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

(iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(v) Service income

Service income is recognised when the services are rendered.

(vi) Government subsidy

Subsidy income is recognised as revenue when there is reasonable assurance that it will be recieved.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(q) 收益確認(續)

(ii) 經營租約產生之租金收入

根據經營租約應收之租金收 入於租賃期間內以等額方式 在損益表中確認:除非有另 一基準更能代表使用租賃資 產所產生之利益之模式。已 授出之租賃獎勵於損益表中 確認為可收取之總租賃款項 淨額的一部份。或有租金於 賺取之會計期間確認為收入。

(iii) 股息

非上市投資之股息收入於股 東收取付款之權利確立時確 認。上市投資之股息收入於 投資之股價除淨後確認。

(iv) 利息收入

利息收入使用實際利率法於 累算時確認。

(v) 服務收入 服務收入在提供服務時確認。

(vi) 政府補貼

政府補貼於有合理保證將會 收到時確認為收益。

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss, except those arising from foreign currency borrowings used to hedge a net investment in a foreign operation which are recognised directly in equity.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the results of the Group's operations not denominated in RMB are translated into RMB, i.e. the presentation currency of the Group, at the average exchange rates for the year. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised directly in a separate component of equity.

(s) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are expensed in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred, except to the extent that they are capitalised as being directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intend use or sale.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(r) 外幣換算

於年內進行之外幣交易以交易日 之適用外幣匯率換算。於各報告 期末以外幣列值之貨幣資產及負 債按該日之外幣匯率換算。匯兑 盈虧於損益表內確認,惟來自用 作對沖外國企業淨投資之外幣借 貸則直接於權益內確認。

按過往成本以外幣為單位之非貨 幣資產及負債,按交易日之外幣 匯率換算。以公平值列帳並以外 幣列值的非貨幣資產及負債按釐 定其公平值當日適用之匯率換算。

就呈列綜合財務報告而言,本集 團旗下業務中並非以人民幣計值 之業績乃按年內平均匯率換算為 人民幣,即本集團之呈列貨幣。 財務狀況表項目乃按報告期末之 外幣匯率換算為人民幣。產生之 匯率差額直接於權益的獨立項目 中確認。

(s) 借貸成本

借貸成本於發生期間在損益表內 列作開支,但與收購、建設或生 產需要長時間才可以投入擬定用 途或銷售的資產直接相關的借貸 成本則會資本化。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Borrowing costs (Continued)

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(t) Related parties

For the purpose of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the Group and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the Group or a joint venture in which the Group is a venturer;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(s) 借貸成本(續)

屬於合資格資產成本一部分的借 貸成本在用於資產的開支產生、 產生借貸成本及使資產投入擬定 用途或銷售所必需的準備工作進 行期間開始資本化。當使合資格 資產投入擬定用途或銷售所必需 的絕大部分準備工作中止或完成 時,借貸成本便會暫停或停止資 本化。

(t) 有關連人士

就本財務報告而言,下列人士與 本集團有關連,倘:

- (i) 該人士有能力直接或間接透 過一個或多個中介人控制本 集團,或可對本集團的財務 及經營決策發揮重大影響 力,或共同控制本集團;
- (ii) 本集團及該人士均受共同控 制;
- (iii) 該人士屬本集團的聯營公司或本集團為合營方之合營公司;
- (iv) 該人士屬本集團主要管理 層的成員或本集團的母公 司、或屬該人士的近親家庭 成員、或受該等個別人士控 制、共同控制或重大影響的 實體;

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2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Related parties (Continued)

- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

(u) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

2. 主要會計政策(續)

(t) 有關連人士(續)

- (v) 該人士如屬(i)所指的近親家 庭成員或受該等個別人士控 制、共同控制或重大影響的 實體;或
- 該人士屬提供福利予本集團或與 本集團有關連的實體的僱員 離職後福利計劃。

個人的近親家庭成員指可影響, 或受該個人影響,彼等與該實體 交易的家庭成員。

(u) 分部報告

經營分部,及於財務報告中報告 的每個分部項目款額從財務資料 中確認,而財務資料則定期提供 予本集團首席營運決策人,以向 本集團各個業務及業務所在地分 配資源,並評估本集團各個業務 及業務所在地的表現。

除非分部的經濟特徵相似,且在 產品及服務性質、生產過程性 質、顧客種類及等級、分銷產品 或提供服務的方式,及監管環境 性質方面均相似,否則個別重大 的經營分部並不為編製財務報告 而將其合計。倘個別非重大的經 營分部共同具有上述的特徵,則 可能將其合計。

報告準則

財務報告附註

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務

本集團已採納以下於本會計期間首次

生效的新增及經修訂準則、修訂及詮釋 (「新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則」)。

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3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has adopted the following new and revised Standards, Amendments and Interpretations ("new and revised HKFRSs") that are first effective for the current accounting period.

HKAS 1 (Revised 2007)	Presentation of Financial Statements	香港會計準則第1號 (二零零七年經修訂)	財務報告之呈報
HKAS 23 (Revised 2007)	Borrowing Costs	香港會計準則第23號 (二零零七年經修訂)	借貸成本
HKFRS 1 & HKAS 27 (Amendments)	Cost of an Investment in a Subsidiary, Jointly Controlled Entity or Associate	香港財務報告準則第1號 及香港會計準則第27號 (修訂本)	於附屬公司、共同控制 實體或聯營公司之投資 成本
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Vesting Conditions and Cancellations	香港財務報告準則第2號 (修訂本)	歸屬條件及註銷 ————————————————————————————————————
HKFRS 7 (Amendment)	Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments	香港財務報告準則第7號 (修訂本)	改進有關金融工具的披露
HKFRS 8	Operating Segments	香港財務報告準則第8號	經營分類
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2008, except for the amendment to HKFRS 5 which	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零零八年頒佈的香港 財務報告準則改進 (自二零零九年七月一日
	is effective for annual periods beginning or after 1 July 2009		用山或之後各年度期間 生效的香港財務報告 準則第5號除外)
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009 in relation to the amendment to paragraph 80 of HKAS 39	香港財務報告準則 (修訂本)	二零零九年頒佈的香港 財務報告準則的改進 (關於香港會計準則 第39號第80段的修訂)
HKAS 32 & 1 (Amendments)	Puttable Financial Instruments and Obligations Arising on Liquidation	香港會計準則第32號 及第1號(修訂本)	可沽售金融工具及清盤時 產生之責任
HK(IFRIC) – Int 9 & HKAS 39 (Amendments)	Embedded Derivatives	香港(國際財務匯報準則) 一詮釋第9號及香港 會計準則第39號 (修訂本)	嵌入衍生工具
HK(IFRIC) – Int 13	Customer Loyalty Programmes	香港(國際財務匯報準則) 一詮釋第13號	客戶忠誠度計劃
HK(IFRIC) – Int 15	Agreements for the Construction of Real Estate	香港(國際財務匯報準則) 一詮釋第15號	興建物業之協議
HK(IFRIC) – Int 16	Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation	香港(國際財務匯報準則) 一詮釋第16號	於外國業務之淨投資之 對沖
HK(IFRIC) – Int 18	Transfers of Assets from Customers	香港 (國際財務匯報準則) 一詮釋第18號	從客戶轉移資產

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3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

Except as described below, the adoption of the new and revised HKFRSs has had no material effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the current or prior accounting periods.

The amendments to HKAS 23 and HKFRS 2 have had no material impact on the Group's financial statements as the amendments and interpretations were consistent with policies already adopted by the Group. The impact of the remainder of these developments is as follows:

HKFRS 8 requires segment disclosure to be based on the way that the Group's chief operating decision maker regards and manages the Group, with the amounts reported for each reportable segment being the measures reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of assessing segment performance and making decisions about operating matters. This contrasts with the presentation of segment information in prior years which was based on a disaggregation of the Group's financial statements into segments based on related products and services and on geographical areas. The adoption of HKFRS 8 has resulted in the presentation of segment information in a manner that is more consistent with internal reporting provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker, and has resulted in additional reportable segments being identified and presented (see note 13). Corresponding amounts have been provided on a basis consistent with the revised segment information.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

除了以下闡述者外,採納該等新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準則對本集團於 本會計期間或過往會計期間之綜合財 務報告並無重大影響。

香港會計準則第23號和香港財務報告 準則第2號的修訂對本集團財務報告併 無重大影響,由於該等修訂及解釋與 本集團目前已採用之會計政策一致。 上述發展的影響分析如下:

《香港財務報告準則》第8號要求 分部的披露應以本集團的首席營 運決策人在考慮及管理本集團時 所用的方法為基礎,各個須報告 分部所呈報的數額應與向本集團 首席營運決策人所呈報以供其評 估分部表現和就營運事宜作出決 策的衡量基準一致。這個方法有 別於以往年度分部資料的呈列方 式,以往的呈列方式是按照相關 服務和地區來劃分本集團財務報 告的分部。採納《香港財務報告準 則》第8號使分部資料的呈列方式 與提供予本集團首席營運決策人 的內部報告更為一致,並產生所 確定和呈列的額外須報告分部(見 附註13)。相關數額已按與經修訂 分部資料一致的基準提供。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

- As a result of the adoption of HKAS 1 (Revised 2007), details of changes in equity during the year arising from transactions with equity shareholders in their capacity as such have been presented separately from all other income and expenses in a revised consolidated statement of changes in equity. All other items of income and expense are presented in the consolidated income statement, if they are recognised as part of profit or loss for the year, or otherwise in a new primary statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Corresponding amounts have been restated to conform to the new presentation. This change in presentation has no effect on reported profit or loss, total income and expense or net assets for any period presented.
- As a result of the adoption of the amendments to HKFRS
 7, the financial statements include expanded disclosures
 in note 26(f) about the fair value measurement of the
 Group's financial instruments, categorising these fair value
 measurements into a three-level fair value hierarchy according
 to the extent to which they are based on observable market
 data. The Group has taken advantage of the transitional
 provisions set out in the amendments to HKFRS 7, under
 which comparative information for the newly required
 disclosures about the fair value measurements of financial
 instruments has not been provided.

應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

- 採納香港會計準則第1號(二零零 七年經修訂)後,權益列報之主要 變化在於與所有者之資本交易導 致之權益詳細變動需與其他交易 產生之收入與費用在股東權益變 動表內分開列報。對確認於年內 之收益或損失,列示於新的財務 報告,或合併綜合收入表。比較 數據已按新的列報方式重列於報 表中。列報方式之改變不會對損 益,總收入及費用或淨資產構成 任何影響。
- 採用香港財務報告準則第7號的修 訂後,財務報告包括附註26(f)已 擴充的披露,該披露是有關本集 團金融工具的公平值計量,根據 可觀察的市場數據將該等公平值 計量以公平值等級制度分類成三 個等級。本集團已利用香港財務 報告準則第7號修訂的過渡條文, 該等條文並無規定須就新披露要 求呈列有關金融工具公平值計量 的相對資料。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (Continued)

- The "Improvements to HKFRSs (2008)" comprise a number of amendments to a range of HKFRSs. Of these, the following amendments have resulted in changes to the Group's accounting policies:
 - As a result of amendments to HKAS 40, Investment property, investment property which is under construction will be carried at fair value at the earlier of when the fair value first becomes reliably measurable and the date of completion of the property. Any gain or loss will be recognised in profit or loss, consistent with the policy adopted for all other investment properties carried at fair value. Previously such property was carried at cost until the construction was completed, at which time it was fair valued with any gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. As the Group does not currently have any investment property under construction, this change in policy has no impact on net assets or profit or loss for any of the periods presented.
 - The amendments to HKAS 27 have removed the requirement that dividends out of pre-acquisition profits should be recognised as a reduction in the carrying amount of the investment in the investee, rather than as income. As a result, as from 1 January 2009, all dividends receivable from subsidiaries, whether out of pre- or post-acquisition profits, will be recognised in the Company's profit or loss and the carrying amount of the investment in the investee will not be reduced unless that carrying amount is assessed to be impaired as a result of the investee declaring the dividend. In such cases, in addition to recognising dividend income in profit or loss, the Company would recognise an impairment loss. In accordance with the transitional provisions in the amendment, this new policy will be applied prospectively to any dividends receivable in the current or future periods and previous periods have not been restated.

3. 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(續)

- 「香港財務報告準則的改進(二零 零八年)」包括對香港財務報告準 則作出的一系列的修訂。當中, 以下兩項修訂導致本集團的會計 政策有如下變動:
 - 根據香港會計準則第40號之 修訂本,投資物業(在建投 資物業)將在公平值首次可 以可靠地計量時及物業落成 之日(以較早者為準)按公 平值列賬。任何收益或虧損 將於損益表中確認,與所有 其他按公平值列賬之投資物 業所採用之政策一致。在以 往,有關物業按成本列賬, **百至興建完工為止**,完工後 就按公平值列賬,而任何收 益或虧損則於損益表中確 認。由於本集團目前並無任 何在建中之投資物業,此項 政策之變動對所呈報之期間 之資產淨值或損益並無影響。
 - 《香港會計準則》第27號之 修訂本刪除了來自收購前溢 利的股息須確認為於投資對 象的投資帳面值減少而非確 認為收入的規定。因此,自 二零零九年一月一日起,全 部應收附屬公司的股息(不 論來自收購前或收購後溢 利)將會在本公司的損益中 確認,而於投資對象的投資 帳面值則不會被減少,除非 投資的帳面值因投資對象宣 派股息而被評估為減值則作 別論。在此情況下,本公司 除了在損益中確認股息收入 外,亦會確認減值虧損。根 據該修訂的過渡性條文,這 項新政策將只適用於當前或 未來期間的任何應收股息, 而以往期間的股息則不予重 報。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

4. TURNOVER

4. 營業額

Turnover represents the sales value of goods supplied to customers and rental income. The amount of each significant category of revenue recognised in turnover during the year is as follows: 營業額代表向客戶供應之貨品的銷售 價值以及租金收入。年內,在營業額 確認之各項主要收益類別如下:

		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Sales of goods:	銷售貨品:		
– steel	— 鋼	418,392	652,220
– others	- 其他	830	2,825
Gross rentals from leasing of aircrafts	飛機租賃之租金總額	8,033	8,171
Gross rentals from investment property	投資物業之租金總額	8,330	3,977
		435,585	667,193

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5. OTHER REVENUE AND OTHER NET INCOME 5. 其他收益及其他收入淨額

7/14		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Other revenue	其他收益		
Interest income on bank deposits	銀行存款之利息收入	590	4,513
Total interest income on financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	並非按公平值列入損益表 之金融資產之利息收入 總額	590	4,513
Consultancy fee income	顧問費收入	356	4,513
Commission income	佣金收入	1	-
Government subsidy	政府補貼	661	-
Dividend income from listed securities	上市證券之股息收入	_	56
Sales of scrap materials	銷售廢料	4,384	6,902
Sundry income	雜項收入	838	2,275
		6,830	14,183
Other net income	其他收入淨額		
Net foreign exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	_	2,766
Net gain on disposal of fixed assets	出售固定資產之收益淨額	_	72
Reversal of impairment loss on trade	應收帳款及其他應收款的		
and other receivables	減值虧損回撥	55	-
		55	2,838
		6,885	17,021

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

6. 除税前溢利

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following:

除税前溢利已扣除/(計入)以下各項:

2009 2008 二零零八年 二零零九年 **RMB'000** RMB'000 千元人民幣 千元人民幣 (a) 融資成本 (a) Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings 須於以下期間全數償還之 wholly repayable 銀行借貸之利息 - within five years 一五年內 15,457 2,353 - over five years 一五年後 2,560 3,931 並非按公平值列入損益表之 Total interest expense on financial liabilities not at fair 金融負債之利息開支總額 value through profit or loss 4,913 19,388 (b) Staff costs (b) 僱員成本 向定額供款退休計劃供款 Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans 2,371 1,854 薪金、津貼及實物福利 Salaries, wages and other benefits 16,503 23,332 18,874 25,186

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

6. **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION (Continued)**

6. 除税前溢利(續)

				2009 二零零九年 RMB′000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
(c)	Other items	(c)	其他項目		
(0)	Auditor's remuneration		核數師酬金		
	– audit services		一審核服務	660	477
	– other services		一其他服務	290	134
	Cost of inventories [#] (see note 17)		存貨成本#(見附註17)	385,416	603,338
	Depreciation for property, plant		物業、機器及設備之折舊		
	and equipment			13,814	12,684
	Amortisation of prepaid lease		預付租賃款項之攤銷		
	payments			266	222
	Operating leases charges:		經營租約支出:		
	minimum lease payments		最低租賃付款	990	1,351
	Impairment loss on trade		貿易應收帳款及其他應收		
	and other receivables		款項之減值虧損	1,116	667
	Impairment loss on available-		可供出售金融資產之		
	for-sale financial assets		減值虧損	2,288	13,956
	Gross rental income from		投資物業之租金收入總額		
	investment property less		減直接支出1,321,000元		
	direct outgoings of		人民幣(二零零八年:		
	RMB1,321,000		2,072,000元人民幣)		
	(2008: RMB2,072,000)			(7,009)	(1,905
	Write down of inventories		撇減存貨	421	34,821
	Reversal of write down of		撥回撇減存貨		
	inventories			(30,321)	-
	Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)		匯兑虧損/(收益)淨額	311	(2,766
	Net loss/(gain) on disposal of		出售固定資產之虧損/		
	fixed assets		(收益)淨額	918	(72
	Net realised loss on disposal of		出售交易證券之已變現		
	trading securities		虧損淨額	-	2,256
~	Net loss on derivative financial		衍生金融工具之虧損淨額		
<	instrument			-	386

Cost of inventories includes (i) RMB15,689,000 (2008: RMB52,627,000) relating to staff costs, depreciation, operating lease charges and write down of inventories and (ii) reversal of write down of inventories of RMB30,321,000 (2008: RMBNil) for the year ended 31 December 2009 which amount are also included in the respective total amounts disclosed separately above or in note 6(b) for each of these types of expenses.

存貨成本中包括(i)15,689,000元人民幣 (二零零八年:52,627,000元人民幣)是 關於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日 止年度之員工成本、折舊、經營租賃 開支以及存貨撇減:及(ii)撥回撇減存貨 30,321,000元人民幣(二零零八年:零元 人民幣),有關項目亦計入上文獨立披露 之各款項或就各類開支於附註6(b)中列 示。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME 7. 綜合收益表之所得税 STATEMENT

(a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents:

(a) 綜合收益表之所得税為:

		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Current tax	即期税項		
– Hong Kong	一香港	_	_
– PRC Enterprise Income Tax	一中國企業所得税		6,989
- Other jurisdictions	一其他司法權區	315	323
		515	525
		315	7,312
Under/(over) provision in	過往年度撥備不足/		
respect of prior years	(超額撥備)		
– Hong Kong	一香港	-	- (-)
– PRC Enterprise Income Tax	一中國企業所得税	1,980	\rightarrow
 Other jurisdictions 	一其他司法權區	-	13
– Withholding tax	一預扣税	844	
		2,824	13
Deferred tax (note 23(b))	遞延税項(附註23(b))		
– Current year	一本年度	_	8,434
 Attributable to a change 	一税率改變應佔份額		<u> </u>
in tax rate		(1,066)	- Q
		(1,066)	8,434
Total	總計	2,073	15,759

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7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents: (Continued)
 - (i) On 26 June 2008, Hong Kong Legislative Council passed the Revenue Bill 2008 and reduced corporate profits tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% which is effective from the year of assessment 2008/09. No Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for in the financial statements as the Group has no assessable profits for the year (2008: Nil).
 - (ii) On 16 March 2007, the Fifth Plenary Session of the Tenth National People's Congress promulgated the Enterprise Income Tax Law of the PRC (the "New Tax Law"), which became effective on 1 January 2008. According to the New Tax Law, from 1 January 2008, the standard enterprise income tax rate for enterprises in the PRC was reduced from 33% to 25%. Further, the State Council released the Implementation Rules to the Enterprise Income Tax Law on 6 December 2007 and the Notice on the Implementation Rules of the Grandfathering Relief under the Enterprise Income Tax Law (Guo Fa [2007] No. 39) on 26 December 2007 (collectively, the "Implementation Rules").

Under the New Tax Law and the Implementation Rules, an entity established before 16 March 2007 that was entitled to preferential tax treatment prior to promulgation of the New Tax Law is subject to transitional tax rates commencing in 2008 ("Transitional Tax Rate") before the new enterprise income tax rate of 25% applies. The Transitional Tax Rate of Guangzhou Mayer Corporation Limited ("Guangzhou Mayer") is 18%, 20%, 22% and 24% in 2008, 2009, 2010 and 2011 onwards respectively. From 2012 and onwards, Guangzhou Mayer will be subject to income tax rate of 25%.

7. 綜合收益表之所得税(續)

- (a) 綜合收益表之所得税為:(續)
 - (i) 於二零零八年六月二十六日,香港立法會通過《2008年收入條例草案》,將公司利得税税率由17.5%調低至16.5%,由二零零八年/二零零九年課税年度起生效。由於本集團在本年度並無應課税溢利,因此並無作出香港利得税撥備(二零零八年:無)。
 - (ii) 於二零零七年三月十六日, 第十屆全國人民代表大會五 中全會頒佈《中國企業所得 税法》(「新税法」),於二零零 八年一月一日生效。根據新 税法,中國企業之標準企業 所得税率由33%減至25%。 此外,國務院於二零零七年 十二月六日頒佈《企業所得 税法實施條例》,以及於二零 零七年十二月二十六日頒佈 《關於實施企業所得税過渡優 惠政策的通知(國發[2007] 39號)》(統稱「實施條例」)。

根據新税法及實施條例,於 二零零七年三月十六日前成 立並於新税法頒佈前享有優 惠税務待遇之企業,自二零 税率,自二避税。 (「過税 約得遇之企業, 自二零 (「過税率。 (「過 約 約 代 4 8 %、20%、22%及24%。 由二零一二年起,廣州 美 亞 二 第 6 約 得 税 率為25%。

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7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents: (Continued)
 - (iii) Vietnam Mayer Company Limited ("Vietnam Mayer") is entitled to a tax concession period in which it is fully exempted from Vietnam income tax for 3 years starting from its first profit-making year (after net off accumulated tax losses), followed by a 50% reduction in the Vietnam income tax for the next 7 years. The first profit making year of Vietnam Mayer is 2008. Accordingly, no provision for Vietnam income tax has been made as Vietnam Mayer is exempted from Vietnam income tax in 2008 and 2009.
 - (iv) Taxation arising in other jurisdictions are calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.
 - (v) Pursuant to the new PRC Corporate Income Tax Law which took effect from 1 January 2008, a 10% withholding tax was levied on dividends declared to foreign enterprise investors from the PRC effective 1 January 2008. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty arrangement between the PRC and the jurisdiction of the foreign enterprise investors.

On 22 February 2008, Caishui (2008) No.1 was promulgated by the PRC tax authorities to specify that dividends declared and remitted out of the PRC from the retained earnings as at 31 December 2007 determined based on the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations are exempted from the withholding tax.

7. 綜合收益表之所得税(續)

- (a) 綜合收益表之所得税為:(續)
 - (iii) Vietnam Mayer Company Limited(「越南美亞」)可享有 税務寬免期,據此,其於首 個獲利年度(經扣除累計税 項虧損)起計三年內全數免 繳越南所得税,其後七年可 獲減免一半之越南所得税。 二零零八年為越南美亞之首 個獲利年度。因此,由於二 零零八年及二零零九年免繳 越南所得税,並無越南所得 税撥備。
 - (iv) 其他司法權區產生之税項根 據有關司法權區之現行税率 計算。
 - (v) 根據於二零零八年一月一日 生效之新中國企業所得税 法,自二零零八年一月一日 起,須就向外資企業投資者 宣派來自中國之股息徵收 10%預扣税。倘中國與外資 企業投資者所屬司法權區之 間定有税務優惠安排,則可 按較低預扣税率繳税。

於二零零八年二月二十二 日,中國税務機關頒佈財税 [2008]第1號,規定於二零零 七年十二月三十一日自保留 盈利宣派並匯出中國境外之 股息,根據有關中國税法及 法規釐定可獲豁免預扣税。

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7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT (Continued)

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents: (Continued)
 - (v) (Continued)

As at 31 December 2009, deferred tax liabilities of RMBNil (2008: RMBNil) have been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of the retained profits of the Group's PRC subsidiary.

Deferred tax liabilities of RMB654,000 have not been recognised, as the Company controls the dividend policy of the subsidiary and it has been determined that it is probable that certain of the profits earned by the Group's PRC subsidiary for the year from 1 January 2009 to 31 December 2009 will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

7. 綜合收益表之所得税(續)

- (a) 綜合收益表之所得税為:(續)
 - (v) (續) 於二零零九年十二月三十一 日,已就本集團於中國的附 屬公司的股息分派事項確認 了零元人民幣的遞延所得税 負債(二零零八年:零元人民 幣)。

由於本公司控制該等附屬公 司之股息政策,加上已釐定 不大可能於可見將來就本集 團中國子公司於二零零九年 一月一日至二零零九年十二 月三十一日期間賺取的部分 若干溢利進行分派,故並無 確認遞延税項負債654,000 元人民幣。

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7. INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME 7. 综合收益表之所得税(續) STATEMENT (Continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at the applicable tax rates:

(b) 按適用税率計算之税項支出與會 計溢利之對帳:

		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	3,344	26,307
Notional tax on profit before taxation, calculated at the rates applicable to profits in the tax	按照有關徵税地區適用於 溢利之税率,就除税前 溢利計算之名義税項		- 9
jurisdictions concerned	了可有将十川之兴运民鄉	1,249	15,008
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable income	不可扣税支出之税項影響 毋須課税收入之税項影響	1,484	12,700
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須誄祝收入之祝項影響 未動用而且未確認之税項	(6,911)	(12,329)
not recognised	木動用 日木唯認之祝頃 虧損之税項影響	3,958	732
Tax effect of profits entitled to	越南可享税項豁免溢利	5,556	132
tax exemption in Vietnam	之税務影響	(169)	(365)
Tax effect of utilisation of	動用於以往年度尚未確認	(105)	(303)
deductible temporary	之可扣税暫時差異之		
differences not recognised	税項影響		
in prior years		856	_
Decrease in opening deferred tax liability resulting from	適用税率下調引致期初 遞延税項負債減少		
a decrease in applicable tax rate		(1,066)	-
Under provision in prior years	過往年度之撥備不足	1,980	13
Others	其他	(152)	
		1,229	15,759
Under provision in prior years	過往年度之撥備不足		
Withholding tax	預扣税	844	- 75
		2,073	15,759

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

8. 董事酬金

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 161 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance is as follows: 根據香港公司條例第161條披露之董事 酬金如下:

			產		1 December 200 ├二月三十一日止	
				Salaries,		
				allowances		
				and	Retirement	
			Directors'	benefits	scheme	
		Note	fees	in kind	contributions	Tota
				薪金、津貼及		
		附註	董事袍金	實物利益	退休計劃供款	總計
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000
			千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Hsiao Ming-chih	蕭敏志先生		-	88	-	88
Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing	賴粵興先生		-	528	-	528
Mr. Lo Haw	羅漢先生		-	309	-	309
Dr. Lin Meng-chang	林孟璋博士	(i)	-	-	-	-
Mr. Lu Wen-yi	呂文義先生		-	158	-	158
Mr. Chiang Jen-chin	蔣仁欽先生		-	264	-	264
Mr. Cheng Dar-terng	鄭達騰先生		-	159	-	159
Non-executive director	非執行董事					
Mr. Huang Chun-fa	黃春發先生		-	88	-	88
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董	事				
Mr. Lin Sheng-bin	林聖斌先生		26	-	-	26
Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang	黃瑞祥先生		26	-	-	26
Mr. Alvin Chiu	趙熾佳先生		201	-	-	201
			253	1,594	_	1,847

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued) 8. 董事酬金(續)

			Year ended 31 December 2008				
			截	至二零零八年十	-二月三十一日止	年度	
				Salaries,			
				allowances			
				and	Retirement		
			Directors'	benefits	scheme		
		Note	fees	in kind	contributions	Total	
				薪金、津貼及			
		附註	董事袍金	實物利益	退休計劃供款	總計	
			RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	
			千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Executive directors	執行董事).	
Mr. Hsiao Ming-chih	蕭敏志先生		-	104	-	104	
Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing	賴粵興先生		-	348	-	348	
Mr. Lo Haw	羅漢先生		-	313	-	313	
Dr. Lin Meng-chang	林孟璋博士	(i)	_	386	-	386	
Mr. Lu Wen-yi	呂文義先生		-	161	-	161	
Mr. Chiang Jen-chin	蔣仁欽先生		-	402	-	402	
Mr. Cheng Dar-terng	鄭達騰先生		_	161	_	161	
No	北劫仁芝市						
Non-executive director	非執行董事			00			
Mr. Huang Chun-fa	黃春發先生		-	89	-	89	
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Lin Sheng-bin	林聖斌先生		27	-	_	27	
Mr. Huang Jui-hsiang	黃瑞祥先生		27	-	_	27	
Mr. Alvin Chiu	趙熾佳先生		203	_	-	203	
			257	1.004		2 2 2 4	
			257	1,964	-	2,221	

(i) Resigned on 11 February 2009.

(i) 已於二零零九年二月十一日辭任。

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8. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (Continued)

As at 31 December 2009 and 2008, none of the directors held any share options under the Company's share option scheme. The details of the share option scheme are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

For the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008, no emolument was paid to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Company or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008.

9. INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two (2008: none of them) were directors of the Company whose emoluments are included in the disclosures in note 8 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2008: five) individuals were as follows:

8. 董事酬金(續)

於二零零九年及二零零八年十二月 三十一日,概無董事根據本公司之購 股權計劃持有任何購股權。購股權計 劃之詳情截於財務報告附註24。

於截至二零零九年及二零零八年十二 月三十一日止年度,並無向董事支付 酬金以作為加盟或於加盟本公司時之 獎勵或作為離職賠償。於截至二零零 九年及二零零八年十二月三十一日止 年度並無董事放棄或同意放棄酬金之 安排。

9. 最高薪酬人士

本集團五名最高薪酬人士中,兩名為本 公司董事(二零零八年:無),其薪酬 載於上文附註8之披露。餘下三名(二 零零八年:五名)人士之薪酬如下:

	2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Salaries and other benefits 薪金及 Contributions to retirement benefits schemes 向退你	及其他福利 1,340 木福利計劃供款 -	2,630
	1,340	2,630

Their emoluments were all within the band of RMBNil to RMB880,300 (equivalent to HK\$Nil to HK\$1,000,000).

During the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008, no emolument was paid to the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. 彼等之薪酬均在零元人民幣至880,300 元人民幣(相當於零港元至1,000,000 港元)以內。

於截至二零零九年及二零零八年十二 月三十一日止年度,並無向五名最高 薪酬人士支付酬金以作為加盟或於加 盟本集團時之獎勵或作為離職賠償。

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10. (LOSS)/PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY

The consolidated profit attributable to owners of the Company includes a profit of approximately RMB13,493,000 (2008: loss of RMB8,259,000) which has been dealt with in the financial statements of the Company.

11. DIVIDENDS

(a) Dividends payable to owners of the Company attributable to the year:

10. 本公司擁有人應佔(虧損)/ 溢利

本公司擁有人應佔綜合溢利包括已 於本公司財務報告內處理之溢利約 13,493,000元人民幣(二零零八年:虧 損8,259,000元人民幣)。

11. 股息

本年度應佔之應付本公司擁有人之股 息:

		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of RMBNil per ordinary share (2008: RMBNil per ordinary share)	報告期末後擬派末期股息為 每股普通股零分人民幣 (二零零八年:每股普通股 零分人民幣)	-	

(b) Dividends payable to owners of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year: 已於本年度批准及派付之上一個財政 年度應佔之應付本公司擁有人之股息:

	2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Final dividend in respect of the previous已於本年度批准及派付之financial year, approved and paid上一個財政年度之末期股息during the year, of RMBNil per為每股普通股零分人民幣ordinary share (2008: RMB2 cents(二零零八年:每股普通股		
per ordinary share) 2分人民幣)	-	11,520

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12. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic (loss)/earnings per share

The calculation of basic (loss)/earnings per share is based on the loss attributable to owners of the Company of RMB510,000 (2008: profit of RMB7,222,000) and the weighted average number of 576,000,000 ordinary shares (2008: 576,000,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year.

(b) Diluted (loss)/earnings per share

Diluted (loss)/earnings per share is equal to basic (loss)/ earnings per share as there were no dilutive ordinary shares outstanding for both years presented.

13. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group manages its businesses by divisions, which are organised by a mixture of both business lines (products and services) and geography. On first-time adoption of HKFRS 8, Operating Segments and in a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified the following five reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Steel (Mainland China/Vietnam): given the importance of the steel division to the Group, the Group's steel business is segregated further into two reportable segments on a geographical basis, as the divisional managers for each of these regions report directly to the senior executive team. All two segments primarily derive their revenue from the manufacture and trading of steel pipes, steel sheets and other products made of steel. These products are manufactured in the Group's manufacturing facilities located primarily in Mainland China and Vietnam.
- Property investment: this segment leases office premises to generate rental income and to gain from the appreciation in the property's value in the long term. Currently the Group's investment property portfolio is located entirely in Taiwan.

12. 每股(虧損)/盈利

(a) 每股基本(虧損)/盈利

每股基本(虧損)/盈利乃根據 本公司擁有人應佔虧損510,000 元人民幣(二零零八年:溢利 7,222,000元人民幣)及本年度 之已發行普通股加權平均數 576,000,000股(二零零八年: 576,000,000股普通股)計算。

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利

由於所呈報之兩個年度內並無具 攤薄影響而未發行之普通股,因 此每股攤薄(虧損)/盈利與每股 基本(虧損)/盈利相同。

13. 分部報告

本集團按部門管理其業務,而部門則 以結合業務系列(產品及服務)以及地 域而區分。本集團首次採納香港財務 報告準則第8號經營分部,並以向本集 團最高層首席營運決策人內部呈報資 料以分配資源及評估表現一致的方式 呈列以下五個須予呈報分部。並無將 任何經營分部合計以致成為下列須予 呈報分部:

- 鋼(中國內地/越南),鑑於鋼分 部在本集團之重要地位,本集團 之鋼業務按地理位置再細分為兩 個須予呈報分部,因為各地區之 部門經理直接向高級行政團隊匯 報。此兩個分部之主要收入均來 自鋼管、鋼片及其他鋼造產品的 製造及買賣。此等產品由本集團 主要設於中國大陸及越南之製造 設施而製造。
- 物業投資:此分部出租辦公室物 業以賺取租金收入,並且在物業 價值的長期升值中獲益。目前本 集團之投資物業組合全部位於台 灣。

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- Investments: this segment invests in unlisted equity securities issued by private entities incorporated in Taiwan and Cayman Islands to generate dividend income and/or to gain from the appreciation in the investments' values in the long term.
- Aircraft: this segment leases aircrafts to generate rental income and provides consultancy services to the lessee to generate consultancy fee income. Currently, the operation of aircraft business is located entirely in Taiwan.

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities

In accordance with HKFRS 8, segment information disclosed has been prepared in a manner consistent with the information used by the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments. In this regard, the Group's chief operating decision maker monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible assets and current assets with the exception of corporate assets. Segment liabilities include trade creditors, accruals and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments with the exception of corporate liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. However, other than reporting inter-segment sales of steel products, assistance provided by one segment to another, including sharing of assets and technical know-how, is not measured.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted EBIT" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest and taxes".

In addition to receiving segment information concerning adjusted EBIT, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue (including inter-segment sales), interest income and expense from cash balances and borrowings managed directly by the segments, depreciation and amortisation and additions to non-current segment assets used by the segments in their operations.

Information regarding to the Group's reportable segments or provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years is set out below.

13. 分部報告(續)

- 投資:此分部投資於台灣及開曼 群島註冊成立之私人實體所發行 的非上市股本證券,從而賺取股 息收入及/或在投資價值的長期 升值中獲益。
- 飛機:此分部出租飛機以賺取租 金收入,亦向承租人提供顧問服 務以賺取顧問費收入。目前本集 團之飛機業務全部位於台灣。

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債

根據香港財務報告準則第8號,所 披露的分部資料已按本集團首席 營運決策人用於評估分部表現及 分配分部資源的一致方式編製。 就此而言,本集團首席營運決策 人按以下基準監控各個須予呈報 分部之相關業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括所有有形資產及流 動資產,惟企業資產除外。分部 負債包括各分部直接管理的貿 易應付帳款、應計費用及銀行借 貸,惟企業負債除外。

收益及開支乃參照分部產生之銷 售額及錄得之開支或因該等分部 應佔之資產折舊或攤銷而產生 者,分配至各個須予呈報分部。 然而,除報告鋼材產品之分部間 銷售外,並無計算一個分部向另 一分部提供之協助(包括共用資產 及技術知識)。

用於報告分部溢利之計算方法為 「經調整EBIT」,即「未計利息及税 項前經調整盈利」。

除取得有關經調整EBIT之分部資 料外,管理層亦獲提供有關收益 (包括分部間銷售)及由分部直接 管理之現金結餘之利息收入及借 貸之利息開支、折舊及攤銷以及 分部添置用於營運之非流動分部 資產的分部資料。

以下為本年度內本集團須予報告 分部或向本集團首席營運決策人 提供以分配資源及評估分部表現 之資料。

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

13. 分部報告(續)

Year ended 31 December 2009

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

			Year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度							
				至二零零九年十	・二月三十一日止	年度				
		2	iteel							
			鋼	Property						
		China	Vietnam	investment	Investments	Aircraft	Total /#a ≟⊥			
		中國	越南	物業投資	投資	飛機	總計 BMD(000			
		RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB′000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣			
		1.77.20	1.0.7.0.1	1 //////	1.0.7.0.1	1 // 八八 中	177720			
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收益	402,760	15,632	8,330	-	8,863	435,585			
Inter-segment sales	分部間銷售	-	-	-	-	-	-			
Reportable segment revenue	須予報告之分部收益	402,760	15,632	8,330	-	8,863	435,585			
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	須予報告之分部溢利/(虧損)	10,267	1,064	7,297	(2,270)	2,890	19,248			
Interest income	利息收入	420	146	11	-	-	577			
Interest expenses	利息開支	1,846	81	2,779	-	-	4,706			
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	9,963	865	-	-	3,169	13,997			
Impairment loss on trade and other receivables	貿易應收帳款及其他應收 款項之減值虧損	1,116	-	-	-	-	1,116			
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產之減值虧損	-	-	-	2,288	-	2,288			
Write down of inventories	撇減存貨	-	421	-	-	-	421			
Reversal of write down of inventories	撥回撇減存貨	28,977	1,344	-	-	-	30,321			
Reportable segment assets	須予報告之分部資產	384,701	36,688	223,084	19,136	24,631	688,240			
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	年內非流動分部資產 之添置	1,527	5,368	-	-	-	6,895			
Reportable segment liabilities	須予報告之分部負債	169,437	9,554	138,604	-	743	318,338			

財務報告附註

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

13. 分部報告(續)

(a) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

(a) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)

			截		December 2008 二月三十一日止		
			Steel 鋼	Property			
		China 中國 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Vietnam 越南 RMB'000 千元人民幣	investment 物業投資 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Investments 投資 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Aircraft 飛機 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Total 總計 RMB′000 千元人民幣
Revenue from external customers	來自外界客戶之收益	629,903	22,317	3,977	-	9,344	665,541
Inter-segment sales	分部間銷售	287	-	-	-	-	287
Reportable segment revenue	須予報告之分部收益	630,190	22,317	3,977	-	9,344	665,828
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	須予報告之分部溢利/(虧損)	32,390	2,740	38,498	(16,122)	6,243	63,749
Interest income	利息收入	3,710	407	4	35	1	4,157
Interest expenses	利息開支	14,432	-	3,931	-	-	18,363
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	10,067	561	-	-	2,276	12,904
Impairment loss on available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售金融資產之 減值虧損	-	-	-	13,956	-	13,956
Write down of inventories	撇減存貨	33,836	985	-	-	-	34,821
Net realised loss on disposal of trading securities	出售交易證券之 已變現虧損淨額	-	-	-	2,256	-	2,256
Valuation gain on investment property	投資物業之估值收益	-	-	36,655	-	-	36,655
Net loss on derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具之虧損淨額	386	-	-	-	-	386
Reportable segment assets	須予報告之分部資產	365,124	22,289	220,052	21,391	25,053	653,909
Additions to non-current segment assets during the year	年內非流動分部資產之添置	3,844	9,114	194,604	-	-	207,562
Reportable segment liabilities	須予報告之分部負債	141,344	363	129,118	-	1	270,825

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or loss, assets and liabilities	nt revenues, profit (b)	須予報告之分部 產及負債之對帳	
		2009	20
		二零零九年	二零零八
		RMB'000	RMB' 0
		千元人民幣	千元人民
Revenue	收益		
Total reportable segment revenues	須予報告之分部收益總額	435,585	665,8
Elimination of inter-segment revenue	對銷分部間收益	-	(2
Unallocated head office and corporate	未分配之總公司及企業收益		
revenue		-	1,6
Consolidated turnover	綜合營業額	435,585	667,1
Profit or loss	損益		
Total reportable segment profit	須予報告之分部溢利總額	19,248	63,7
Reportable segment profit	來自本集團外界客戶之		
derived from Group's external	須予報告分部溢利		
customers		19,248	63,7
Interest income	利息收入	13	
Depreciation	折舊	(83)	
Finance costs	融資成本	(4,913)	(19,3
Unallocated head office and	未分配總公司及企業開支		
corporate expenses		(10,921)	(18,4
Consolidated profit before	綜合除税前溢利		
taxation		3,344	26,3
Assets	資產		
Total reportable segment assets	須予報告之分部資產總額	688,240	653,9
Unallocated head office and	未分配總公司及企業資產		
corporate assets		9,487	10,0
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	697,727	663,9
Liabilities	負債		
Total reportable segment liabilities	須予報告之分部負債總額	318,338	270,8
Unallocated head office and	未分配總公司及企業負債		
			24
corporate liabilities		21,177	34,4

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13. SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(c) Geographic Information

The following is an analysis of geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's non-current assets. The geographical location of customers is refers to the location at which the services were provided or the goods delivered. The Group's non-current assets include fixed assets and prepaid lease payments. The geographical location of fixed assets and prepaid lease payments is based on the physical location of the asset under consideration.

13. 分部報告(續)

(c) 地區資料

以下為(i)本集團來自外界客戶之 收益及(ii)本集團非流動資產之地 區分析。客戶地理位置指提供服 務或交付貨品所在位置。本公司 之非流動資產包括固定資產及預 付租賃款項。固定資產及預付租 賃款項之地理位置基於涉及資產 之實際位置。

		external o	Revenues from external customers 來自外界客戶之收益		urrent ets b資產
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
					()
Hong Kong	香港	-	-	1,009	2
Mainland China	中國內地	400,254	629,904	76,856	86,215
Taiwan	ム灣	18,870	13,320	235,082	232,960
Vietnam	越南	14,566	22,317	21,600	18,365
Other-countries	其他國家	1,895	-	-	<u> </u>
		435,585	665,541	334,547	337,542

(d) Information about major customers

For the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008, no single customer contributing 10% or more of the total sales of the Group.

(d) 主要客戶之資料

截至二零零九年及二零零八年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無單 一客戶貢獻本集團總銷售額10% 以上。

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For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

14. FIXED ASSETS

14. 固定資產 (a) 本集團

(a) The Group

		Building and factory premises 樓宇及廠房 RMB'000	在建工程 RMB'000	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 RMB'000	Furniture, fixtures and office equipment 傢俬、裝置 及辦公室設備 RMB'000	Plant and machinery 機器及設備 RMB'000	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000	Aircrafts 飛機 RMB'000	Sub-total 小計 RMB'000	Investment property 投資物業 RMB'000	Total fixed assets 固定資產總計 RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Cost or valuation	成本或估值										
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	42,367	11,073	3,760	6,443	98,335	1,624	24,838	188,440	-	188,440
Additions	添置	-	10,224	-	201	1,313	1,220	-	12,958	194,604	207,562
Transfers	轉讓	-	(5,261)	-	1,147	4,114	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(77)	(3,886)	(641)	-	(4,604)	-	(4,604
Fair value adjustments	公平值調整	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36,655	36,655
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(1,244)	(9)	(164)	(468)	(22)	(1,608)	(3,515)	(15,670)	(19,185
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	42,367	14,792	3,751	7,550	99,408	2,181	23,230	193,279	215,589	408,868
Representing	代表										
Cost	成本	42,367	14,792	3,751	7,550	99,408	2,181	23,230	193,279	-	193,279
Valuation – 2008	估值——二零零八年	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	215,589	215,589
		42,367	14,792	3,751	7,550	99,408	2,181	23,230	193,279	215,589	408,868
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	42,367	14,792	3,751	7,550	99,408	2,181	23,230	193,279	215,589	408,868
Additions	添置	-	6,446	-	175	274	1,090	-	7,985	-	7,985
Transfers (note(f))	轉讓(附註(f))	1,018	(12,943)	-	536	9,358	-	-	(2,031)	-	(2,031
Disposals	出售	-	-	-	(270)	(4,059)	-	-	(4,329)	-	(4,329
Fair value adjustments	公平值調整	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(671)	-	(156)	(439)	(8)	16	(1,258)	5,278	4,020
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	43,385	7,624	3,751	7,835	104,542	3,263	23,246	193,646	220,867	414,513
Representing	代表										
Cost	成本	43,385	7,624	3,751	7,835	104,542	3,263	23,246	193,646	-	193,646
Valuation - 2009	估值-二零零九年	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	220,867	220,867
1	11.108 X X 2 2 1										
		43,385	7,624	3,751	7,835	104,542	3,263	23,246	193,646	220,867	414,513

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For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

14. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(a) The Group (Continued)

14. 固定資產(續)

(a) 本集團(續)

					Furniture,						
		Building and factory	Construction	Leasehold	fixtures and office	Plant and	Motor			Investment	Total fixed
		premises		improvements	equipment	machinery	vehicles	Aircrafts	Sub-total	property	assets
					傢俬、裝置	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				1.11.1	
		樓宇及廠房	在建工程	租賃物業裝修	及辦公室設備	機器及設備	汽車	飛機	小計	投資物業	固定資產總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB'000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊										
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	16,086	-	1,429	3,035	46,023	882	3,875	71,330	-	71,330
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	1,905	-	360	787	7,078	277	2,277	12,684	-	12,684
Written back on disposals	出售時撥回	-	-	-	(70)	(3,486)	(577)	-	(4,133)	-	(4,133)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	(9)	(22)	(36)	(2)	(292)	(361)	-	(361)
At 31 December 2008 and	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	日及									
at 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	17,991	-	1,780	3,730	49,579	580	5,860	79,520	-	79,520
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	1,932	-	360	758	7,079	516	3,169	13,814	-	13,814
Written-back on disposals	出售時撥回	-	-	-	(236)	(3,169)	-	-	(3,405)	_	(3,405)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	-	(17)	(40)	(1)	2	(56)	-	(56)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	19,923	-	2,140	4,235	53,449	1,095	9,031	89,873	-	89,873
Carrying amount	帳面值										
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一日	23,462	7,624	1,611	3,600	51,093	2,168	14,215	103,773	220,867	324,640
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	24,376	14,792	1,971	3,820	49,829	1,601	17,370	113,759	215,589	329,348

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For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

14. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

14. 固定資產(續) (b) 本公司

(b) The Company

		Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及裝置 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Motor vehicles 汽車 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Total fixed assets 固定資產總計 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Cost	成本				
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	158	112	-	270
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(9)	(7)	_	(16)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一	日			
and at 1 January 2009	及二零零九年一月一日	149	105	-	254
Additions	添置	_	-	1,090	1,090
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一	日 149	105	1,090	1,344
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊				
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	158	108	-	266
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	_	2	-	2
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(9)	(7)	_	(16)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一	日			
and at 1 January 2009	及二零零九年一月一日	149	103	-	252
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	_	2	81	83
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	-	_	-
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一	日 149	105	81	335
Carrying amount	帳面值				
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年十二月三十一	8 -	-	1,009	1,009
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一	8 –	2	-	2

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

14. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(c) The investment property of the Group carried at fair value was revalued as at 31 December 2009 on an open market value basis calculated by reference to recent market transactions in comparable properties and to net rental income allowing for reversionary income potential. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm of surveyors,泛亞不動產估價師 事務所, being a member of the Republic of China Association of Real Estate Appraisers who have appropriate qualifications and recent experience in the valuation of similar properties in the relevant location and category of property being valued.

(d) The analysis of carrying amount of properties is as follows:

14. 固定資產(續)

(c) 本集團按公平值列帳之投資物業 已於二零零九年十二月三十一日 按公開市值基準重估,有關公開 市值乃參考可比較物業之近期市 場交易及計入復歸業權之租金 收入淨額。有關估值由獨立測量 師行泛亞不動產估價師事務所進 行,其為中華民國不動產估價師 公會之會員,具備合適之專業資 格及估值物業所在相關地區及類 別之相近物業之近期估值經驗。

(d) 該等物業之帳面值分析如下:

			The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008		
		二零零九年	二零零八年		
		RMB'000	RMB' 000		
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣		
In PRC:	於中國:				
– medium-term leases	一中期租約	23,462	24,376		
In Taiwan:	於台灣:				
– freehold	一永久業權	220,867	215,589		
		244,329	239,965		
Representing:	代表:				
Building and factory premises	按成本列帳之樓宇及廠房				
carried at cost		23,462	24,376		
Investment property carried	按公平值列帳之投資物業				
at fair value		220,867	215,589		
		244,329	239,965		

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14. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(e) Fixed assets leased out under operating leases

The Group leases out investment properties and aircrafts under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to five years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

All of the Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment property.

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's total future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of aircrafts and investment property are as follows:

14. 固定資產(續)

(e) 根據經營租約出租之固定資產

本集團根據經營租約出租投資物 業及飛機。上述租賃之年期基本 上初步為期一至五年,並可於租 約屆滿後續租,其時須重新磋商 所有條款。有關租賃均不包括或 有租金。

所有根據經營租約持有以賺取租 金之本集團物業權益,乃以公平 值模式計量,並分類為投資物業 及按此入帳。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 根據不可撤銷經營租約而應收有 關飛機及投資物業之本集團未來 最低租金總額如下:

The Group

		本	集團
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Within 1 year	一年內	14,941	15,962
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	14,237	30,705
		29,178	46,667

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14.	FIX	ED ASSETS (Continued)
	(f)	Prepaid lease payments

14. 固定資產(續)

(f) 預付租賃款項

		The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
The Group's prepaid lease payments	本集團之預付租賃款項			
comprise:	包括:			
Medium term lease:	中期租約:			
Land in the PRC	位於中國之土地	7,972	8,194	
Land in Vietnam	位於越南的土地	1,935		
		9,907	8,194	
			5	
Cost	成本			
At 1 January	於一月一日	11,098	11,098	
Transfer (note(a))	轉讓(附註(a))	2,031	- 75	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(53)		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	13,076	11,098	
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷			
At 1 January	於一月一日	2,904	2,682	
Charge for the year	本年度扣除	266	222	
Exchange adjustment	匯兑調整	(1)	<u> </u>	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3,169	2,904	
Carrying amount	帳面值			
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	9,907	8,194	
			_	
Analysed for reporting purpose as:	就呈報而分析:			
Current assets	流動資產	266	222	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	9,641	7,972	
		9,907	8,194	

The amortisation charge for the year is included in "administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement.

本年度之攤銷支出已計入綜合收益表 之「行政開支」內。

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14. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

14. 固定資產(續)

- (g) As at 31 December 2009, the following fixed assets of the Group were pledged to certain banks for banking facilities granted to the Group as follows (note 29):
- (g) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 以下本集團固定資產已就本集團 獲授之銀行融資而抵押予若干銀 行(附註29):

		The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Building and factory premises	樓宇及廠房	_	24,376	
Construction in progress	在建工程	-	7,656	
Plant and machinery	機器及設備	-	34,816	
Investment property (note)	投資物業(附註)	157,745	153,976	
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	_	8,194	
		157,745	229,018	

Note: The pledged amount of the investment property is limited to approximately RMB157,745,000 (equivalent to NTD739,200,000) (2008: approximately RMB153,976,000 (equivalent to NTD739,200,000)). 附註: 投資物業之質押金額以約157,745,000 元人民幣(相當於739,200,000元新台 幣)(二零零八年:約153,976,000元人 民幣(相等於新台幣739,200,000元) 為限)。

15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

15. 於附屬公司之權益

2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000
RMB'000	RMB'000
千元人民幣	
	千元人民幣
215,569	215,569
(16,660)	(14,363)
198,909	201,206
5 355	9,974
-	(2,833)
5 255	7,141
_	215,569 (16,660)

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15.	15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) Notes:			15. 於附屬公司之權益(續) ^{附註:}		
	(a)	Amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.	(a)	應收附屬公司款 於要求時償還。	項為無抵押、免息及須	
	(b)	Movements in the allowance for doubtful debts	(b)	呆帳撥備變動		
				The Company 本公司		
				2009	2008	
				二零零九年	二零零八年	
				RMB'000	RMB'000	
				千元人民幣	千元人民幣	

已確認之減值虧損(附註(c))

	Written off	撇銷		(2,833)
	Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		-
	At 31 December	於十二月三十一日		-
(c)	The directors consider that in light of recurring operating loss of certain (c)			董事認為,鑑於者
	subsidiaries, the recoverable amount of these subsidiaries has been			營運虧損,該等
	reduced to the estimated net realisable value of their identifiable net			額已調低至其可

於一月一日

subsidiaries, the recoverable amount of these subsidiaries has been reduced to the estimated net realisable value of their identifiable net assets. Accordingly, impairment loss of approximately RMB2,297,000 (2008: RMB14,363,000) and RMBNil (2008: RMB597,000) in respect of the Company's investments in subsidiaries and the amounts due from subsidiaries are recognised respectively.

At 1 January

Impairment losses recognised (note (c))

- (d) The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affect the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.
- (c) 董事認為,鑑於若干附屬公司持續錄得 營運虧損,該等附屬公司之可收回金 額已調低至其可識別淨資產之估計可 變現淨值。因此,已分別就本公司於附 屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司款項確 認約2,297,000元人民幣(二零零八年: 14,363,000元人民幣)及零元人民幣(二 零零八年:597,000元人民幣)之減值虧 損。

2,833

2,384

597

(148)

2,833

(d) 下文僅列出對本集團之業績、資產或負 債構成主要影響之附屬公司的詳情。除 另有説明者外,持有之股份類別為普通 股。
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15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

15. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

Proportion of ownership interest

				擁有權比例		
Name of company 公司名稱	Place of establishment/ incorporation and operation 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及繳足 股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由一間附屬 公司持有	Principal activities 主要業務
Bamian Investments Pte. Limited (Bamian") 百門投資有限公司(「百門」)	Singapore/ Hong Kong 新加坡/香港	16,829,670 ordinary shares of SGD1 each 16,829,670股每股面值 1新加坡元之普通股	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangzhou Mayer * 廣州美亞*	PRC 中國	Registered capital RMB200,000,000 註冊資本 200,000,000元人民幣	81.4%	-	81.4%	Manufacture and trading of steel pipes, steel sheets and other products made of steel 製造及買賣鋼管、鋼片及 其他鋼造產品
Vietnam Mayer (note) 越南美亞 (附註)	Vietnam 越南	4,000,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 4,000,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股	40.7%	-	50%	Manufacture and trading of steel pipes, steel sheets and other products made of steel 製造及買賣鋼管、鋼片及 其他鋼造產品
ROC Advance Limited ("ROC") 鵬進有限公司(「鵬進」)	British Virgin Islands/ The Republic of China 英屬處女群島/ 中華民國	1,454,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 1,454,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	Leasing of aircrafts and provision of consultancy service 飛機租賃及提供顧問服務
Sunbeam Group Limited ("Sunbeam") 新光集團有限公司(「新光」)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	7,687,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 7,687,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
美控實業股份有限公司	The Republic of China 中華民國	82,891,718 ordinary shares of NTD1 each 82,891,718股每股面值 1元新台幣之普通股	100%	-	100%	Property investment 物業投資

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15. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

15. 於附屬公司之權益(續)

			Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權比例				
Name of 公司名和	f company	Place of establishment/ incorporation and operation 成立/註冊成立 及營業地點	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital 已發行及缴足 股本詳情	Group's effective interest 本集團之 實際權益	Held by the Company 由本公司 持有	Held by a subsidiary 由一間附屬 公司持有	Principal activities 主要業務
	e International Limited 译有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	3,067,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 3,067,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	_	Investment holding 投資控股
Limited	Century Development d \$展有限公司	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/ 香港	2,140,000 ordinary shares of USD1 each 2,140,000股每股面值 1美元之普通股	100%	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
*	Registered under the laws of the PRC as sino-foreign equity joint- venture enterprise.			nt-	*	根據中國 業。	法律註冊之中外合資經營企
Note:	te: The Group holds 50% equity interests of Vietnam Mayer and nominated 3 out of 5 directors in the board of directors of Vietnam Mayer, which has the power to control the strategic financial and operating policies of Vietnam Mayer. As a result, Vietnam Mayer is accounted for as a subsidiary of the Company.			am nd	附註:	並已提名 之其中三 策略性財	有越南美亞之50%股本權益 越南美亞董事會中五位董事 位,其有權控制越南美亞之 務及經營政策。因此,越南 公司附屬公司之方式入帳。

16. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS

16. 可供出售金融資產

			The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008		
		二零零九年	二零零八年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣		
Unlisted securities, at cost:	非上市證券・按成本				
– Club debentures (note (c))	一會所債券(附註(c))	1,094	1,294		
– Equity securities	一股本證券	35,098	34,874		
		36,192	36,168		
Less: Impairment loss (note (a))	減:減值(附註(a))	(17,092)	(14,797)		
		19,100	21,371		

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16. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE FINANCIAL ASSETS (Continued)

Notes:

(a) Movements in the impairment loss

The above unlisted investments represent investments in unlisted equity securities and debentures issued by private entities incorporated in PRC, Taiwan and Cayman Islands. They are measured at cost less impairment at the end of each reporting period because the range of reasonable fair value estimates is so significant that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that their fair values cannot be measured reliably.

16. 可供出售金融資產(續)

上列非上市投資代表投資於在中國、 台灣及開曼群島註冊成立之私人實體 所發行之非上市股本證券及債權證。 有關投資於報告期末按成本減去減值 計量,原因為合理公平值之估計範圍 極為重要,而本公司董事認為無法可 靠計量有關投資之公平值。

附註:

(a) 減值虧損變動

		The Gi 本集			
		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年		
		RMB′000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣		
At 1 January	於一月一日	14,797	1,294		
Impairment loss recognised (note (b))	已確認減值虧損(附註(b))	2,288	13,956		
Written off	撇銷	(200)	-		
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	207	(453		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	17,092	14,797		

- (b) The directors consider that in light of recurring operating loss of investee companies, the recoverable amount of these investee companies has been reduced to the estimated net realisable value of their identifiable net assets. Accordingly, impairment loss of RMB2,288,000 (2008: RMB13,956,000) in respect of the costs of investments is recognised.
- (c) The cost of club debentures was fully impaired in prior years as the management of the Company considered that the recovery of this amount was remote.
- (b) 董事認為,鑑於承資公司持續錄得營運 虧損,該等承資公司之可收回金額已調 低至其可識別淨資產之估計可變現淨 值。因此,已就投資成本確認2,288,000 元人民幣(二零零八年:13,956,000元人 民幣)之減值虧損。
- (c) 會所債券之成本已於以往年度全數減 值,原因為本公司管理層認為收回此金 額之機會甚微。

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已確認為開支之存貨金額分析如下:

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17. INVENTORIES

17. 存貨

		The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Raw materials	原材料	38,222	65,573	
Finished goods	製成品	24,648	24,402	
		62,870	89,975	

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense is as follows:

		The C 本貨	·
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨之帳面值	415,316	568,517
Write down of inventories (note(a))	撇減存貨(附註(a))	421	34,821
Reversal of write down of			
inventories (note(b))	撇減存貨撥回(附註(b))	(30,321)	<u> </u>
		385,416	603,338

Notes:

- (a) The write down of inventories made during the year arose due to a decrease in the estimated net realisable value of the raw materials and finished goods based on the latest market transactions for similar products.
- (b) The reversal of write down of inventories arose as a result of the subsequent usage of raw materials, subsequent sale of finished goods and an increase in the estimated net realisable value of the raw materials and finished goods for which a write down was made in prior year.

附註:

- (a) 年內撇減存貨,是因為根據相若 產品之最新市場交易,原材料及 製成品之估計可變現淨值已經減 少。
- (b) 撒減存貨撥回乃因隨後使用原材 料、隨後出售製成品及過往年度 已作撇減之原材料及製成品估計 可變現凈值增加所致。

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18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

18. 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項

		The G 本身			Company 本公司	
		2009	2008	2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Trade debtors and bills	貿易應收帳款及應收					
receivables (note (a))	票據(附註(a))	166,515	118,448	-	-	
Less: allowance for doubtful	減:呆帳撥備(附註(b))	(5, (5,)				
debts (note (b))		(2,460)	(1,525)	-	-	
		164,055	116,923	_	_	
Other receivables	其他應收款項	785	957	11	47	
Less: allowance for doubtful	減:呆帳撥備(附註(b))	705	100		47	
debts (note (b))		-	(62)	-	-	
		785	895	11	47	
Amount due from a director	應收董事款項(附註(d))		17		47	
(note (d))	應收有關連公司款項	-	17	-	17	
Amount due from a related		0 557	7 025			
company (note (e))	(附註(e))	8,557	7,025	-	_	
Loans and receivables	貸款及應收款項	173,397	124,860	11	64	
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	1,958	1,339	176	176	
	12日11公公区18平	1,550	200	170	170	
		175,355	126,199	187	240	

All of the trade and other receivables (including amounts due from a director and a related company) are expected to be recovered within one year. 預期將可於一年內收回所有貿易應收 帳款及其他應收款項(包括應收一名董 事及一間有關連公司之款項)。

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18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Trade debtors and bills receivables are net of allowance for

doubtful debts of RMB2,460,000 (2008: RMB1,525,000)

with the following age analysis as of the end of the reporting

(a) Age analysis

period:

18. 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項(續)

(a) 帳齡分析

於報告期末,貿易應收帳款及應收票據 扣除呆帳撥備2,460,000元人民幣(二 零零八年:1,525,000元人民幣)之帳齡 分析如下:

			Group 耒團
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Current	即期	164,055	115,121
1 to 3 months overdue	逾期1個月至3個月	_	1,802
		164,055	116,923

Trade debtors are due within 30-180 days from the date of billing. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 26(a).

(b) Impairment of trade debtors and bills receivables and other receivables

Impairment losses in respect of trade debtors and bills receivables and other receivables are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against the debtors directly (see note 2(h)(i)).

貿易應收帳款於發單日期後的30 至180日內到期支付。有關本集團 信貸政策之進一步詳情載於附註 26(a)。

(b) 貿易應收帳款及應收票據以及其 他應收款項之減值

貿易應收帳款及應收票據以及其 他應收款項之減值虧損以撥備帳 記錄,除非本集團確信能收回有 關款項之機會微乎其微,屆時減 值虧損會直接從應收帳款中撇銷 (見附註2(h)(i))。

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18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

18. 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項(續)

(b) 貿易應收帳款及應收票據以及其

(b) Impairment of trade debtors and bills receivables and other receivables (Continued)

Movements in the allowance for doubtful debts:

他應收款項之減值(續) 呆帳撥備變動:

		The Group 本集團		
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
-				
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,587	920	
Impairment loss recognised	已確認減值虧損	1,116	667	
Reversal of impairment loss	減值虧損撥回	(55)	_	
Uncollectible amounts written off	已撇銷不可收回款項	(188)	_	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	2,460	1,587	

As at 31 December 2009, trade debtors and bills receivables and other receivables of the Group amounting to RMB2,460,000 (2008: RMB1,587,000) were individually determined to be impaired. These individually impaired receivables were due from debtors with financial difficulties and management assessed that only a portion of the receivables is expected to be recovered. Consequently, specific allowances for doubtful debts of RMB1,116,000 (2008: RMB667,000) are recognised. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. 於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 本集團之貿易應收帳款及應收票 據以及其他應收款項2,460,000元 人民幣(二零零八年:1,587,000 元人民幣)已個別地被確定為出現 減值。此等個別出現減值之應收 款項涉及陷入財政困難之客戶, 據管理層之評估,預期僅可收回 部份應收款項,因此已確認特別 呆債撥備1,116,000元人民幣(二 零零八年:667,000元人民幣)。 本集團並無持有有關該等結餘之 任何抵押品。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(b) Impairment of trade debtors and bills receivables and other receivables (Continued)

The factors which the Group considered in determining whether these debtors were individually impaired include, for example, the following:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- receivables that have been outstanding for a certain period;
- the Group granting to the debtor, for economic or legal reasons relating to the debtor's financial difficulty, a concession that the Group would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from the debtor since their initial recognition, although the decrease cannot yet be identified including:
 - adverse changes in the payment status of debtors in the Group;
 - economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the trade receivables in the Group.

- **18.**貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項(續)
 - (b) 貿易應收帳款及應收票據以及其 他應收款項之減值(續)

本集團於釐定該等貿易應收帳款 是否已個別減值時所考慮之因素 包括:

- 債務人有重大財政困難;
- 應收款項已於一段時間內未 償還;
- 本集團因與債務人之財務困 難有關之經濟或法律理由, 給予債務人一項本集團在其 他情況不會考慮之讓步;
- 債務人可能破產或進行其他 財務重組;
- 可觀察之資料顯示應收款項 自首次確認入賬後,其估計 未來現金流量出現可計量之 減少,儘管尚未能識別有關 跌幅,包括:
 - 本集團債務人之付款狀
 況出現不利變動;
 - 與拖欠本集團貿易應收
 帳款有關之經濟狀況。

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18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

(c) Trade debtors and bills receivables that are not impaired

The age analysis of trade debtors and bills receivables that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

18. 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項(續)

(c) 並無減值之貿易應收帳款及應收 票據

被視為並無減值(不論是個別或共同)之貿易應收帳款及應收票據之 帳齡分析如下:

			The Group		
		本	集團		
		2009	2008		
		二零零九年	二零零八年		
		RMB'000	RMB' 000		
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣		
Neither past due nor impaired	既無逾期亦未減值	164,055	115,121		
Past due but not impaired	逾期但並無減值				
Less than 1 month past due	逾期少於一個月	-	1,800		
1 to 3 months past due	逾期一至三個月	-	2		
			1,802		
		164,055	116,923		
		104,055	110,925		

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and the balances are still considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances. 既無逾期亦未減值之應收款項涉 及眾多近期並無拖欠紀錄之客戶。

已逾期但未予減值之應收款項乃 涉及若干與本集團有良好往績紀 錄之獨立客戶。根據經驗,管理 層相信,由於信貸質素並無出現 重大變動及有關結餘仍被視為可 全數收回,故毋須就該等結餘作 出減值撥備。本集團並無持有有 關該等結餘之任何抵押品。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

18. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

- (d) The amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.
- (e) The amount due from a related company amounted to RMB8,557,000 (2008: RMB7,025,000), in which Mr. Huang Chun-fa has beneficial interest, is unsecured, interest free and repayable within the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period. The maximum amount outstanding during the year amounted to RMB10,603,000 (2008: RMB7,025,000).

No provision for the amount due has been made in the financial statements.

19. PLEDGED BANK DEPOSITS

The amounts are pledged to secure the Group's banking facilities (see note 29). The pledged bank deposits carry fixed interest rate at 0.10% (2008: 0.10% to 0.80%) per annum for the year ended 31 December 2009.

18. 貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項(續)

- (d) 有關款項為無抵押、免息及須於 要求時償還。
- (e) 應收一間有關連公司(黃春發先 生於此公司擁有實益權益)款項 為8,557,000元人民幣(二零零八 年:7,025,000元人民幣),乃無 抵押、免息,並須於報告期末 起計之未來十二個月內清償。 於年內未清償款項金額最高為 10,603,000元人民幣(二零零八 年:7,025,000元人民幣)。

財務報告內並未就該應收款項作 出撥備。

19. 已抵押銀行存款

已抵押銀行存款乃用作本集團之銀行信 貸之抵押(見附註29)。於截至二零零 九年十二月三十一日止年度,已抵押銀 行存款按0.10%(二零零八年:0.10% 至0.80%)之固定利率計息。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

20. 現金及現金等值項目

		The G	Group	The Co	mpany
		本身	長園	本な	公司
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
7.63					
Deposits with banks	銀行存款	29,000	25,357	-	1,271
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行及手頭現金	69,736	53,036	4,002	3,725
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statement of financial position and the consolidated statement	綜合財務狀況表及 綜合現金流量表之 現金及現金等值項目				
of cash flows		98,736	78,393	4,002	4,996

Deposits with banks carry interest at market rates which range from 0.81% to 1.71% (2008: 0.05% to 20%) per annum for the year ended 31 December 2009.

於截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度,銀行存款按0.81%至1.71%(二 零零八年:0.05%至20%)之市場利率 計息。

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

21. 貿易應付帳款及其他應付款 項

		The G 本缜			mpany 公司
		2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年	2009 二零零九年	2008 二零零八年
		RMB′000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣	RMB'000 千元人民幣
Trade payables	貿易應付帳款	18,351	6,697	_	_
Other payables	其他應付款項	21,395	23,456	2,080	5,073
Dividend payables	應付股息	566	1,079	566	1,058
Amount due to a director (note) Amount due to minority	應付董事款項(附註) 應付少數股東款項	1,119	162	1,119	_
shareholder (note) Amount due to ultimate holding	(附註) 應付最終控股公司	-	152	-	_
company (note)	款項(附註)	11,607	21,285	10,753	24,719
Financial liabilities measured at	按已攤銷成本列帳之				
amortised cost	金融負債	53,038	52,831	14,518	30,850
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	-	386	-	-
1	3	53,038	53,217	14,518	30,850

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

21. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (Continued)

All of the trade and other payables (including amounts due to related parties) are expected to be settled within one year or are repayable on demand.

The following is an age analysis of trade payables as at the end of the reporting period:

21.貿易應付帳款及其他應付款 項(續)

所有貿易應付帳款及其他應付款項(包 括應付有關連人士款項)乃預期將於一 年內償清或須應要求償還。

貿易應付帳款於報告期末之帳齡分析 如下:

		The Group			
		本红	美團		
		2009	2008		
		二零零九年	二零零八年		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣		
Current – 30 days	即期至30日	17,106	2,195		
31 – 60 days	31至60日	872	1,539		
61 – 90 days	61至90日	-	862		
91 – 180 days	91至180日	2	1,847		
Over 180 days	80日以上	371	254		
		18,351	6,697		

Note: The amounts are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

附註: 有關款項為無抵押、免息及須於要求 時償還。

22. BANK BORROWINGS

22. 銀行借貸

		The C 本貨	•	The Company 本公司		
		2009	2008	2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Bank loans	銀行貸款	279,418	244,141	6,866	6,866	
Secured (note (a))	有抵押(附註(a))	183,558	222,605	6,866	6,866	
Unsecured (note (b))	無抵押(附註(b))	95,860	222,005	0,000	0,000	
		55,000	21,550			
		279,418	244,141	6,866	6,866	

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

22. 銀行借貸(續)

At 31 December 2009, the bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,銀行 借貸之還款期如下:

			Group 集團		mpany 公司	
		2009	2008	2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Within 1 year or on demand	一年內或按要求	155,646	139,458	6,866	6,866	
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後至兩年內	19,206	12,885	-	_	
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後至五年內	16,645	41,294	-	_	
After 5 years	五年後	87,921	50,504	-	-	
		123,772	104,683	-		
		279,418	244,141	6,866	6,866	

All of the non-current interest-bearing borrowings are carried at amortised cost. None of the non-current interest-bearing borrowings is expected to be settled within one year.

All of the Group's banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's balance sheet ratios, as are commonly found in lending arrangements with finance institutions. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 26(b). As at 31 December 2009, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

所有非流動計息借貸按攤銷成本列帳。 預期概無非流動計息借貸將於一年內 結清。

本集團所有銀行信貸均須符合與本集 團若干資產負債表數據比率有關的契 約,此為金融機構借貸安排的慣例。 若本集團違反該等契約,已動用的信 貸將須於接獲通知時償還。本集團定 期監察本集團的財務狀況以遵守該 輕 契約。本集團流動資金風險管理的詳 情載於附註26(b)。於二零零九年十二 月三十一日,本集團均無違反該等已 動用信貸的相關契約。

財務報告附註

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

At 31 December 2009, the banking facilities of the Group are secured by bank deposits amounting to RMB5,404,000 (2008: RMB5,578,000) (see note 19). Such banking facilities amounting to RMB512,866,000 (2008: RMB788,794,000), of which approximately RMB36,524,000 (equivalent to approximately USD5,350,000) is subject to be secured by the Group's property, plant and equipment and prepaid lease payments at the bank's discretion in the future period. The facilities were utilised to the extent of RMB262,886,000 at 31 December 2009 (2008: RMB244,141,000). The pledged bank deposits will be released upon the settlement of the relevant bank borrowings.

Note:

- (a) The secured bank borrowings comprise:
 - (i) at 31 December 2009, approximately RMB128,894,000 (equivalent to approximately NTD604,000,000) from a bank is bearing interest rate at 2.5% per annum and secured by an investment property with carrying amount of approximately RMB220,867,000 and repayable by installments up to 18 June 2024.

at 31 December 2008, approximately RMB118,166,000 (equivalent to approximately NTD567,286,000) from a bank was bearing interest ranging from 2.3% to 2.4% per annum and secured by an investment property with carrying amount of approximately RMB215,589,000, bank deposit with carrying amount of approximately RMB1,458,000 (equivalent to approximately NTD7,000,000) and guarantee given by the Company and a director of the Company, Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing. The loan was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2009.

22. 銀行借貸(續)

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,本集 團銀行信貸乃以5,404,000元人民幣 (二零零八年:5,578,000元人民幣) 之銀行存款作為抵押(見附註19)。 於二零零九年十二月三十一日,該銀 行信貸為數512.866.000元人民幣(二 零零八年:788,794,000元人民幣), 其中約36,524,000元人民幣(相當於 約5,350,000美元)須於未來期間由銀 行酌情以本集團物業、廠房及設備及 預付租賃款項作為抵押。該筆信貸於 二零零九年十二月三十一日已動用 262,886,000元人民幣(二零零八年: 244,141,000元人民幣)。已抵押銀行 存款將於結清有關銀行借貸償還後轉 出。

附註:

- (a) 有抵押銀行借貸包括:
 - (i) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 128,894,000元人民幣(相當於約604,000,000元新台幣)之借貸由一間銀行提供,按年利率2.5%計息,並由一項帳面值約220,867,000元人民幣之投資物業,有關款項須於二零二四年六月十八日前分期每月償還。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日, 118,166,000元人民幣(相當於約 567,286,000元新台幣)之借貸由 一間銀行提供,按年利率2.3%至 2.4%計息,並由一項帳面值約 215,589,000元人民幣之投資物 業、帳面值約1,458,000元人民幣 (相當於約7,000,000元新台幣)之 銀行存款,以及本公司及本公司董 事賴粵興先生提供之擔保作抵押。 該貸款已於截至二零零九年十二 月三十一日止年度內償清。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

22. BANK BORROWINGS (Continued)

Note: (Continued)

- (a) (Continued)
 - (ii) approximately RMB47,798,000 (equivalent to approximately USD7,000,000) (2008: approximately RMB97,573,000 (equivalent to approximately USD14,276,000)) from banks are bearing interest ranging from 1.67% to 2.5% per annum (2008: 2.3% to 6.0%) and repayable within one year and secured by the following:
 - Prepaid lease payments with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMBNil (2008: approximately RMB8,194,000);
 - Building and factory premises with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMBNil (2008: approximately RMB24,376,000);
 - Plant and machinery with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMBNil (2008: approximately RMB34,816,000);
 - Guarantee given by the Company.
 - (iii) at 31 December 2009, approximately RMB6,866,000 (equivalent to approximately USD1,000,000) from a bank is bearing interest rate at 1.96% per annum and secured by a bank deposit with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB5,404,000 (equivalent to approximately USD787,000) and guarantee given by the Company and certain subsidiaries, and fully settled subsequent to the reporting period.

at 31 December 2008, approximately RMB6,866,000 (equivalent to approximately USD1,000,000) from a bank was bearing interest rate at 4% per annum and secured by a bank deposit with aggregate carrying amount of approximately RMB4,120,000 (equivalent to approximately USD600,000) and guarantee given by the Company and certain subsidiaries. The loan was fully repaid during the year ended 31 December 2009.

(b) The unsecured bank borrowings comprise:

- approximately RMB90,444,000 (equivalent to approximately USD13,246,000) (2008: approximately RMB21,536,000 (equivalent to approximately USD3,151,000)) from banks are unsecured, unguaranteed, bearing interest ranging from 0.28% to 1.35% per annum (2008: 5.5% to 6.4%) and repayable within one year.
- approximately RMB5,416,000 (equivalent to approximately VND14,647,884,000) (2008: RMBNil) from a bank is unsecured, unguaranteed, bearing interest ranging from 5.5% to 12% per annum and repayable by 17 June 2010.

22. 銀行借貸(續)

附註:(續)

- (a) (續)
 - (ii) 約47,798,000元人民幣(相當於約7,000,000美元)(二零零八年:約97,573,000元人民幣(相當於約14,276,000美元))之借貸由多間銀行提供,按年利率1.67%至2.5%(二零零八年:2.3%至6.0%)計息,須於一年內償還,並由以下項目作抵押:
 - 總帳面值約零元人民幣(二 零零八年:約8,194,000元人 民幣)之預付租賃款項;
 - 總帳面值約零元人民幣(二 零零八年:約24,376,000元 人民幣)之樓宇及廠房;
 - 總帳面值約零元人民幣(二 零零八年:約34,816,000元 人民幣)之機器及設備;
 - 本公司提供之擔保;
 - (iii) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 6,866,000元人民幣(相當於約 1,000,000美元)之借貸由一間銀 行提供,按年利率1.96%計息,並 由帳面總值約5,404,000元人民幣 (相當於約787,000美元)之銀行存 款以及本公司及若干附屬公司提 供之擔保作抵押,並已於報告期後 清償。

於二零零八年十二月三十一日, 6,866,000元人民幣(相當於約 1,000,000美元)之借貸由一間銀行 提供,按年利率4%計息,並由帳 面總值約4,120,000元人民幣(相當 於約600,000美元)之銀行存款以 及本公司及若干附屬公司提供之擔 保作抵押,並須於二零零九年十二 月三十一日償還。

- (b) 無抵押銀行借貸包括:
 - (i) 約90,444,000元人民幣(相當於約 13,246,000美元)(二零零八年: 約21,536,000元人民幣(相當於約 3,151,000美元))之借貸由多間銀 行提供,為無抵押,無擔保,按年 利率0.28%至1.35%計息(二零零 八年:5.5%至6.4%計息),以及須 於一年內償還。
 - (ii) 約5,416,000元人民幣(相當於約 14,647,884,000元越南盾)(二零零 八年:零元人民幣)之借貸由一間 銀行提供,為無抵押,無擔保,按 年利率5.5%至12%計息,以及須 於二零一零年六月十七日前償還。

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23. INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

23. 綜合財務狀況表之所得税

(a) 財務狀況表之即期税項代表:

(a) Current taxation in the statement of financial position represents:

		The C 本貨	-	
		☆ 2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	
Provision for the year	本年度撥備			
– Hong Kong Profits Tax	一香港利得税	-		
– PRC Enterprise Income Tax	一中國企業所得税	-	6,989	
- Other tax jurisdictions	- 其他徵税地區	1,159	323	
Provisional tax paid	已付暫繳税			
– Hong Kong Profits Tax	一香港利得税	-		
– PRC Enterprise Income Tax	一中國企業所得税	-	(10,887)	
- Other tax jurisdictions	一其他徵税地區	(1,167)	(330)	
		(8)	(3,905)	

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23. INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

The Group

The components of deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

23. 綜合財務狀況表之所得税 (續)

本集團

年內,於綜合財務狀況表確認之 遞延税項負債組成部份及其變動 情況如下:

> Revaluation of investment property

		重估投資物業 RMB′000 千元人民幣
	ᆂᇦᆍᇂᆇᆃᅶᆃᅊᅏᄭᄰᆓ	
Deferred tax arising from:	由以下各項產生之遞延税項:	
At 1 January 2008	於二零零八年一月一日	_
Charged to profit or loss (note 7(a))	計入損益表(附註7(a))	(8,434)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	470
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年十二月三十一日	(7,964)
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年一月一日	(7,964)
Credited to profit or loss (note 7(a))	於損益表扣除(附註7(a))	1,066
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(161)
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九就年十二月三十一日	(7,059)

(c) Deferred tax assets not recognised

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has unused tax losses of RMB52,824,000 (2008: RMB31,851,000) available for offset against future profits that may be carried forward indefinitely, except of which RMB18,666,000 (2008: RMBNil) was tax loss in the PRC which is available for carry forward to set off future assessable incomes for a maximum period of five years, which will be expired in 2014 for the year ended 31 December 2009. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. (c) 並未確認之遞延税項資產

於報告期末,本集團有未動用税 項虧損52,824,000元人民幣(二零 零八年:31,851,000元人民幣)可 用於抵銷未來溢利而可無限期結 轉,惟其中18,666,000元人民幣 (二零零八年:零元人民幣)為國 內税項虧損,可結轉以抵銷未來 應課税收入最多五年期間,就截 至二零零九年十二月三十一日止 年度即將於二零一四年屆滿。由 於無就税項虧損確認遞延税項資 產。

⁽b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:

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24. EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has a share option scheme which was adopted on 24 May 2004, for the primary purpose of providing incentives and to recognise the contribution of the eligible participants to the growth of the Group and will expire on 24 May 2014. Under the share option scheme, the board of directors may grant options to eligible full time employees, including any executive, non-executive and independent non-executive directors, and consultants or advisers of the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

Up to 31 December 2009, no options have been granted since the adoption of the share option scheme in 2004. The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the share option scheme and any other option schemes is not permitted to exceed 30% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company's shareholders.

Options may be exercised at any time from the date of grant to the 10 years of the date of grant. No minimum period for which an option must be held is required. The exercise price, which is determined by the board of directors, is the highest of: (i) the closing price per share on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price per share for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易

本公司設有一項於二零零四年五月 二十四日採納之購股權計劃,主要目 的在於向合資格參與者給予獎勵及表 揚彼等為本集團之成長作出之貢獻。 該計劃將於二零一四年五月二十四日 屆滿。根據購股權計劃,董事會可向 合資格之全職僱員(包括本公司及/或 其任何附屬公司之任何執行董事及顧問或 諮詢人)授出購股權。

截至二零零九年十二月三十一日,自二 零零四年購股權計劃獲採納以來並無 授出任何購股權。在未經本公司股東 事先批准下,根據購股權計劃及任何 其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股權所 涉及之股份總數不得超過本公司不時 已發行股本之30%。在未經本公司股 東事先批准下,於任何年度向任何個 人可能授出之購股權所涉及之股份數 目不得超過本公司已發行股本之1%。

購股權可由其授出日期至該日起計10 年內隨時行使。概無規定必須持有購 股權之最短期間。董事會所釐定之行 使價必須為以下各項之最高者:(i)股份 於授出日期之每股收市價;(ii)股份於 緊接授出日期前五個營業日之平均每 股收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

The Company

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(a) 權益成分的變動

本集團綜合權益各部分之年初及 年終結余之對賬載於綜合權益變 動表內。本公司個別權益部分於 年初及年終間之變動載列如下:

本公司

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Special reserve 特別儲備 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Exchange reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Proposed final dividend 擬派末期股息 RMB'000 千元人民幣	Total 總計 RMB′000 千元人民幣
At 1 January 2008 Exchange differences on translation of financial statements to	於二零零八年 一月一日 換算財務報告為 呈列貨幣產生 之匯兑差額	59,460	82,345	125,211	(23,008)	(43,547)	11,520	211,981
presentation currency		-	-	-	(12,213)	-	-	(12,213)
Loss for the year Dividend paid (note 11(b))	年內虧損 已付股息	-	-	-	-	(8,259)	-	(8,259)
	(附註11(b))	-	-	-	-	-	(11,520)	(11,520)
At 31 December 2008	於二零零八年 十二月三十一日	59,460	82,345	125,211	(35,221)	(51,806)	-	179,989
At 1 January 2009	於二零零九年 一月一日 地 笠田 双邦生 わ	59,460	82,345	125,211	(35,221)	(51,806)	-	179,989
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements to presentation currency	換算財務報告為 呈列貨幣產生 之匯兑差額	_	_	_	-	_	-	_
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	13,493	-	13,493
At 31 December 2009	於二零零九年 十二月三十一日	59,460	82,345	125,211	(35,221)	(38,313)	_	193,482

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(b) Share capital

(i) Authorised and issued share capital

(b) 股本

(i) 法定及已發行股本

					008 零八年		
		Number		Number			
		of shares	RMB	of shares	RMB		
		股份數目	人民幣	股份數目	人民幣		
		'000	'000	<i>'</i> 000	<i>'</i> 000		
		Ŧ	千元	Ŧ	千元		
Authorised: Ordinary shares of	法定: 每股面值0.10港元				93		
HK\$0.10 each	之普通股	2,000,000	195,662	2,000,000	195,662		
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid: At 1 January and	已發行及繳足之 普通股: 於一月一日及				æ		
at 31 December	十二月三十一日	576,000	59,460	576,000	59,460		

The owners of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company' s residual assets.

(ii) Increase in authorised share capital

By an ordinary resolution passed at the special general meeting held on 6 June 2008, the Company's authorised share capital was increased to HK\$200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB195,662,000) by the creation of an additional 1,000,000,000 ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each, ranking pari passu with the existing ordinary shares of the Company in all respects.

普通股擁有人有權收取不時 宣派之股息,並有權於本公 司股東大會上就每股股份享 有一票投票權。就本公司之 剩餘資產而言,所有普通股 享有同等權益。

(ii) 增加法定股本

根據二零零八年六月六日 舉行之股東特別大會上通 過之普通決議案,本公司之 法定股本增至200,000,000 港元(相當於約195,662,000 元人民幣),方式為增設 1,000,000,000股每股面值 0.10港元之普通股,該等普 通股在各方面與本公司現有 普通股享有同等權益。

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Acts of the Cayman Islands.

Under the Companies Acts of the Cayman Islands, the funds in the share premium account of the Company are distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

(ii) Special reserve

The Group

The amount represents the paid-in capital of the Company of 1 share of HK\$0.10 each and the special reserve of RMB83,570,000 arising from exchange of 1 share of the Company of HK\$0.10 for the entire share capital of Bamian pursuant to the reorganisation scheme dated 12 December 2005.

The Company

The special reserve represents the difference between the nominal value of the shares of the Company issued in exchange for the issued share capital of the subsidiaries and the value of the underlying assets of the subsidiaries pursuant to the group reorganisation on 12 December 2004.

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(c) 儲備之性質與目的

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價帳之動用受開曼群 島公司法所規管。

根據開曼群島公司法,本公 司股份溢價帳之資金可分派 予本公司股東,惟緊隨建議 派發股息後,本公司須能夠 償付日常業務範圍之到期負 債。

(ii) 特別儲備

本集團

該金額指本公司1股每股0.10 港元之已繳足股本,以及因 根據日期為二零零五年十二 月十二日之重組計劃以本公 司0.10港元之1股股份交換百 門全部股本所產生之特別儲 備83,570,000元人民幣。

本公司

特別儲備指本公司根據二零 零四年十二月十二日之集團 重組,就交換附屬公司已發 行股本而發行之股份面值與 附屬公司相關資產值之差額。

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

(c) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Statutory surplus reserve

The Articles of Association of Guangzhou Mayer requires the appropriation of 10% of its profit after taxation, based on its statutory audited accounts, each year to the statutory surplus reserve until the balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. According to the provision of the Articles of Association of Guangzhou Mayer, in normal circumstances, the statutory surplus reserve shall only be used for making up losses, capitalisation into share capital and expansion of the production and operation of Guangzhou Mayer. For the capitalisation of statutory surplus reserve into share capital, the remaining amount of such reserve shall not be less than 25% of the registered share capital.

(iv) Statutory public welfare fund

Pursuant to the PRC Company Law, Guangzhou Mayer shall make allocation from its profit after taxation at the rate of 5% to 10% to the statutory public welfare fund, based on its statutory audited accounts. The statutory public welfare fund can only be utilised on capital items for employees' collective welfare. Individual employees only have the right to use these facilities, the titles to which will remain with the Company. The statutory public welfare fund forms part of the shareholders' equity but is non-distributable other than in liquidation. With effect from 1 January 2006, the appropriation is not a statutory requirement in accordance with the PRC Company Law (2006 Amendment). Guangzhou Mayer adopted the amended Company Law and no appropriation was made.

(v) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(r).

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(c) 儲備之性質與目的(續)

(iii) 法定公積金

廣州美亞之組織章程細則 規定,每年須根據其法定經 審核帳目,將除税後溢利之 10%撥往法定公積金,直至 該儲備結餘達註冊資本50% 為止。根據廣州美亞組織 章程細則之規定,在一般情 況,法定公積金僅可用作抵 銷虧損、撥充股本及擴展廣 州美亞之生產與營運。將法 定公積金撥充股本後,該儲 備之餘額不得低於註冊股本 25%。

(iv) 法定公益金

根據中國公司法·廣州美 亞須根據其法定經審核帳 目,將其除税後溢利之5% 至10%轉撥至法定公益金。 法定公益金只可用於為僱員 集體福利而設的資本項目。 個別僱員只有權享用有關 設施,而設施所有權仍歸本 公司所有。法定公益金是股 **東權益一部份,除清盤以外** 一概不得作出分派。自二零 零六年一月一日起,根據中 國公司法(二零零六年修訂 版),分配不再是法定要求。 廣州美亞已採納經修訂之公 司法,其並無進行分配。

(v) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包含換算海外業務 財務報告產生之所有匯兑差 異。此儲備乃根據附註2(r)所 載之會計政策處理。

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

(d) Distributability of reserves

At 31 December 2009, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to owners of the Company was RMB169,243,000 (2008: RMB155,750,000). After the end of the reporting period, the directors proposed a final dividend of RMBNil cent per share (2008: RMBNil cent per share) amounting to RMBNil (2008: RMBNil). This dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns to shareholders and benefits to other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher stakeholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

Consistent with industry practices, the Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total bank borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits. Total capital is calculated as 'equity', as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, shareholders' funds (i.e. total equity attributable to owners of the Company) plus net debt.

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(d) 儲備分派

於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 可供分派予本公司擁有人之儲備 總額為169,243,000元人民幣(二 零零八年:155,750,000元人民 幣)。於報告期末後,董事建議派 發末期股息每股零分人民幣(二零 零八年:每股零分人民幣),總額 達零元人民幣(二零零八年:零元 人民幣)。於報告期末,此項股息 並未確認為負債。

(e) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之首要目標是保 障本集團持續經營能力,以為股 東提供回報,惠及其他利益相關 者以及保持優化的資本架構以減 輕資金成本。

本集團定期主動檢討及管理其資 本架構,務求在較高借貸水平可 帶來較高利益相關者回報,與穩 健資本水平可帶來之好處和保障 之間取得平衡,並且因應經濟情 況而調整資本架構。

本集團利用資本負債比率監察 資本架構,做法符合業內慣例。 資本負債比率為淨債務除以總資 本。淨債務是總銀行借貸(包括綜 合財務狀況表所示之流動及非流 動借貸)減去現金及現金等值項目 以及銀行存款之數。總資本是綜 合財務狀況表所示之「權益」,亦 即是股東資金(即本公司擁有人應 佔權益總額)加上淨債務之數。

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25. CAPITAL AND RESERVES (Continued)

(e) Capital management (Continued)

During 2009, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2008, was to maintain the gearing ratio below 80%. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt. The Group's gearing ratios as at 31 December 2009 and 2008 were as follows:

24. 以權益結算並以股份為基礎 之交易(續)

(e) 資本管理(續)

本集團於二零零九年將資產負 債比率保持在80%以下,此策略 與二零零八年無異。為保持或調 整資本架構,本集團可調整向股 東派發股息之金額,向股東返還 資本,發行新股份或出售資產減 債。本集團於二零零九年及二零 零八年十二月三十一日之資產負 債比率如下:

		2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Total borrowings (note 22) Less: Cash and cash equivalents and bank deposits	總借貸(附註22) 減:現金及現金等值項目 以及銀行存款	279,418 (105,847)	244,141 (84,951)
Net debt Shareholders' funds	淨債務 股東資金	173,571 295,510	159,190 296,836
Total capital	總資本	469,081	456,026
Gearing ratio	資本負債比率	37%	35%

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

本公司或其附屬公司概無受限於 外界施加之資本限制。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and bank deposits, available-for-sale financial assets, bank borrowings, trade and other receivables and trade and other payables. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk and interest rate risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

(a) Credit risk

- (i) As at 31 December 2009, the maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by:
 - the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated statement of financial position after deducting any impairment allowance; and
 - the amount of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Company as disclosed in note 30.
- (ii) In respect of trade and other receivables, in order to minimize risk, the management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations of its customers' financial position and condition is performed on each and every major customer periodically. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The Group does not require collateral in respect of its financial assets. Debts are usually due within 30 to 180 days from the date of billing and may be extended to selected customers depending on their trade volumes and settlement with the Group. Usually, debtors with balances aged more than 6 months past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值

本公司之主要金融工具包括現金及銀 行存款、可供出售金融資產、銀行借 貸、貿易應收帳款及其他應收款項,以 及貿易應付帳款及其他應付款項。此 等金融工具之詳情於有關附註披露。 與此等金融工具有關連之風險包括。 貸風險、流動資金風險、貨幣風險包 利率風險。以下載有如何減低該等風 險之政策。管理層管理及監督風險乃 確保合適措施能及時有效地實行。

(a) 信貸風險

- (i) 於二零零九年十二月三十一 日,最高之信貸風險乃指
 - 在扣減任何減值撥備後
 於綜合資產負債表中每
 項金融資產之帳面值。
 - 附註30所述由本公司所 做金融擔保之或然負債 金額。
- 在貿易應收帳款及其他應收 (ii) 款項方面,為減低風險,管 理層已制定信貸政策及持續 監督信貸風險。客戶財務狀 況及條件之信貸評估乃定期 對每一位主要客戶施行。此 等評估著重於客戶以往之到 期付款記錄及目前之付款能 力,並考慮到客戶之特有資 料以及客戶面對之經濟環境 的相關資料。本集團並無就 金融資產取得抵押品,債務 通常由發票日期起30至180 日內到期,而經挑選之客戶 的信貸期則可予延長,視乎 彼等與本集團之貿易數量及 結算情況而定。一般而言, 若有結餘超過六個月逾期未 付之應收款項,有關客戶須 結清所有未償還結餘後方可 獲授進一步之信貸。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) In respect of trade receivables, the Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate also has an influence on credit risk. At the end of the reporting period, the Group's concentration of credit risk by geographical locations is mainly in the PRC, which accounted for 93% (2008: 93%) of the total trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2009. The Group has concentration of credit risk by customers as for 32% (2008: 31%) and 9% (2008: 16%) of the total trade and other receivables were due from the Group's five largest customers and the largest customer respectively as at 31 December 2009.

- (iv) Investments are normally only in liquid securities quoted on a recognised stock exchange, except where entered into for long term strategic purposes.
- (v) The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 18.

(vi) As set out in note 30, the financial guarantees given by the Company were of minimal credit risk to the Company.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

- (iii) 就貿易應收帳款而言,本集 團面對之信貸風險主要受到 各客戶本身之特點所影響。 客戶經營之行業及國家的違 約風險亦影響到信貸風險。 於報告期末,以地區位置劃 分·本集團之信貸風險主要 集中於中國地區,於二零零 九年十二月三十一日,中國 市場之應收款項佔總貿易應 收帳款及其他應收款項之 93%(二零零八年:93%)。 本集團亦面對客戶信貸風險 集中之情況,於二零零九年 十二月三十一日,應收本集 團五大客戶及最大客戶之應 收款項分別佔總貿易應收帳 款及其他應收款項之32% (二零零八年:31%)及9% (二零零八年:16%)。
- (iv) 投資一般僅限於在認可證券 交易所報價之流通證券,惟 就長期策略目的而持有者除 外。
- (v) 流動資金之信貸風險有限, 因對手方為獲得國際信貸評級機構給予高信貸評級之銀行。

附註18載有更多有關本公司 就貿易應收帳款及其他應收 款項引起之信貸風險的數據 披露。

(vi) 如附註30所述,本公司所提供之擔保之信貸風險極小。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient amount of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As at 31 December 2009, the Group has available un-utilised banking facilities of approximately RMB249,980,000 (2008: RMB544,653,000), details of which are disclosed in note 22.

The following liquidity table set out the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group and the Company required to pay:

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險

本集團旗下之個別經營實體須自 行負責現金管理工作,包括現金 盈餘之短期投資及籌措貸款以應 付預期現金需求,惟須獲董事會 之批准方可作實。本集團之政策 是定期監察即期及預期流動資金 所需,及遵守借貸契約,確保本 公司維持充裕的現金款額及從主 要金融機構取得足夠的承諾信 貸,以應付短線及較長線之流動 資金需求。本集團依賴銀行借貸 為主要流動資金來源。於二零零 九年十二月三十一日,本集團有 可動用而未取用之銀行信貸約 249,980,000元人民幣(二零零八 年:544.653.000元人民幣)。詳 情載於附註22。

下列之流動資金表列出本集團及 本公司之非衍生金融負債於報告 期末之餘下合約到期日,乃根據 訂約未貼現現金流(包括以訂約利 率推算之利息開支,若屬浮息, 則根據報告期末之通行利率推算) 及本集團及本公司可被要求支付 款項之最早日期而得出:

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For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

本集團

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

The Group

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

			2009						2008					
				二零零九日	年			二零零八年						
						Total						Total		
			More than	More than		contractual	Carrying		More than	More than		contractual	Carrying	
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less	More than	undiscounted	amount at	Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less	More than	undiscounted	amount at	
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	5 years	cash flow	31/12/2009	or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	5 years	cash flow	31/12/2008	
							於二零零九年						於二零零八年	
		一年內或	一年後但	兩年後但		訂約未貼現	十二月三十一日	一年內或	一年後但	兩年後但		訂約未貼現	十二月三十一日	
		應要求	兩年內	五年內	五年後	現金流總額	之帳面值	應要求	兩年內	五年內	五年後	現金流總額	之帳面值	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
													1	
Non-derivative financial liabilities:	非衍生金融負債:													
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	159,443	22,252	25,256	115,188	322,139	279,418	143,709	16,048	48,143	51,996	259,896	244,141	
Trade and other	¥11回貝 貿易應付帳款及	135,443	22,232	23,230	113,100	322,133	2/3,410	143,705	10,040	40,143	J1,350	233,030	244,141	
		52.020				52.020	52.020	53.347				52.247	52.247	
payables	其他應付款項	53,038		-	-	53,038	53,038	53,217	-		-	53,217	53,217	
		212,481	22,252	25,256	115,188	375,177	332,456	196,926	16,048	48,143	51,996	313,113	297,358	

The Company

				2009						2008			
				二零零九	年					二零零八	年		
						Total						Total	
			More than	More than		contractual	Carrying		More than	More than		contractual	Carrying
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less	More than	undiscounted	amount at	Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less	More than	undiscounted	amount at
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	5 years	cash flow	31/12/2009	or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	5 years	cash flow	31/12/2008
							於二零零九年						於二零零八年
		一年內或	一年後但	兩年後但		訂約未貼現	十二月三十一日	一年內或	一年後但	兩年後但		訂約未貼現	十二月三十一日
		應要求	兩年內	五年內	五年後	現金流總額	之帳面值	應要求	兩年內	五年內	五年後	現金流總額	之帳面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB' 000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
													1
Bank borrowings	銀行借貨	6,900	-	-	-	6,900	6,866	6,951	-	-	-	6,951	6,866
Other payables	其他應付款項	14,518	-	-	-	14,518	14,518	30,850	-	-	-	30,850	30,850
		21,418	-	-	-	21,418	21,384	37,801	-	-	-	37,801	37,716
Financial guarantee issued:	已提供之金融擔保:												
Maximum amount	擔保之最高金額												
guaranteed (note 30)	(附註30)	54,664	-	-	-	54,664	-	172,874	-	-	-	172,874	<u> </u>

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts existing as at 31 December 2009 are the maximum amounts the Company could be called if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations as at 31 December 2009, the Company considered that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement. This estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group manages its interest rate exposure based on interest rate level and outlook as well as potential impact on the Group's financial position arising from volatility. The Group currently does not have any interest rate hedging policy in relation to fair value and cash flow interest rate risks. The directors monitor the Group's exposure on ongoing basis and will consider hedging the interest rate should the need arise.

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate borrowings and bank deposits carrying fixed interest rates and cash flow interest rate risk in relation to variable-rate borrowings (see note 22 for details of these borrowings) and short-term deposits placed in banks and financial institutions that are interest-bearing at market interest rates (see note 19 and 20 for details of these deposits). The directors consider the Group's exposure of the bank deposits to fair value interest rate risk is not significant as interest-bearing bank deposits are within short maturity period.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(b) 流動資金風險(續)

上述款項包括於二零零九年十二 月三十一日之金融擔保合約,本 公司可能被要求支付擔保總額之 最高款項若交易對方追討有關 擔保。按照於二零零九年十二月 三十一日之預期,本公司認為棍 據安排須要繳付該款項之可能性 很低。這估計可能發生變動,取 決於持有已擔保財務應收帳款之 交易對方遭受信貸損失而按擔保 條款追討之可能性。

上述款項包括非衍生金融負債之 浮息可能改變,若浮息變動與於 報告期末釐定利率估計不相等。

(c) 利率風險

本集團根據利率水平及展望以及 利率波動對本集團財務狀況可造 成之影響而管控其利率風險。本 集團並無就公平值及現金流利率 風險而制訂任何利率對沖政策。 董事持續監察本集團面對之風 險,並會於需要時考慮對沖利率 風險。

本集團因為定息借貸及定息銀行 存款而面對公平值利率風險,另 因以市場利率計息之浮息借貸(該 等借貸詳情見附註22)及銀行與金 融機構短期存款(該等存款詳情見 附註19及20)而面對現金流利率 風險。董事認為本集團之銀行存 款面對的公平值利率風險不高, 因為計息銀行存款於短時間內到 期。

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's and the Company's interest-bearing financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period:

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(i) 利率組合

下表詳列本集團及本公司之 計息金融資產及計息金融負 債於報告期末之利率組合:

			The G 本集			The Company 本公司			
)09 零九年		008 零八年)09 零九年	2008 二零零八年	
		Effective		Effective		Effective		Effective	
		interest		interest		interest		interest	
		rate 實際利率		rate 實際利率		rate 實際利率		rate 實際利率	
		%	RMB' 000	%	RMB' 000	%	RMB' 000	%	RMB'000
		百分比	千元人民幣	百分比	千元人民幣	百分比	千元人民幣	百分比	千元人民幣
Assets	資產								
Bank balances and deposits	銀行結餘及按金	0.01% – 1.71%	101,864	0.05% – 20%	81,318	0.01%	5,696	0.05% – 3.55%	5,619
Liabilities	負債								
Fixed rate borrowings	定息借貸								
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	0.28% – 2.5%	138,242	2.27% – 6.4%	119,109	-	-	-	
Variable rate borrowings	浮息借貸								
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	1.96% – 12%	141,176	2.29% – 3.95%	125,032	1.96%	6,866	3.95%	6,866
		1270		5.5570					\leftarrow
Total borrowings	總借貸		279,418		244,141		6,866		6,866
Net fixed rate borrowings	定息借貸淨額佔 淨借貸總額之								
as a percentage of total net borrowings	净值貝總額之 百分比		49.47%		48.79%		-		-1-

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

All of the bank loans and bank deposits of the Group which are fixed rate instruments are insensitive to any change in interest rates. A change in interest rates at the end of the reporting period would not affect profit or loss.

At 31 December 2009, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates for variable rate bank borrowings, with all other variables held constant, would decrease/increase the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB276,000 (2008: RMB200,000). Other components of consolidated equity would not change in response to the general increase/decrease in interest rates.

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to the net exposure to interest rate risk for non-derivative variable rate interest-bearing financial liabilities and bank deposits in existence at that date. The 50 basis points increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the end of next reporting period. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2008.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

本集團所有銀行貸款及銀行 存款(屬定息工具)對利率變 動之敏感度不高。於報告期 末之利率變動不會影響損益。

於二零零九年十二月三十一 日,據本集團估計,如浮息 銀行借貸之利率整體上調/ 下調五十點子,而所有其他 不定因素維持不變,本集團 之除税後溢利及保留溢利 將會減少/增加約276,000 元人民幣(二零零八年: 200,000元人民幣)。綜合權 益內之其他組成部份不會因 為利率之整體升/跌而變動。

上述敏感度分析乃假設利率 變動已於報告期末發生及已 計入該日存在之按付息計息 之非衍生金融負債以及銀行 存款之利率風險淨額。增加 或減少五十點子代表管理層 對利率於直至下一個報告期 止期間合理可能變動之估 計。二零零八年之分析乃根 據相同基準進行。

財務報告附註

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk primarily through sales and purchases that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars, Renminbi, New Taiwan dollars and Hong Kong dollars.

As the estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of committed future sales and purchases and estimated foreign currency exposure in respect of highly probable forecast sales and purchases is not significant, no hedging on foreign currency risk has been carried out during the year under review.

In respect of trade receivables and payables held in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險

本集團面對之外幣風險,主要源 自並非以相關業務的功能貨幣計 值之買賣。貨幣風險主要源自美 元、人民幣、新台幣和港元。

由於已訂約未來買賣之估計外幣 風險以及極有可能進行之預測買 賣之估計外幣風險皆非重大,因 此於回顧年度並無進行外幣風險 對沖。

就並非以相關業務的功能貨幣計 值之貿易應收帳款及貿易應付帳 款而言,本集團確保淨風險保持 在可以接受的水平,方式為於需 要時以即期匯率買賣外匯以應付 短期的不平衡情況。

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's and the Company's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate.

The Group

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(i) 須面對的貨幣風險

下表列示本集團及本公司於 報告期末因以相關實體之功 能貨幣以外之貨幣列值之已 確認資產或負債而須面對的 貨幣風險。

本集團

				2009		
				二零零九年		
		United States	New Taiwan	Hong Kong	Singapore	
		dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars	Renminbi
		美元	新台幣	港元	新加坡元	人民幣
		'000	'000	'000	'000	'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收帳款及					
	其他應收款項	16,883	13,195	16,625	-	5
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	787	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	6,690	-	5,977	-	1
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(21,246)	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	貿易應付帳款及					
	其他應付款項	(3,047)	(79)	(96)	-	-
Overall net exposure arising from	產生自已確認資產及					
recognised assets and liabilities	負債之整體淨風險	67	13,116	22,506	-	6

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

本集團(續)

(i) 須面對的貨幣風險(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

- Currency risk (Continued)
- (i) Exposure to currency risk (Continued)

The Group (Continued)

		2008 二零零八年				
		United States	New Taiwan	Hong Kong	Singapore	
		dollars	dollars	dollars	dollars	Renminbi
		美元	新台幣	港元	新加坡元	人民幣
		<i>'</i> 000	'000	'000	[′] 000	1000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Trade and other receivables	貿易應收帳款及					
	其他應收款項	11,081	23,410	14,682	-	- N=
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	600	-	-	-	- (-)
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	6,934	-	4,316	75	
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(18,427)	-	-	-	
Trade and other payables	貿易應付帳款及					
	其他應付款項	(1,670)	(91,689)	(208)	-	7
Derivative financial instrument	衍生金融工具	(4,000)	-	-	-	<u>>(-</u>)
Overall net exposure arising from	產生自已確認資產及					
recognised assets and liabilities	負債之整體淨風險	(5,482)	(68,279)	18,790	75	-

For the year ended 31 December 2009 截至二零零九年十二月三十一日止年度

26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR 26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續) VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(i) Exposure to currency risk (Continued) The Company (i) 須面對的貨幣風險(續)本公司

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

		United States dollars 美元 ' 000	2009 二零零九年 New Taiwan dollars 新台幣 ′000	Renminbi 人民幣 ′000
		600 千元	千元	1 000 千元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	1	-	5
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	787	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值			
	項目	397	-	1
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(1,000)	-	-
Other payables	其他應付款項	(1,566)	(50)	-
Overall net exposure arising from recognised assets and liabilities	產生自已確認 資產及負債之 整體淨風險	(1,381)	(50)	6

			2008	
			二零零八年	
		United States	New Taiwan	
		dollars	dollars	Renminbi
		美元	新台幣	人民幣
		<i>'</i> 000	<i>'</i> 000	<i>'</i> 000
		千元	千元	千元
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	600	_	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	533	_	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	(1,000)	_	_
Other payables	其他應付款項	_	(118,748)	-
Overall net exposure arising	產生自已確認			
from recognised assets	資產及負債之			
and liabilities	整體淨風險	133	(118,748)	-

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis

The Group

The following table indicates the approximate change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) in response to reasonably possible changes in the foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(d) 貨幣風險(續)

(ii) 敏感度分析

下表列示本集團之除税後溢 利(及保留溢利)因應外幣 (本集團於報告期末面對重大 匯率風險者)匯率可能出現 之合理變動而產生之概約變 動。

本集團

		2009 二零零九	,年	2008 二零零八年		
			Effect on		Effect on	
		Increase/	profit	Increase/	profit	
		(decrease)	after	(decrease)	after	
		in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and	
		exchange	retained	exchange	retained	
		rates	profits	rates	profits	
			對除税後		對除税後	
		外幣匯率	溢利及保留	外幣匯率	溢利及保留	
		升/(跌)	溢利之影響	升/(跌)	溢利之影響	
			RMB'000		RMB'000	
			千元人民幣		千元人民幣	
					- (
United States dollars	美元	5%/(5%)	(13)/13	5%/(5%) (1	,870)/1,870	
New Taiwan dollars	新台幣	5%/(5%)	112/(112)	5%/(5%)	(710)/710	
Hong Kong dollars	港元	5%/(5%)	793/(793)	5%/(5%)	827/(827)	
Singapore dollars	新加坡元	5%/(5%)	_/_	5%/(5%)	1/(1)	
Renminbi	人民幣	5%/(5%)	_/_	5%/(5%)	_/_	
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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

(ii) Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The sensitivity analysis has been determined assuming that the change in foreign exchange rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to each of the Group entities' exposure to currency risk for financial instruments in existence at that date, and that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant.

The stated changes represent management's assessment of reasonably possible changes in foreign exchange rates over the period until the end of next reporting period. Results of the analysis as presented in the above table represent an aggregation of the effects on each of the Group entities' profit after tax and equity measured in the respective functional currencies, translated into Renminbi at the exchange rate ruling at the end of the reporting period for presentation purposes. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2008.

(e) Fair values

The fair values of cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables are not materially different from their carrying amounts because of the immediate or short term maturity of these financial instruments. The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximately their fair values.

(f) Estimation of fair values

The following summarises the major methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair values of the following financial instruments:

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

- (d) 貨幣風險(續)
 - (ii) 敏感度分析(續)

敏感度分析乃假設外幣匯率 變動於報告期末經已發生, 並已應用於本集團旗下各實 體於該日存在之金融工具所 涉及貨幣風險,而所有其他 變數(尤其是利率)均維持不 變。

上述變動指管理層對直至下 一個報告期末止期間的外幣 匯率可能出現之合理變動之 估計。上表所示之分析結果 代表對本集團旗下各實體按 功能貨幣計算並按報告期末 之匯率換算為人民幣以供呈 列之用的除税後溢利及權益 之影響總額。該分析乃以二 零零八年之同一基準進行。

(e) 公平值

現金及現金等值項目、銀行存 款、貿易應收帳款及其他應收款 項以及貿易應付帳款及其他應付 款項之公平值與其帳面值並無重 大差異,因為該等金融工具乃即 時或於短時間內到期。銀行借貸 之帳面值與公允值相若。

(f) 公平值估計

以下是概述用以估計以下金融工 具的公平值的主要方法和假設:

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26. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (Continued)

(f) Estimation of fair values

(i) Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

The fair value is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at current market interest rates for similar financial instruments.

(ii) Financial guarantees

The fair value of financial guarantees issued is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services when such information is obtainable or is otherwise estimated by reference to interest rate differentials. Where reliable estimates of such information can be made, the latter is arrived at by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged had the guarantees not been available.

27. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) During the year, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions which were carried out in the normal course of the Group's business:
 - ROC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, (i) entered into an aircraft lease agreement with Daily Air Corporation ("Daily Air"), a related company in which Mr. Huang Chun-fa, a non-executive director of the Company, has beneficial interest, regarding the leasing of four aircrafts and the provision of consultancy services by ROC to Daily Air for a term of three years commencing from 1 May 2006 to 30 April 2008 in consideration of rental income and consultancy fee income. On 6 May 2008, the lease agreement was further extended to 7 July 2011 with rental income and consultancy fee income remain unchanged. At the end of the reporting period, RMB8,557,000 (2008: RMB7,025,000) is due from this related company (note 18(e)). The amounts of transactions during the year are disclosed in (iv) below.

26. 財務風險管理及公平值(續)

(f) 公平值估計(續)

(i) 計息貸款及借貸公平值按未來現金流量的現值(以類似金融工具的現行

市場利率折現計算)估計。

(ii) 財務擔保

釐定發出的財務擔保的公平 值乃參考類似服務在公平交 易中所收取的費用(如可獲 得該資料),或參考利率差額 作估計,后者乃以比較在有 擔保下貸方收取的實際利牽 與假設沒有擔保下推斷貸 應收取的利率計算而得。

27. 重大有關連人士交易

(a) 於年內,本集團在日常業務中進 行之重大有關連人士交易如下:

> 本集團全資附屬公司鵬進與 (j) 有關連公司德安航空股份有 限公司(「德安航空」)(本公 司非執行董事黃春發先生於 其中擁有實益權益)訂立飛 機租賃協議,內容有關四架 飛機之租賃及由鵬進向德安 航空提供顧問服務,自二零 零六年五月一日至二零零八 年四月三十日止為期三年, 代價為租金收入及顧問費 收入。於二零零八年五月六 日,租賃協議已進一步延展 至二零一一年七月六日,租 金收入及顧問費收入則維持 不變。於報告期末,應收該 有關連公司款項為8.557.000 元人民幣(二零零八年: 7,025,000元人民幣)(附註 18(e))。年內收到之總款額 於下文(iv)披露。

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27. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

27. 重大有關連人士交易(續)

- (a) (Continued)
 - (ii) On 13 April 2007, Guangzhou Mayer, a 81.4% indirectly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Raw Material Purchase Agreement with Mayer Steel Pipe Corporation ("Taiwan Mayer"), the ultimate holding company, for the acquisition of raw materials from Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 April 2007 to 31 March 2010. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of raw material purchase for the three years ending 31 March 2010 will be in the amounts of USD3,900,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB30,100,000), USD4,300,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB33,200,000) and USD4,700,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB36,300,000), respectively.

Further on 22 May 2009, Guangzhou Mayer entered into a revised Raw Material Purchase Agreement with Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 July 2009 to 31 December 2011. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of raw material purchase for the six months ending 31 December 2009 will be in the amount of USD1,560,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB10,723,000) and the two years ending 31 December 2011 will be in the amounts of approximately USD2,340,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB16,080,000) and USD2,340,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB16,080,000), respectively.

(a) (續)

- (ii) 於二零零七年四月十三日, 本公司間接持有81.4%權益 之附屬公司廣州美亞與最終 控股公司美亞綱管廠股份 有限公司(「台灣美亞」)訂 立原材料採購協議,以向台 灣美亞採購原材料,由二零 零七年四月一日起至二零 一零年三月三十一日止。 本公司董事預期截至二零 一零年三月三十一日止三 年,原材料採購之年度上限 分別將為3,900,000美元(相 當於約30,100,000元人民 幣)、4,300,000美元(相當 於約33,200,000元人民幣) 及4,700,000美元(相當於約 36,300,000元人民幣)。
 - 其後,於二零零九年五月 二十二日,廣州美亞與台灣 美亞就二零零九年七月一日 至二零一一年十二月三十一 日期間訂立經修訂之原材 料採購協議。本公司董事預 期,截至二零零九年十二 月三十一日止六個月之原 材料採購的最高金額將約 為1,560,000美元(相當於約 10,723,000元人民幣),而 於截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止兩個年度將分 別約為2,340,000美元(相當 於約16,080,000元人民幣) 及2,340,000美元(相當於約 16,080,000元人民幣)。

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27. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

27. 重大有關連人士交易(續)

- (a) (Continued)
 - (ii) (Continued)

On the same date, Guangzhou Mayer entered into a Finished Goods Sales Agreement with Taiwan Mayer for the sales of finished goods to Taiwan Mayer for the period commencing from 1 July 2009 to 31 December 2011. The directors of the Company expect that the maximum amount of finished goods sales for the six months ending 31 December 2009 will be in the amount of USD1,837,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB12,626,000) and the two years ending 31 December 2011 will be in the amounts of approximately USD3,675,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB25,261,000) and USD5,512,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB37,878,000), respectively. The amounts of transactions during the year are disclosed in (iv) below.

(iii) At 31 December 2008, a personal guarantee was given by Mr. Lai Yueh-hsing, a director of the Company, to a bank for banking facilities granted to the Group.

The guarantee was released on 5 June 2009 when the Group fully repaid the bank borrowings.

- (a) (續)
 - (ii) (續)
 - 同日,廣州美亞與台灣美亞 訂立製成品銷售協議,內容 有關於二零零九年七月一日 至二零一一年十二月三十一 日期間向台灣美亞銷售製成 品。本公司董事預期,截至 二零零九年十二月三十一日 止六個月之製成品銷售的最 高金額將約為1,837,000美元 (相當於約12,626,000元人) 民幣),而於截至二零一一 年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度將分別約為3,675,000美元 (相當於約25,261,000元人民 幣)及5,512,000美元(相當 於約37,878,000元人民幣)。 年內交易金額於下文(iv)內披 露。
 - (iii) 於二零零八年十二月三十一日,本公司董事賴粵興先生就本集團獲授之銀行信貸而向銀行提供個人擔保。
 - 該擔保已於二零零九年六月 五日本集團悉數償還銀行借 貸時退回。

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27. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

27. 重大有關連人士交易(續)

- (a) (Continued)
 - (iv) In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group also entered into the following material related party transactions during the year:

(a)(續)

(iv) 除本財務報告其他部份另外 詳述之交易及結餘外,本集 團於年內亦進行以下重大有 關連人士交易:

Amount paid to/(received from)

Name of related party	Nature of	Nature of		ed parties (應收) 士之款項	
有關連人士 之姓名/名稱	relationship 關係之性質	transaction 交易性質	Note 附註	2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
Lo Haw and his spouse 羅漢及其配偶	Family member of director of the Company 本公司董事之 家族成員	Rental paid 已付租金	(i)	120	120
Daily Air 德安航空	Common director 受共同董事控制	Rental income Consultancy fee income Consumable stock sales 租金收入 顧問費收入 消耗盤存銷售	(ii) (ii) (ii)	(8,033) (356) (830)	(8,171) (437) (1,172)
Wealth & Health Investments Limited	Minority shareholder of Guangzhou Mayer 廣州美亞之少數股東	Consultancy fee 顧問費	(ii)	-	455
Winner Industrial Corporation Limited	Minority shareholder of Vietnam Mayer 越南美亞之少數股東	Purchases 購貨	(ii)	-	2,463
Taiwan Mayer 臺灣美亞	Ultimate holding company 最終控股公司	Rental paid Purchases Sales 已付租金 購貨 售貨	(i) (ii) (ii)	24 5,474 (1,578)	- -
Notes:				附註:	
Haw and h	which were paid for premis is spouse and Taiwan Mayer v o the prevailing market renta	vere determined with		之一項物	生及其配偶所擁有 業支付之租金乃參 場租金釐定。
(ii) Mutually agreed by the parties concerned.				(ii) 由有關人 ⁻	士相互協定。

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27. MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 27. 重大有關連人士交易(續) (Continued)

(a) (Continued)

(a) (續)

(v) Amount due from/(to) related parties:

(v) 應收/(應付)有關連人士款項:

			The Group 本集團	
			てる 2009 二零零九年 RMB'000 千元人民幣	2008 二零零八年 RMB'000 千元人民幣
	Amount due from a director (note 18)	應收董事款項(附註18)	_	17
	Amount due from a related company (note 18)	應收有關連公司款項(附註18)	8,557	7,025
	Amount due to a director	應付董事款項(附註21)	0,001	,,020
	(note 21)		(1,119)	(162)
	Amount due to minority shareholder (note 21)	應付少數股東款項(附註21)	_	(152)
	Amount due to ultimate holding company (note 21)	應付最終控股公司款項 (附註21)	(11,607)	(21,285)
			(11,007)	(21,203)
ł	Key management personnel remune	主要管理人員之	薪酬	
á	Remuneration for key management p amounts paid to the Company's director 3 and certain of the highest paid emplored	所載已付本公司 註9所載已付若	:薪酬(包括附註]董事之款項及附 F最高薪僱員之款	
r	note 9, is as follows:		項)如下:	
			2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年
			RMB'000	RMB' 000
_			千元人民幣	千元人民幣
0	Salaries and other short-term	薪金及其他短期僱員福利		
	employee benefits		3,478	4,432
F	Retirement scheme contributions	退休計劃供款	16	8
				4,440

6(b)) 。

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28. COMMITMENTS

as follows:

28.承擔

- (a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2009 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:
- (a) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日仍 然有效而並未於財務報告撥備之 資本承擔如下:

		The Group 本集團	
		2009	2008
		二零零九年	二零零八年
		RMB'000	RMB' 000
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Contracted for	已訂約		
 Acquisition of property, 	一收購物業、機器及設備		
plant and equipment		3,722	-

The Company did not have any significant capital commitments at both the end of the reporting period.

payments under non-cancellable operating leases are payable

(b) At 31 December 2009, the total future minimum lease

於兩年之報告期末,本公司並無 任何重大資本承擔。

(b) 於二零零九年十二月三十一日, 根據不可撤銷經營租約之日後最 低租賃付款總額如下:

			The Group 本集團	
		2009	2008	
		二零零九年	二零零八年	
		RMB'000	RMB' 000	
		千元人民幣	千元人民幣	
Within 1 year	一年內	602	1,376	
After 1 year but within 5 years	一年後但五年內	99	630	
		701	2,006	

The Group leases a number of properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years. None of the leases includes contingent rentals. 本集團根據經營租約租用多項 物業。租約一般初步為期一至三 年。概無租約包含或然租金。

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29. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

29. 資產抵押

At 31 December 2009, the following assets of the Group and of the Company are pledged to banks for the banking facilities and loans granted to the Group and the Company: 於二零零九年十二月三十一日,以下 本集團及本公司之資產已就本集團及 本公司獲授之銀行信貸及貸款而抵押 予銀行:

			The Group 本集團		The Company 本公司	
			2009	2008	2009	2008
			二零零九年	二零零八年	二零零九年	二零零八年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣	千元人民幣
Building and factory premises	樓宇及廠房	14(g)	-	24,376	-	~-(-)
Construction in progress	在建工程	14(g)	-	7,656	-	/=
Plant and machinery	機器及設備	14(g)	-	34,816	-) <u> </u>
Investment property	投資物業	14(g)	157,745	153,976	-	(-)
Prepaid lease payments	預付租賃款項	14(g)	-	8,194	-)(
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	19	5,404	5,578	5,404	4,120
			163,149	234,596	5,404	4,120

30. FINANCIAL GUARANTEE

During the current and prior years, the Company has given corporate guarantees to certain banks in connection with banking facilities of RMB92,180,000 (2008: RMB244,356,000) granted by the banks to the subsidiaries. At 31 December 2009, such facilities were drawn down by the subsidiaries to the extent of RMB47,798,000 (2008: RMB172,874,000).

The maximum liability of the Company under the guarantees issued represents the amount drawn down by the subsidiary of RMB47,798,000 (2008: RMB172,874,000). No recognition was made because the fair value of the guarantees was insignificant and that the directors did not consider it probable that a claim would be made against the Company under the guarantees.

30. 財務擔保

於本年度及上年度,本公司就附屬公 司獲授銀行信貸而向若干銀行提供 92,180,000元人民幣(二零零八年: 244,356,000元人民幣)之公司擔保。 於二零零九年十二月三十一日,該等 附屬公司已提取當中的47,798,000元人 民幣(二零零八年:172,874,000元人民 幣)信貸。

本公司就其出具之擔保而承擔之最 高責任,乃指該附屬公司所提取之金 額47,798,000元人民幣(二零零八年 172,874,000元人民幣)。由於擔保之 公平值並非重要,而董事認為本公司因 為該擔保而被提出申索之機會不高, 因此並無將其確認。

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31. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Pursuant to the relevant labour rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement schemes governed by the relevant local government authorities in which they operate. The Company's subsidiary in the PRC is required to make monthly contributions to the retirement schemes up to the time of retirement of the eligible employees, at a rate of 12% of the local standard basic salaries. The local government authorities are responsible for the pension liabilities to these retired employees.

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000. Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

As of 31 December 2009, the Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with those schemes beyond the annual contributions described above.

31. 僱員退休福利

根據國內之相關勞動法規,本集團均 參與有關地方政府機關所監管之定額 供款退休計劃。本公司於中國之附屬 公司於合資格僱員退休前每月須向退 休計劃供款,供款額為當地標準基本 薪金12%。地方政府機關須負責支付 該等退休僱員之退休金。

根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例,本 集團亦為根據香港僱傭條例僱用之僱 員設立強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。強積金計劃為由獨立信託人管 理之定額供款退休計劃。根據強積金 計劃,僱主及其僱員均須按僱員相關 收入之5%向計劃供款,供款額以每月 相關收入20,000港元為上限。向計劃 作出之供款即時歸屬。

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,除上 述年度供款外,本集團並無有關支付 與該等計劃有關之退休金福利之其他 重大責任。

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32. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group have the following significant events after the end of the reporting period that need to be disclosed:

On 26 November 2009, the Company entered into a sale (a) and purchase agreement with various vendors which are third parties independent of the Company and of the Group. Pursuant to the agreement, the vendors have conditionally agreed to sell and the Company has conditionally agreed to purchase 1,000 shares of Maxipetrol Hong Kong Limited ("Maxipetrol HK"), representing the entire issued share capital of Maxipetrol HK, at an aggregate consideration of HK\$1,264,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,112,699,000), which will be satisfied by the Group at completion (i) as to HK\$400,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB352,120,000) by the issue of 3-year promissory notes; (ii) as to HK\$600,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB528,180,000) by the issue of 5-year convertible notes, bearing interest at a rate of 1% per annum; and (iii) as to HK\$264,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB232,399,000) by the issue of 8-year convertible notes, bearing interest at a rate of 2% per annum. Maxipetrol HK will be principally engaged in petroleum production in Argentina. On the same date, the board of directors also proposed to increase the Company's authorised share capital from HK\$200,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB195,662,000) divided into 2,000,000,000 ordinary shares to HK\$300,000,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB283,692,000) divided into 3,000,000,000 ordinary shares by the creation of an additional 1,000,000,000 unissued ordinary shares.

The acquisition constituted, under the Listing Rules, a very substantial acquisition of the Company, the details of which were set out in the announcement issued by the Company on 8 December 2009. The acquisition has not completed up to 23 April 2010.

32. 報告期後事項

除財務報告另有披露者外,本集團之 以下重大報告期末後事項須予披露:

(a) 二零零九年十一月二十六日,本 公司與多名不同賣方訂立買賣協 議,有關賣方為獨立於本公司及 本集團之第三方。根據協議,賣 方有條件地同意出售而本公司有 條件地同意購入Maxipetrol Hong Kong Limited([Maxipetrol HK]) 之1,000股股份(即Maxipetrol HK 全部已發行股本),總代價為 1,264,000,000港元(相當於約 1,112,699,000元人民幣),將 由本集團於完成以下列方式支 付:(i)其中400,000,000港元(相 當於約352,120,000元人民幣)以 發行3年期承兑票據方式支付; (ii) 600,000,000港元(相當於約 528,180,000元人民幣)以發行5 年期可換股票據(按年率1%計 息)方式支付;及(iii) 264,000,000 港元(相當於約232,399,000元 人民幣)以發行8年期可換股票 據(按年率2%計息)方式支付。 Maxipetrol HK將主要於阿根廷 從事石油生產。同日,董事會 又建議通過增設1,000,000,000 股未發行普通股,將本公司法 定股本由200,000,000港元(相 當於約195,662,000元人民幣) (分為2,000,000,000股普通股) 增至300,000,000港元(相當於 約283,692,000元人民幣) (分為 3,000,000,000股普通股)。

> 根據上市規則,收購構成本公司 之非常重大收購事項,詳情載於 本公司日期為二零零九年十二月 八日之公佈。該收購直至二零一 零年四月二十三日尚未完成。

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32. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (Continued)

(b) On 21 January 2010, Guangzhou Mayer entered into a sale and purchase agreement with purchaser which is Taiwan Mayer. Pursuant to the agreement, Guangzhou Mayer has agreed to sell and the purchaser has agreed to purchase 1,750,000 shares of Vietnam Mayer, representing 50% of the issued share capital of Vietnam Mayer and the Group's all effective interest in Vietnam Mayer, at an aggregate consideration of USD2,100,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB14,336,700), which will be satisfied in cash.

The disposal constituted, under the Listing Rules, a discloseable and connected transaction of the Company, the details of which were set out in the circular issued by the Company on 11 February 2010. The disposal had been approved in the extraordinary general meeting of the independent shareholders held on 25 March 2010. The disposal has not completed up to 23 April 2010 due to the processing of relevant transfer and registration procedures by the Group.

33. PARENT AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

At 31 December 2009, the directors consider the parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Mayer Steel Pipe Corporation, which was incorporated in the Republic of China and does not produce financial statements available for public use.

34. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

As a result of the application of HKAS 1 (Revised 2007), Presentation of Financial Statements, and HKFRS 8, Operating Segments, certain comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to current year's presentation and to provide comparative amounts in respect of items disclosed for the first time in 2009. Further details of these developments are disclosed in note 3.

32. 報告期後事項(續)

(b) 於二零一零年一月二十一日,廣 州美亞於買房臺灣美亞達成買 賣協議。據此協議,廣州美亞同 意出售及買方同意購買越南美 亞之1,750,000股股份(為越南美 亞之50%已發行股本及本集團於 越南美亞之所有實際權益),總 代價為2,100,000美元相當於約 14,336,700元人民幣),以現金方 式結清。

> 根據上市規則,此出售事項構成 本公司之須予披露及關聯交易, 詳情載列於本公司於二零一零年 二月十一日發行之通函。此出售 事項已於二零一零年三月二十五 日之股東特別大會獲獨立股東批 準此出售事項直至二零一零年四 月二十三日尚未完成,因本集團 正辦理相關轉讓及註冊手續。

33. 母公司及最終控股公司

於二零零九年十二月三十一日,董事 認為本集團之母公司及最終控股人士 為美亞鋼管廠股份有限公司,其為中 華民國註冊成立之公司,其並無編製 財務報告供公眾使用。

34. 比較數字

由於應用香港會計準則第1號(二零零 七年修訂)《財務報告之呈報》及香港財 務報告準則第8號《業務分部》,若干比 較數字已調整以符合本年度之呈報方 式,並提供二零零九年首次披露項目 之比較金額。該等準則之其他詳情於 附註3披露。

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35. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies which are described in note 2, management has made certain key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimated uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as discussed below:

(i) Fair values of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, available-forsale financial assets) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period. The use of methodologies, models and assumptions in pricing and valuing these financial assets and liabilities is subjective and requires varying degrees of judgement by management, which may result in significantly different fair values and results. All significant financial valuation models are strictly controlled and regularly recalibrated and vetted.

(ii) Useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment

Useful lives of the Group's property, plant and equipment are defined as the period over which they are expected to be available for use by the Group. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment or similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, and it will derecognise or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives; and actual residual values may differ from estimated residual values. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and residue lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

35. 會計估計及判斷

(a) 估計不確定性之主要來源

在應用附註2所載本集團會計政策 之過程中,管理層作出了若干有 關未來的主要假設及於報告期末 帶來估計不明朗因素的其他主要 因素,而很可能導致下個財政年 度內的資產及負債帳面值須作出 重大調整之假設及因素於下文討 論:

(i) 金融工具之公平值

(ii) 物業、機器及設備之可使用 年期及餘值

本集團物業、機器及設備之 可使用年期被定義為本集團 預期可使用之整個期間。該 估計乃根據性質及功能相似 的物業、機器及設備實際使 用年期的過往經驗而作出。 倘可使用年期較之前的估計 年期為短,則管理層會提高 折舊開支,以及將已報廢或 出售的技術過時或非策略資 產取消確認或撇減。實際經 營年期或會有別於估計可使 用年期;而實際餘值或會有 別於估計餘值。定期檢討可 能導致可折舊年限及剩餘價 值出現變動,因而引致在未 來期間之折舊開支有所分別。

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35. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and land lease prepayments

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset, which requires significant judgement relating to level of revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of revenue and operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying amount of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or reversal of impairment in future periods.

(iv) Impairment of receivables

The Group maintains impairment allowance for doubtful accounts based upon evaluation of the recoverability of the trade receivables and other receivables, where applicable, at the end of each reporting period. The estimates are based on the ageing of the trade receivables and other receivables balances, the credit worthiness and the past collection history of each individual customer, and the historical write-off experience, net of recoveries. If the financial condition of the debtors were to deteriorate, additional impairment allowance may be required.

35. 會計估計及判斷(續)

- (a) 估計不確定性之主要來源(續)
 - (iii) 物業、機器及設備以及土地 預付租賃款項之減值

資產之可收回金額為其公平 值減銷售成本與其使用價值 兩者中之較高者。在評估使 用價值時,預計未來現金流 量會按照能反映當時市場對 貨幣時間值和資產特定風險 評估之税前貼現率貼現至其 現值。本集團在釐定此税前 貼現率時,需對收入水平及 經營成本之金額作出重大的 判斷。本集團會運用一切現 有資料來確定可收回金額之 合理約數,包括按照合理並 有依據之假設,以及對收益 及經營成本所作預測得出之 估計數額。如果有關估計數 額出現變動,便可能嚴重影 響資產之帳面值,還可能引 致額外的減值支出或須在未 來期間將減值撥回。

(iv) 應收款項之減值

本集團在每個報告期末對貿 易應收帳款及其他應收款項 (倘適用)是否可以收回作出 評估,以計算呆壞帳減值撥 備。有關的估計數字是以貿 易應收帳款及其他應收款項 結餘之帳齡、各獨立客戶之 信譽及以往付款記錄,以及 過往的撇帳經驗(已扣除收 回數額)為準。如果債務人 之財政狀況惡化,便可能需 要計提額外減值撥備。

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35. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(a) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(v) Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling and distribution costs. These estimates are based on the current market condition and the historical experience of selling products of similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of competitor actions in response to severe industry cycles. Management will reassess the estimations at the end of the reporting period.

(vi) Income taxes

Determining income tax provisions involves judgement on the future tax treatment of certain transactions. The management carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions and tax provisions are set up accordingly. The tax treatment of these transactions is reconsidered periodically to take into account all changes in tax legislations. Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences. As those deferred tax assets can only be recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised, management's judgement is required to assess the probability of future taxable profits. Management's assessment is constantly reviewed and additional deferred tax assets are recognised if it becomes probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities have not been recognised in respect of the withholding income tax that would be payable on the distribution of retained profits accumulated since 1 January 2008 of the Group's subsidiary in the PRC as the Company controls the dividend policy of this subsidiary and it has been determined that it is not probable that profits will be distributed out of this subsidiary in the foreseeable future. Any changes in dividend policy may result in the recognition of the related deferred tax liabilities.

35. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(a) 估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

(v) 存貨之可變現淨值

存貨之可變現淨值乃於日常 業務過程中作出之估計售價 減估計銷售及分銷成本。此 等估計乃根據現時市況及類 似性質之出售產品之過往經 驗而作出,並會因應競爭對 手就劇烈行業週期所作行動 而有重大變化。管理層將會 於報告期末重新評估有關估 計。

(vi) 所得税

釐定所得税撥備涉及對未 來若干交易的税務處理的 判斷。管理層審慎評估交易 的税務影響,並作出相應撥 備。有關交易的税務處理會 定期重新考慮,以計入所有 税項法律變動。遞延税項資 產就可扣減臨時差額確認。 由於有關遞延税項資產僅於 未來可能有税項溢利以動用 未使用的税項抵免時方可確 認,因此管理層須作出判斷 評估未來產生應課税溢利的 可能性。管理層會對其持續 檢討其評估。倘未來應課税 溢利將讓遞延税項資產可收 回,會確認額外遞延税項資 產。

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35. ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (Continued)

(b) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In determining the carrying amounts of some assets and liabilities, the Group makes assumptions for the effects of uncertain future events on those assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period. These estimates involve assumptions about such items as cash flows and discount rates used. The Group's estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and expectations of future events and are reviewed periodically. In addition to assumptions and estimations of future events, judgements are also made during the process of applying the Group's accounting policies.

Impairment of available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are stated at cost less impairment. Judgement is required when determining whether an impairment existed. In making this judgement, historical data and factors such as industry and sector performance and financial information regarding the investee are taken into account.

35. 會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 在應用本集團會計政策時所作之 重大會計判斷

> 在釐定部分資產及負債之帳面值 時,本集團就不確定的未來事件 對報告期末資產及負債之影響作 出假設。有關估計涉及對現金流 量及所用貼現率之假設。本集團 根據經驗及對未來事件之預計作 出估計及假設,並定期檢討。除 對未來事件之假設及估計外,本 集團在應用會計政策時亦作出判 斷。

可供出售金融資產之減值

可供出售金融資產按成本值扣除 減值列帳。於釐定是否存在資產 減值時需要作出判斷,作出判斷 時會考慮以往的數據和因素,譬 如行業及界別表現以及承資公司 的財務資料。

財務報告附註

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36. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued the following amendments, new standards and interpretations which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2009.

The Group has not early applied any of the following new and revised Standards, Amendments or Interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective.

HKFRSs (Amendments)	Amendment to HKFRS 5 as part of Improvements to HKFRSs 2008 ¹
HKFRSs (Amendments)	Improvements to HKFRSs 2009 ²
HKAS 24 (Revised)	Related Party Disclosures ⁶
HKAS 27 (Revised)	Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements ¹
HKAS 32 (Amendment)	Classification of Rights Issues ⁴
HKAS 39 (Amendment)	Eligible Hedged Items ¹
HKFRS 1 (Amendment)	Additional Exemptions for First-time Adopters ³
HKFRS 2 (Amendment)	Group Cash-settled Share-based Payment Transactions ³
HKFRS 3 (Revised)	Business Combinations ¹
HKFRS 9 HK(IFRIC) – Int 14 (Amendment)	Financial Instruments ⁷ Prepayments of a Minimun Funding Requirement ⁶
HK(IFRIC) – Int 17	Distributions of Non-cash Assets to Owners ¹
HK(IFRIC) – Int 19	Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments ⁵
¹ Effective for annual periods be	ginning on or after 1 July 2009.

2 Amendments that are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 and 1 January 2010, as appropriate.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2010.

4 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 February 2010.

5 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010.

Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011. 6

7 Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

36. 已頒佈但未於截至二零零六 年十二月三十一日止年度生 效的財務報告準則修訂、新 準則和詮釋的可能影響

截至此等財務報告刊發日期,香港會 計師公會已頒佈以下於截至二零零九 年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效之 修訂、新訂準則及詮釋。

本集團並未提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效之任何新訂及經修訂準則、修 訂或詮釋。

香港財務報告準則	香港財務報告準則第5號之修訂,
(修訂本)	作為改進二零零八年香港財務
	報告準則之一部份1
香港財務報告準則	二零零九年香港財務報告準則之
(修訂本)	改進2
香港會計準則第24號	關連人士披露事項⁰
(經修訂)	
香港會計準則第27號	综合及獨立財務報告1
(經修訂)	
香港會計準則第32號	供股之分類4
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第39號	合資格對沖項目1
(修訂本) 手进时攻却生造则等4時	关15-1111年大学研究(1994)
香港財務報告準則第1號	首次採納者之額外豁免3
(修訂本) 香港財務報告準則第2號	集團以現金結算以股份支付之
省/危财/防戦古华則第2號 (修訂本)	朱圉以况並知异以版历又刊之 交易3
香港財務報告準則第3號	文勿 業務合併 ¹
(經修訂)	*/// ப //
香港財務報告準則第9號	金融工具7
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	最低資本規定之預付款項6
委員會)	
(修訂本)	
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	向擁有人分派非現金資產1
委員會)詮釋第17號	
香港(國際財務報告詮釋	以股本工具抵銷財務負債5
委員會) 一詮釋第19號	
 於二零零九年 度期間生效。 	七月一日或之後開始之年
² 於二零零九年	七月一日及二零一零年一 引)或之後開始之年度期間
月一日(如適用 生效。	1)或之後開始之年度期間
3 於二零一零年	一月一日或之後開始之年
	二月一日或之後開始之年
度期間生效。	七月一日或之後開始之年
度期間牛效。	
6 於一零——年	一月一日或之後開始之年
	一月一日或之後開始之年
度期間生效。	

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36. POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2009 (Continued)

The application of HKFRS 3 (Revised) may affect the accounting for business combination for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after 1 July 2009. HKAS 27 (Revised) will affect the accounting treatment for changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments introduces new requirements for the classification and measurement of financial assets and will be effective from 1 January 2013, with earlier application permitted. The Standard requires all recognised financial assets that are within the scope of HKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement to be measured at either amortised cost or fair value. Specifically, debt investments that (i) are held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cash flows and (ii) have contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding are generally measured at amortised cost. All other debt investments and equity investments are measured at fair value. In addition, under HKFRS 9, changes in fair value of equity investments are generally recognised in other comprehensive income, with only dividend income recognised in profit or loss. The application of HKFRS 9 might affect the classification and measurement of the Group's financial assets.

In addition, as part of Improvements to HKFRSs issued in 2009, HKAS 17 Leases has been amended in relation to the classification of leasehold land. The amendments will be effective from 1 January 2010, with earlier application permitted. Before the amendments to HKAS 17, lessees were required to classify leasehold land as operating leases and presented as prepaid lease payments in the consolidated statement of financial position. The amendments have removed such a requirement. Instead, the amendments require the classification of leasehold land to be based on the general principles set out in HKAS 17, that are based on the extent to which risks and rewards incidental to ownership of a leased asset lie with the lessor or the lessee. The application of the amendments to HKAS 17 might affect the classification and measurement of the Group's leasehold land at revalued amount.

The directors of the Company anticipate that the application of the other new and revised Standards, Amendments or Interpretations will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

36.已頒佈但未於截至二零零六 年十二月三十一日止年度生 效的財務報告準則修訂、新 準則和詮釋的可能影響(續)

應用香港財務報告準則第3號(經修訂) 可能會影響其收購日期為二零零九年七 月一日或之後開始之首個年度報告期 間開始當日或之後之業務合併之會計 處理。香港會計準則第27號(經修訂) 將會影響有關母公司於附屬公司所擁 有權益之變動之會計處理。

香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具 | 引 入對金融資產之分類及計量之新規定, 並將於二零一三年一月一日起生效, 並可提早應用。該準則規定所有符合 香港會計準則第39號「金融工具:確認 及計量」範疇之已確認金融資產將按攤 銷成本或公平值計量。特別是,(i)根據 業務模式以收取合約現金流量為目的 所持有;(ii)僅為支付本金額及未償還 本金額之利息而產生合約現金流量之 債務投資一般按攤銷成本計量。所有 其他債務投資及股本投資乃按公平值 計量。此外,根據香港財務報告準則 第9號,權益工具的公平值變動通常於 其他全面收益確認,僅股息收入於損 益確認。應用香港財務報告準則第9號 可能對本集團金融資產之分類及計量 造成影響。

此外,作為二零零九年發布的《改善香 港財務報告準則》的一部分,對香港會 計準則第17號 [相 賃 | 有 關 十 地 相 賃 的 分類要求作出了修訂。該修訂於二零 一零年一月一日生效(可提前應用)。 香港會計準則第17號修訂前,承租人 須將土地租賃歸類為經營租賃,在綜 合財務狀況表內列為預付租賃款。修 訂已經刪除有關要求。修訂後,土地 的租賃將按照香港會計準則第17號的 一般原則被歸類,即根據與租賃資產 所有權相關的風險和報酬歸於出租人 或承租人的程度釐定。應用對香港會 計準則第17號的修訂可能影響到本集 團按重估額計算的土地租賃的分類和 計量。

本公司董事預期,應用其餘新增及經 修訂的準則、修訂或詮釋將不會對綜 合財務報告產生重大影響。



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